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ABANDON HOPE FOR ENTOMBED

Fourteen Miners Are Taken Out Alive Today

SIXTEEN BODIES ARE DISCOVERED

Men Are Horribly Burned and Blackened.

Whole Interior of Mine Is Wrecked and Rescue Is Difficult—Fire Is Feared by Experts Sent Out by Government—Relatives of Entombed Miners Crowd About Mine Waiting for News.

McCurtain, Okla., March 21.—Fourteen men entombed in the San Boise mine, No. 2, following the explosion and fire of yesterday, were taken out alive shortly before noon today.

The rescued men were on the ninth level behind a barrier of tons of rock and earth. The rescuers, who had worked desperately since daylight, penetrated the barrier shortly before noon. Near the end of their work, they heard tappings behind the wall of rock. Renewing their attack, they worked in short shifts with desperate energy and in a few minutes had made their way into a part of the passage that had been screened off by one of the freaks of the explosion.

Had Given Up Hope.

The men cooped in this narrow passageway had given up hope. They were nearly exhausted when the rescuers broke in. The men were helped through the narrow opening to the shaft where they were gently lifted on the cars and taken to the shafthouse. Their relatives and friends, who had been pushed back by the mine officials earlier in the day, made a rush for the entrance. The miners were surrounded by their relatives and friends and there was a scene of confusion until the doctors ordered every one back and the men were given emergency treatment.

All Will Recover.

All of them will recover though they were partially overcome by the gas that filled the mine following the explosion.

Twenty five bodies had been removed from the mine at noon. They were blackened and charred and many of them were mutilated by the explosion. In many cases identification will be difficult.

Dead Are Deserted.

The row of bodies lying in one of the old buildings of the mine and surrounded by grief-stricken relatives of the miners anxious for some definite news of the fate of their loved ones, was deserted when the fourteen survivors were led out.

There were 116 men in the mine at the time of the explosion. In all twenty-seven men have been rescued. Those in charge of the rescue work today say that all hope of bringing out any others alive is futile. This places the number of dead at eighty-nine.

Search for Bodies.

McCurtain, Okla., March 21.—That 105 men met their death in the disaster that wrecked the San Boise mine No 2, was the belief today of Superintendent Brown, when, at daylight, a party of rescuers went into the mine in search for the bodies of the men. Government mine experts, who arrived last night, shared the superintendent's view after a hasty survey of the mine.

Only eleven of the 116 miners at work when the explosion occurred escaped. It is believed that none of the others can be alive. Forty-three are Americans. So certain were the mine officials that the men are beyond human aid that a trainload of physicians and nurses that came from Fort Smith, Arkansas, to care for the injured has been sent back and only five physicians left to render aid that might be needed. Seventy-five coffins were sent here from Fort Smith.

Sixteen Bodies Found.

The rescue party that entered the mine today expected first to bring out the charred bodies of sixteen men found in a heap near the entrance of the eighth level. The bodies were discovered late last night on the last trip made by the rescue party. The men were horribly burned and blackened, some of them were mangled as though torn by the explosion and the rescuers were horror-stricken at the sight.

At the entrance to the mine, crowded as close around as the officials and guards will permit, the relatives of the entombed men waited throughout the night. They watched silently while the rescuers entered the shaft to resume the systematic work of piercing the mine and entering the chambers where the dead are believed to lie.

Difficult Work.

Reports from the rescuers today said the work was extremely difficult. The whole interior of the mine is wrecked and their work is proceeding slowly for fear falling rocks will cut off the entrances to the various levels. Temporary props are being erected to support the roof as the rescuers work their way in.

Most of the men were at work on the ninth level. The entrance to the level is blocked by a great heap of debris sufficiently to allow the rescuers to creep back toward the chambers and passages in which it is believed the miners are imprisoned. The rescuers worked under the Fort Smith. The rescue party is made up largely of the night shift at the mine, the men who had gone off duty shortly before the explosion occurred. They are working in relays of fifty men each. Being familiar with the men, they have an advantage over the other men who are in the party.

Fire Is Feared.

Fear that fire may cause the suspension of rescue work was expressed today. Fire broke out shortly after the explosion, but the smoke ceased pouring out of the shaft after a time. Whether the flames are working in the closed levels back of the heap of rocks and earth that blocked the entrance of the rescuers had not been determined today.

The greatest force of the explosion was in the ninth level where most of the men were at work. Those who escaped were doing special tasks on other levels. On the eighth, a badly-mangled body was found. It was near this that the rescuers expected to find the sixteen dead bodies when they entered the workings today.

It is feared that the dead miners have been horribly crushed and burned. The bodies already taken out were so charred that identification of most of them has been impossible. Only one, John Cowlas, seventeen year old, the first discovered, was recognized. He had been at work on one of the higher levels.

WOMAN WILL FACE ACCUSERS

Mrs. Grace Denies She Will Skip Country.

SAYS SHE IS STILL DEVOTED TO HUSBAND

Declares the Truth Is Bound To Come Out.

Woman Accused of Shooting Husband in Their Atlanta Home, Is in Philadelphia, Where She Goes Immediately on Being Released from Jail—Lawyer Declares He Will Produce Her When Necessary.

Philadelphia, March 21.—Mrs. Daisy Grace arrived here at 3:40 a. m. today and went to a down-town hotel. Under cover of darkness, she slipped away from the station with her attorney, J. A. Branch, who had aided in her fight to secure release from the Atlanta jail on bail, and insetad of proceeding to the home of her mother, she took refuge in a hotel. Mrs. Grace and Branch were located later and were shown dispatches from Atlanta to the effect that the prosecution feared that Mrs. Grace would leave the country and not face trial.

Mrs. Grace entered an indignant denial.

"I shall return to Atlanta to face my accusers as soon as I can straighten out my affairs here," she declared. "I am innocent of the charge of shooting Grace and absolutely have no fear of the outcome. I have absolutely no idea of leaving the country or of attempting to evade trial in any way."

"Mrs Grace left Atlanta without any attempt at concealment," said Mr Branch, "and is here on a business mission."

"On Tuesday in Atlanta," Mr. Branch said, "I took up with Justice Ridley, before whom the warrant was sworn out, the question of assessing bail on bond. Mrs. Grace had been in the Atlanta jail ten days without bail, and the crime for which the warrant against her was issued—the warrant charged her with intent to murder—is a bailable offense. This I insisted on before Justice Ridley.

"In the face of the opposition of Mr. Hill, one of the prosecuting attorneys in the case, Justice Riley Ridley fixed at $7,500, and four hours later, about 11 p. m., Mrs. Grace was on her way here to attend to pressing business affairs.

"I promised that Mrs Grace in event of her husband's death would immediately surrender herself to the authorities and I stand by that promise."

Mrs. Grace said: "I tell you the truth is going to come out. Should my husband be dying he will tell the truth. I am still devoted to him. If he has said the things attributed to him he is being prejudiced by his family, but I don't believe he did say them, nor do I believe he is dying."

SNOW COMES WITH SPRING

And a Cold Wave Is Closely Following.

A BLIZZARD RAGES THROUGHOUT WEST

The Storm Will Reach Ohio Tomorrow.

Telegraph and Telephone Wires Are Generally Prostrated and Railroad Traffic Is Demoralized in Number of Places—East Reported in Grip of Sleet Storm, Snow and Rain Freezing, Coating Everything.

Chicago, March 21.—The spring blizzard that yesterday swept the Middle West has swept eastward today. In its wake is a path of snow and sleet with cold weather and another storm threatened. Railroads throughout the West are delayed, wires are down and heavy damage is reported from sleet and wind.

In St. Louis, the weather is cold and cloudy. In Chicago, the sharp wind that blew during yesterday's storm has died down and the snow has ceased falling except in fitful flurries. Sleet topped off the snow just before the storm stopped and the streets are glazed with ice. Throughout Illinois, a heavy fall of snow is reported, but the snow has ceased today. One of the heaviest snows of the season fell in Iowa, Nebraska and Minnesota.

Lines Are Crippled.

Columbus, O., March 21.—Telegraph and telephone wires were generally prostrated and railroad traffic was greatly demoralized by the severe sleet and snowstorm prevailing throughout the middle central states today.

At 8 o'clock all wires from Chicago south and west were down, while only two or three remained standing between Chicago and eastern points. Ohio cities suffered severely and for the most part were cut off from telegraphic communication with the rest of the world.

All wires into Dayton, Cincinnati and Indianapolis had failed at that hour. The storm gave no promise of relenting.

Condition in Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 21.—The first day of spring in Buffalo was marked by a snow and wind storm almost as severe as the worst blizzard of the winter. The temperature took a decided drop and reached about ten degrees above zero. Trolley traffic was badly handicapped on account of the big snow drifts in the streets.

Spring Gets Setback.

New Haven, Conn., March 21.—With the thermometer twelve degrees and more below the freezing point and a young blizzard raging, spring got a severe setback throughout Connecticut this morning. Heavy snow fell during the night and this morning turned to sleet along the coast.

Blizzard Hits Valley.

Utica, N. Y., March 21.—With a temperature of eighteen above zero, a blizzard struck the Mohawk valley last night and today continued in force. The fall of snow reached seven inches last night and in the open sections has drifted to several feet.

In Rochester.

Rochester, N. Y., March 21.—Fully eight inches of snow fell during the night and this morning, making one of the heaviest falls of the winter. Street traffic is much impeded and car service almost at a standstill.

Mercury Takes Drop.

Boston, March 21.—The first day of spring was ushered in here with two inches of snow. The mercury dropped to twenty above zero, and it was a typical midwinter day.

ARE POISONED BY EATING CORNED BEEF

City Chemist of Cleveland To Examing Cooking Utensils.

Cleveland, O., March 21.—City Chemist Taussig will go to the Correction farm at Warrensville today and examine the cooking utensils in which the food is prepared for the prisoners there, with the hope of discovering the cause of the widespread suffering among the men from ptomaine poisoning. While it is believed today that none of the prisoners would die from the effects of the poisoning, scores were confined to their cots under the direct supervision of physicians. Hash containing corned beef, hamburger steak, potatoes and onions fed to the men two days ago was believed to have caused their illness.

STANDARD TO CUT A HUGE "MELON"

Big Dividends To Be Paid Out by Indiana Corporation.

Whiting, Ind., March 21.—Announcement of the cutting of a $29,000,000 "melon" by the Standard Oil company of Indiana was made here today. A stock dividend of 290,000 shares with a par value of $100 per share has been declared. This dividend follows recent action of the company in increasing the capital stock from $1,000,000 to $30,000,000. The stock under the old capitalization has sold as high as $6,000 per share.

HOME OF OUTLAW SIDNA ALLEN AND FIGURES IN HILLSVILLE SHOOTING

The picture on the right of the group shows the palatial $20,000 home of Sidna Allen, a member of the notorious Allen gang that shot up the Hillsville, Virginia, courthouse recently and killed the judge, district attorney, sheriff, a juror and wounded several others. This "mountain hut" is situated in the fastness of the Virginia mountains, twelve miles from any town, and is believed to have been erected with money obtained through the manufacture of "moonshine" whisky. The pictures in the upper row, left to right, are: Henry Allen, a cousin of Floyd Allen, the convicted bandit who shot and killed Judge Massie; Miss Jezebel Goad, court stenographer and daughter of Clerk Dexter Goad, who was mortally wounded in the murderous raid of Allen's cohorts. Goad, the wounded court clerk, is shown in the lower right, while District Attorney Williams, of Virginia, who will probably act as prosecuting attorney at the trial of Floyd Allen, is shown on the lower left.

MAY FIGHT TO REGAIN THRONE

Manuel's Backers Plan an Invasion of Portugal.

RICH PORTUGUESE FINANCE SCHEME

Ex-Ruler Ready To Follow the Monarchists.

Portuguese Republican Government Issues Statement That Plot To Invade Country by the Ex-King's Followers Is Discovered—Million Dollars Raised in Brazil for the Invading Army.

Lisbon, March 21.—In an official statement issued today the Portuguese republican government gave notice that it had positive information that a proposed royal invasion of Portugal to return Manuel to his throne is being financed by rich Portuguese in Brazil and that they have already contributed more than $1,000,000 to Manuel's cause, according to this statement, ex-King Manuel sent the following dispatch to the Brazilian leader of the monarchists:

"Everything goes well; send remittance; urgent."

The Brazilians replied: "Million dollars on way."

The government says that army officers, who had just returned from the northern Spanish frontier, report an invasion imminent, but say that the republican troops on guard there are absolutely faithful to the republic.

Rates Suspended.

Washington, March 21.—Advances in rates on cement over the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe March 30, were suspended by the Interstate commerce commission today pending investigation until September 30.

Metal Market.

New York, March 21.—Copper—Spot to April, 14.50@14.75; May, 14.57½@14.75. Lead, 4.20@4.30.

FUGITIVES ELUDE THE DETECTIVES

The Allen Gang Still Among the Hills.

MAY SLIP CLEAR OUT OF COUNTRY

Allens Lead Posses in a Perfect Circle.

Virginians Save Themselves a Long Forced March by Tactics—Posses Fear Being Ambushed—The Wily Mountaineers, If Cornered, Will Fight to Death Rather Than Surrender to Officers.

Hillsville, Va., March 21.—Although the shooting up of the Carroll county court by the outlawed Allen gang occurred just one week ago today, the gang is still uncaptured and reports reaching here today from the latest stand of the mountaineers at Chestnut Ridge stated that the fugitives were in a position to slip away as soon as the pursuing posse got within striking distance. Chestnut Ridge is a spur in the Blue Ridge mountains, barely more than five miles from the scene of the courthouse murders. The mountaineers, aided through their intimate knowledge of the rugged country, have led the posses a chase in a circle, saving themselves a long-forced march, yet wearing out the pursuers who are forced to take roundabout courses for fear of being ambushed.

To Fight to Death.

Realizing that it is now a case of fight or unconditional surrender, the mountaineers have prepared to put off a battle until they are actually cornered. Then a bloody conflict is expected.

The number of victims may reach six before night, according to physicians, who are attending Andrew P. Hurlett, a bystander, who was wounded in the courthouse. His condition is critical.

Detective Felts and Baldwin have established a strict censorship over the messages which pass over the telephone line between Hillsville and the outside world. This is a party line, with extensions into the homes of persons friendly to the Allens and the detectives forbid the passage of messages which might betray their plans into hostile hands.

To Reach Jury Friday.

Chicago, March 21.—The packers' case will go to the jury Friday.

A QUADRUPLE SUICIDE PACT

Stirs Members of Two Noble Italian Families.

MARQUISE, COUNT AND SWEETHEARTS DEAD

Officials Are Making a Rigid Investigation.

Theory Is Formulated That the Tragedies Are Outcome of Parental Decree Forbidding the Young Nobles To Wed Women, Whom Families Believe Below Their Station—How the Four Die.

Naples, March 21.—Royal carbineers, the national police of Italy, are engaged in the investigation of a quadruple suicide pact, wide in its interest because the two male victims were both members of ancient and noble Italian families.

Marquise Salvatore Volpicelli, a member of an old Neapolitan family and his sweetheart, Fraulein Josephine Adams, a German actress, who had spent many years in America, were found dead in a room in the Hotel Rizorgimento in this city; Count Barbera, a member of a titled Padua family and his fiancee, Signorina Maria Scaretzi, were found shot to death upon the shore of Lake Garda in western Venetia.

Theory of Officers.

From the investigation as far as it has proceeded, the officials have formulated the theory that the tragedies were the outcome of a parental decree forbidding the young nobles from wedding the women, who were considered beneath their station. Though the two tragedies occurred 400 miles apart, both the noblemen were close friends. In the first tragedy, Fraulein Adams had shot her lover to death. In the second, Count Barbera killed his sweetheart and then took his own life. It is learned that the two nobles were madly infatuated with the women and had vowed to take their lives if forbidden to marry.

Views of Friends.

Friends of the couple declare that the families of the two men had been for weeks trying to persuade them to join their regiments in Tripoli in hope that they would forget their attachments. But the men held love higher than patriotism and instead of hastening off to war, secured furloughs and remained at home to be near their sweethearts.

Both families are trying to hush up the details of the affair.

No Funds for Pension.

London, March 21.—A dispatch from Tien Tsin states that President Yuan Shi Kai has refused to pay the pension of the deposed emperor for this month on the ground that the funds are lacking.

BALFOUR AGAIN IN THE FIGHT

Opposes Minimum Wage Bill of Asquith.

PARLIAMENTARY BATTLE WAGED

Balfour Insists Measure Be Rejected.

Former Leader of the Unionists Declares Premier's Wage Bill Fails To Meet Needs of Situation Which Has Arisen from National Coal Strike—Downfall of English Cabinet Hinted—Crisis Near.

London, March 21.—The parliamentary battle of the minimum wage bill was brought to a climax today. Premier Asquith, who introduced the measure Tuesday, moved a second reading shortly after the house of commons convened, but he immediately met a storm of opposition by A. J. Balfour, former leader of the Unionists.

Mr. Balfour moved that the bill be rejected, saying it failed to meet the needs of the situation which has arisen from the national coal strike. Balfour was backed up by other Unionist members, who declared the government was making a grave mistake and that the bill was unfair to the mine owners and the people alike. It was branded a makeshift measure to tide the United Kingdom over the present labor crisis.

Interpellation of the premier followed. Upon being asked whether the miners had agreed to return to work if the bill were enacted, Mr. Asquith said no such assurance had been given.

Sees Great Peril.

In crying down the bill, Mr. Balfour, in his address to the house of commons, said the government was deceiving both itself and the people.

"Never has the country been brought face to face with a peril of such magnitude," said Balfour. "This bill is a futile measure and holds out no prospects for a settlement of the mine strike. Not only are we dissatisfied, but the leaders of one of the parties to the dispute in question are by no means satisfied with the proposal in the measure.

Fight On in Earnest.

London, March 21.—The fight to amend the minimum wage bill as the government's instrument for terminating the national coal strike so as to make it conform more closely with the demands of British miners and operators, began in earnest today.

Members of the executive committee of the Federated Miners' union conferred with labor members of parliament during the morning and drew up amendments providing for a fixed minimum wage of $1.25 per day for adult underground workers and fifty cents a day for boys.

The operators also decided upon the amendments which they desire attached to the bill to insure a maximum output for the minimum wage.

Cabinet May Fall.

The coal situation has become fraught with political possibilities and in many quarters the belief is openly expressed that the downfall of the cabinet will be the outcome of the government's intervention in the strike. The prophesy is made that a general election will soon follow. At a cabinet council the government leaders agreed to stand by their guns and preparations were made to resist the attacks upon the bill from the Unionists.

The crisis has had the effect of bringing A. J. Balfour, former leader of the opposition in commons, to the front again as a factor. Mr. Balfour assumed leadership of the element most bitterly opposing passage of the measure.

CONTINUE ATTACKS FROM THE CLOUDS

Italians Determined To Win War by Aid of Balloons.

Tripoli, March 21.—Two Italian dirigible balloons, trailing huge volumes of black smoke from exploding bombs in their wake, made another aerial sortie upon the Turco-Arab camp on the oasis of Zanzur today. One of the exploding grenades struck a hospital, killing three wounded soldiers and wounding a baby. Thirty bombs in all were hurled upon the camp.

This attack followed two sorties made yesterday when bombs were dropped upon a native village, killing four non-combatants and wounding ten others.

On the second trip, the balloons were met by a heavy rifle fire which caused them to swerve off in the direction of this city. The Italians are now making daily attacks from the sky and evidently intend to win the war.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

MAINE'S FINAL RESTING PLACE

Remains Lowered into Gulf of Mexico

AS GUNS BOOM A LAST REQUIEM

Rusty Decks Are Strewn with Roses

Her Shattered Sides Draped with Black and Stars and Stripes Flying from Her Masthead All That Is Left of Ill Fated Battleship Maine Lies in Sixty Fathoms of Water—Sea Burial Details

asana M... the ... ana wrecked ... the ... Maine was ... ... United States ... ... that ... deck strewn with thousands of American Beauty roses ... draped with black and ... stars and stripes flying from her masthead sank to her final resting place ... in the gulf of Mexico ... the Cuban coast. She ... sixty fathoms of water—a depth ... of more than ... feet.

The sea burial ... was the ... climax of a day devoted ... mourning in which ... The ceremonies began ... when ... guard ... street ... Business was suspended and nearly ... United States ... Cuban flag at half mast.

At 9 o'clock a solemn requiem high mass was celebrated for the ... sixty five dead sailors by the Rev. Father John P. Chadwick former chaplain of the Maine in the city hall. Father Chadwick was chaplain on board the battleship when she was blown up in the Havana harbor in 1898 but escaped with his life.

Bodies Lie in State

The bodies of the sailors lay in state all night in the municipal council chamber where the guard of honor was changed every five minutes. After the requiem high mass the bodies ... thirty four caskets were carried on board the armored cruiser North Carolina which with the cruiser Birmingham convoyed the Maine to her final resting place.

The bones of the many unidentified will be interred in Arlington national cemetery at Washington March 23.

The funeral cortege through the principal streets from the municipal building to Caballeria wharf where they were transferred to the North Carolina was an imposing procession.

The caskets were borne on gun carriages drawn by six Cuban sailors. Following them came President Gomez of Cuba his cabinet United States Minister Beaupre and the diplomatic corps judges of the Cuban supreme court scores of officers of state in the government and Spanish war veterans.

Imposing Scenes

There were further imposing scenes at Caballeria wharf where the bodies were transferred by the city of Havana represented by Major Cardenas of the Cuban army to the United States represented by *General Bixby*.

Just before the caskets were carried on board the North Carolina Father Chadwick delivered a funeral oration while all stood with bared heads. While the burial service was *going forward naval tugs were get*ting the hulk of the Maine under headway. As Father Chadwick concluded his remarks the cofferdam in which the remains of the battleship remained was raised and the flotilla steamed to sea through Florida straits. The naval cortege in addition to the Maine and its convoy of United States ships consisted of Cuban warships revenue cutters and ... launches all dressed in flags at half mast. The procession was ... ... and ... slowly.

Taps Are Sounded

... ed the ... colors ... were ... the ... H. B. ... the ... ... steadily ... ... dam ...

As the Maine ... ... the warships boomed ... a death salute and taps was sounded.

In less than half an hour the ... ing remains of the ill starred warship whose destruction had brought two nations to war and the place ... waters of the gulf rose and fell unruffled above the spot where she lay.

The fleet of attending warships then parted the American boats ... going north the Cuban south.

Breaks into History

The United States battleship Maine first became prominent in the history of this country on the morning of January ... when she appeared ... the entrance of Havana harbor beneath the fortress ... fired salute to the Spanish flag and steamed up the harbor to her berth off the Machina wharf on a visit of courtesy that astounded the whole world not only by its suddenness but because of the existing circumstances which up to that time had caused diplomats the world over to term such a visit impossible.

The friendly relations between the United States and Spain had been strained for a long time as a result of the feeling that had been aroused in this country by reports from Cuba regarding the atrocious treatment the natives were receiving at the hand of the Spanish government.

The fact that nothing but the strictest formalities were exchanged between the Spanish officials and the officers of the Maine and that no men were allowed to land although the visit was prolonged from days to weeks caused the whole world to hold its breath and await developments.

Suspense Is Broken

The suspense was broken on the night of February 15, 1898 when the ill fated vessel was blown up by a submarine mine and the ... officers and seamen were sent to watery graves at the bottom of Havana harbor with their ship.

The upheaval of public sentiment that followed the news of the ... terrible disaster resulted in the war with Spain which brought about the end of the Spanish regime in Cuba. Most of the bodies were recovered from the ... wreck ... and were buried in Arlington cemetery near Washington with highest military honors.

Following the war ... was made to ... the vessel ... the bodies of ... ... the old warship ... ... to raise ... ... unfortunate ... ... the ...

Sulzer Starts It

In ... Congressman ... Sulzer ... New York ... ... raise the Maine ... ... in favor ... the bill ... such proportions that ... came of vast importance ... and letters ... thousands poured ... from all parts of the country ... constituents wanted ... why ... Maine was not raised why ... seventy four men who gave their lives were snuffed out in the service of ... government did not receive decent burial? Congressional seats that had been secure for years began to wobble and the uneasy ... began to cast about ... remedy to appease the uncomfortable situation of their voters.

Representative Sulzer applied the remedy in the early part of May ... by ... introducing his bill for the raising of the Maine. The bill that had been considered as a joke and ... ... long.

A Surprise Comes

The sudden change of front of the congressmen and the speed with which the bill was passed and signed fairly took Sulzer's breath away. An appropriation of $100,000 ... found to be too small for the project and was promptly raised to $ ... 000. Little or no time was lost before a board of army engineers were appointed to consider plans for the most adequate method of raising and removing the battered hulk.

A plan was finally adopted that brought forth volumes of criticism from ... eminent engineers of the world who predicted that an attempt to raise the Maine by the chosen method would result in a dismal failure and the useless expenditure of *hundreds of thousands of dollars*. The first step in carrying out the project was taken on September ... 1910 when a staff of engineers under Captain Harley F. Ferguson who has been in charge of the work ever since made soundings around the vessel.

A massive water tight wall was built around the wreck. This wall ... consisted of a ... series of cylinders ... ... feet in diameter which were formed by driving down to firm bottom circular cylinders composed of interlocking steel ... each cylinder being built by ... the piling piece by piece until the cylinder was complete.

The Next Step

After this work was finished the cylinders were filled with clay and material dredged from the harbor. The next step in the work was to exhaust the Maine by pumping the water out of the cofferdam.

The original appropriation was exhausted by this time and ... ... to insure the continuance of the work. When the wreck was finally laid bare the engineers found that the Maine had been cut almost in two by the explosion. The after portion of the wreck remained practically intact but a great gap of about twenty feet showed forward. Beyond the gap ... of ... twisted steel and other wreckage lay the bow which was blown entirely out of position swung around to starboard and broken off from the main structure.

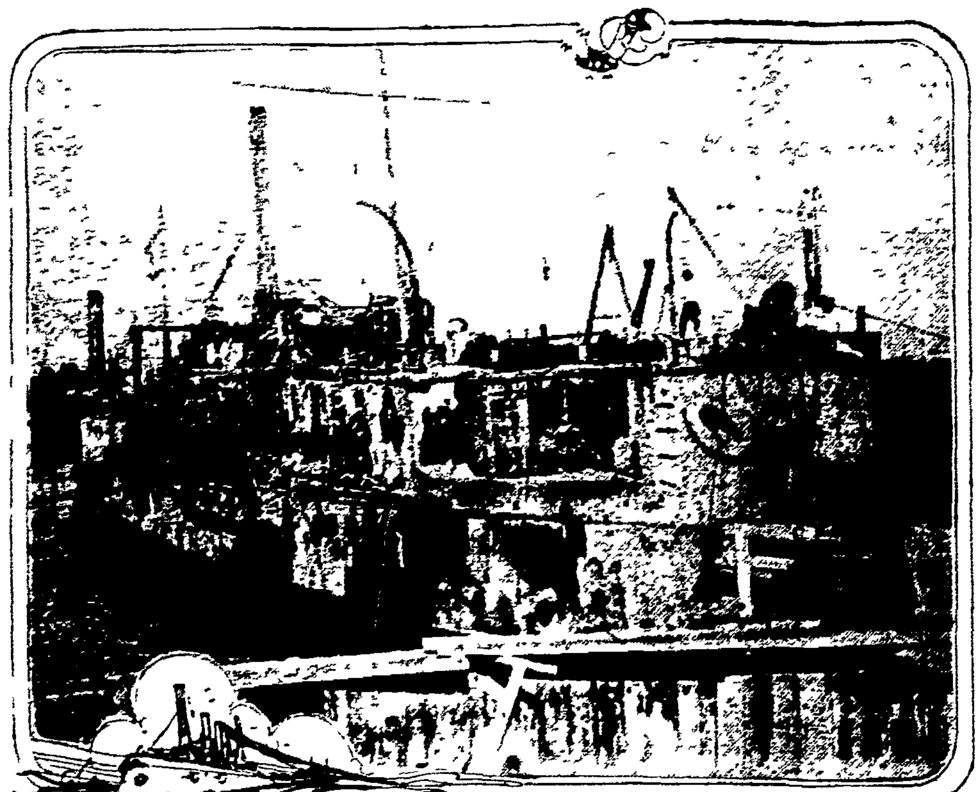
After the masts and all the loose wreckage had been cleared away the engineers began the work of putting the vessel in shape for refloating. The shattered mid section was furnished with a bulkhead and all other leaks were either calked up or repaired with new plate.

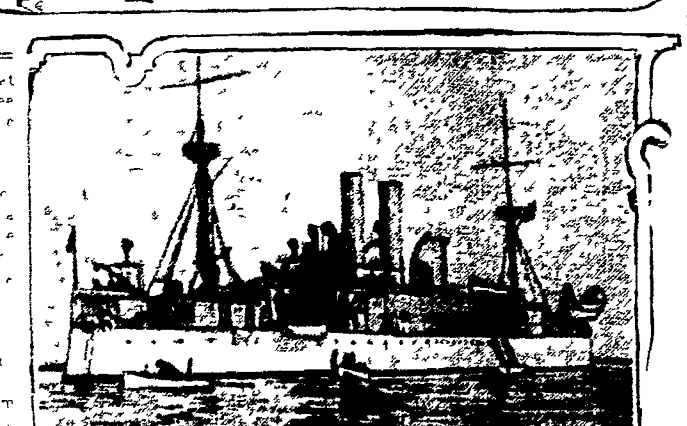
More Money Used

This work was not completed however until ... ... the shape of another appropriation had been received from Congress.

With the beginning of the present year everything was in readiness for the refloating of the historic vessel. After the cofferdam had been cleared of all the material used in ... ... on the work a system of pumps were put ... ... and the waters of the harbor gradually crept up the ... of the ship which was finally ... on the night of February ... within a few days of the fourteenth anniversary of the terrible ...

The cost of raising the Maine was close to $1 ... 000 or nearly ... times the amount of the original estimate.





Amid impressive naval ceremonies the hulk of the ill fated Battleship Maine which was lifted from her muddy grave in Havana harbor was ... sent to her final resting place at the bottom of the ocean. As the hulk of what was once a fine fighting craft slowly sank from sight beneath the waves ... the ships in attendance fired their guns and taps were sounded. The upper photo is the hulk of the Maine as she looked when lifted from Havana harbor and below the Maine before the explosion.

THE HULK OF THE ILL FATED BATTLESHIP MAINE, IS COMMITTED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE ATLANTIC OCEAN

A POPULAR VERDICT

Based on Evidence of Marion People

Grateful thousands tell it.

How weak backs were made strong—

Weak kidneys made well.

Urinary disorders corrected.

Marion people add their testimony.

They gladly praise Doan's Kidney Pills.

For quick relief and lasting cures.

Marion evidence is now complete.

Marion testimony is confirmed.

Reports of early relief substantiated.

Cures doubly proved by test of time.

Let a Marion citizen speak.

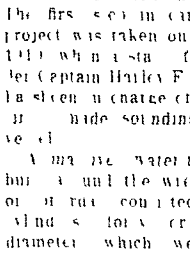
Henry Rice 211 Lincoln Ave Marion Ohio says: "Some years ago my wife gave an endorsement for Doan's Kidney Pills which was correct in every respect. I have had no occasion to use Doan's Kidney Pills for some time but should I have a recurrence of my trouble I would rely on them to cure me. They rid me of kidney complaint and consequently I endorse them in highests terms."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster Milburn Co. Buffalo New York sole agents for the United States.

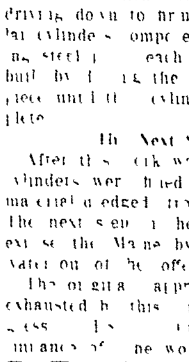
Remember the name—Doan's—*and take no other*.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.



Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can



Become Rich

by cattle raising dairying mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas as well as land held by a way and land companies will provide homes for millions.

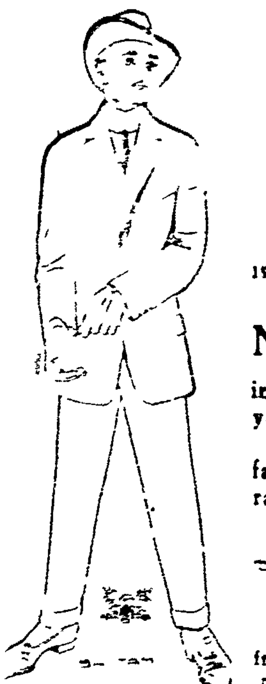
Adaptable soil healthful climate splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers rates descriptive literature "Last Best West" how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Supt of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

H M Williams

413 Gardner Building Toledo, Ohio

Use address nearest you.



THE PROBLEM

OF SELECTING & BUYING THE SPRING SUIT AND OVERCOAT

is not going to bother you men very much this spring. Not w... such a splendid stock as we are showing at your disposal

New English Raglan Slip-On Top Co...

in tan and brown homespuns - a really exclusive coat style t... you will not see elsewhere.

Chesterfield Top Coats- Gray, black, oxford and ... fabrics in a choice selection- either silk or serge lined. Pr... range from

$15.00 to $25.00

SPRING SUITS.

One of the most distinctly new things of the season is the sort... front coat. Comes in two and three button models. Elegant soft tai... in those new bronze and blue shades. They are priced

$15.00 to $25.00

Marion's Best Clothing Store.

Macken & Smit...

what they were doing and I send them to their homes in West Marion in the custody of Probation Officer Titus," said Judge Spencer after their hearing. The probation officer was directed to inform their mother that they must watch the lads and send them to Sunday-school.

BIG BUSINESS BLOCK TO BE ERECTED SOON

Hoover Rowlands Company Will Have a New Home

LONG TERM LEASE ON THE DIEBOLD PROPERTY

A Fine Modern Structure Will Be Erected—Building Will Be Equipped with All Conveniences and Will Be Lighted Splendidly *Great Improvement for City*

Another large business block is soon to be erected in Marion. The Hoover Rowland company which conducts a furniture store on North Main street has secured a ten year lease with a privilege of ten years more on the Diebold property at the northeast corner of Church and Main streets and will erect thereon a fine four story building with basement. The building will have a frontage on Main street of thirty three feet and will extend a depth of 150 feet on Church street. It will have about 25,000 square feet of floor space.

The structure will be of steel with pressed brick facing and will have hard maple floors and steel ceilings. Almost the entire front and south side will be plate glass windows which will afford an abundance of light by day and the most modern methods of electric lighting will furnish the store at night. An electric passenger elevator will be installed and the building will be equipped in every respect with all modern and up to date conveniences for business and the accommodation of patrons.

The new store will be a regular Daylight Store on account of its splendid facilities for light afforded by the glass front and side. The company expects to greatly enlarge its stock and add several new lines to its already big business. Aside from the four floors it will use the entire basement which will be fitted out as a salesroom. When completed the building will not only be one of the finest stores in the city but the company will have one of the best equipped and stocked stores in this part of the state.

The company will begin razing the old buildings on the site about April 1 and as soon as possible will begin the erection of the new block.

A marriage license has been issued to Miss Ivy Bell McCoy and Lloyd Victor Ward.

DEATH COMES AFTER PROTRACTED ILLNESS

Mrs. Joseph B. Benz Dies at Home Near Green Camp

Mrs. Joseph B. Benz died of ... at her home about one mile east of Green Camp Thursday evening at 6:30 o'clock after an illness of ... teen weeks. Mrs. Benz was born in Franklin county April 14, 1880 ... daughter of James and Elizabeth ... Snapp. She moved to this vicinity fifteen years ago and was united in marriage about eight years ago. She was a member of the Methodist church at Green Camp. Mrs. Benz is survived by her husband.

The funeral services were held at the ... church in Big Island township Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. G. W. Lazemann and ... Miller officiating. The funeral party left the late home at ... o'clock Sunday morning. Interment was made in the Salem cemetery.

TWO YOUNGSTERS IN THE PROBATE COURT

Are Arrested for Stealing and Selling a Bicycle

Two six year old boys were up before Judge W. ... Spencer ... Friday on charges of stealing a bicycle which they took from the ... bicycle ... at the plant of the Marion Steam Shovel company on a banter. The boys first took two wheels ... returned one of them and sold the other for fifty cents to a man ... name the court did not learn.

The ... little fellows did not know

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Legal Notice

Earl Cosgrove whose place of residence is unknown will take notice that on December 4, 1911 Lois E. Cosgrove his wife filed in the office of the Clerk of Courts of Marion County Ohio her certain petition in case number 132.. and against the said defendant Earl Cosgrove praying for a divorce custody of their minor child and alimony. That said divorce is asked for upon the grounds of failure to provide and adultery.

Said defendant Earl Cosgrove is required to answer said petition by March 20th 1912.

LOIS E. COSGROVE

By H. Edmund Hill her Attorney

70 s wk 6

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS

The School Examiners of Marion county, Ohio will meet for the examination of teachers at the Central ... school ... first Saturday ... April ... May ...

Examinations commence at 8:00 a. m. and no application will be received after 10 a. m. All examinations will be written and positively no private examinations will be granted. A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination and each applicant will furnish an envelope stamped and addressed to him or herself in which his certificate ... ... will be ... ... grade ... ... branch falls below ... an average of 75 with a minimum of 70 secures for one year ... with a ... and twelve months experience a certificate for two years minimum of 55 and ... experience secures a certificate for ... years ... with a ... and thirty six months experience secures a certificate for 5 ... average of 90 with a minimum ... sixty months experience ... certificate for ... years.

Success in the school ... be taken into consideration ... making the class of certificate.

P. B. Bell, Pres.
W. P. Moloney
B. W. Almending

Large Incomes ... Practical Farm...

WHEAT, 50 bushels t... acre, Oats, 60 bush... the acre. Corn, 80 ... bushels to the acre. Alfa... tons to the acre, Clover ... 10 tons to the acre are n... common yields, and ... grains grasses and see... proportion.

Fruit and grain growing, general farming, cattle raisin... dairying are all very profitable.

Northeastern Michigan lands will produce crops unsurp... by any in any part of the United States and it is the ideal so... location for apples and other fruits as well as grasses, grair... vegetables.

Schools and churches in every neighborhood, good stone road... phone and rural mail service.

It is the place to live comfortable in a good climate the year aroun... money and be within a day's ride of your old home.

We have some genuine bargains in improved and partly improved...

Send for our descriptive pamphlets and ask us any questions that may occur to you regarding this locality.

Northeastern Michigan Re... ALPENA ... MI...

FINANCIAL GROWT...

A large, strong bank does not lose dignity or con... tism when it encourages the small depositor.

The large balances of the future are having the... ginnings today in modest accumulations.

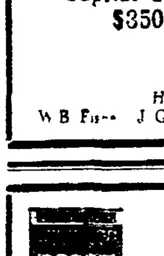
We want to place within the reach of all, the ... leges of an association with a strong helpful bank... person who has a regular income and a desire to co... it, need hesitate to become a depositor here.

The Marion County Bank Compa...

Capital and Surplus $350,000.00 | 3% Interest Paid Time Deposits.

DIRECTORS

Geo B Christian Sr. C. C. Fisher W. G. ... Henry A True W. H. Schaffner Geo D Copeland W. B. Fisher J. G. Leffler H. Ackerman



Capital and Resource $290,000 0...

Your Business Sta...

Should have the backing and advice ... strong experienced bank. This bank ha... lished a record for helping young busin... to succeed. Ask our depositors.

THE MARION NATIONAL BAN...

J. E. Waddell President ... C. N. Phillips C...

A Business Proposition

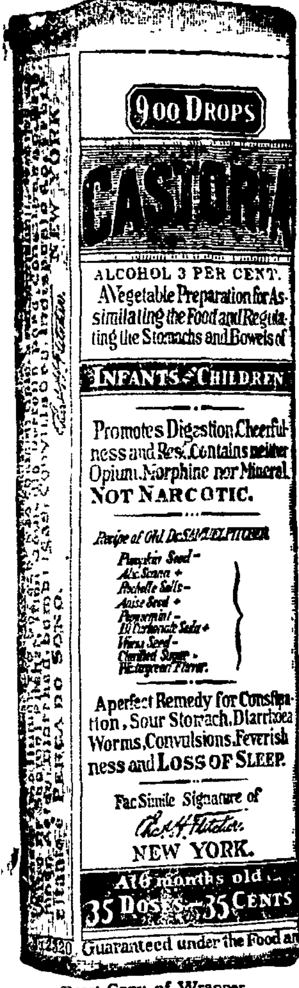
If you will deposit in this association $5.00 each we... can at the end of twenty years cease depositing, and the... draw $11.75 each week for the REMAINDER OF YOU... and still leave over $10,000.00 to your heirs. THINK IT ... TODAY IS THE TIME TO START. TOMORROW ... NEVER COME.

The Citizens Building & Loan Compa...

J. M. SCHNEIDER, Pres. ... O. G. BRIGGS

West Center St. Phone 493.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

LITTLE VICTIM OF FALL DIES LAST SATURDAY

Jesse Kraner Falls Sixteen Feet and Fractures Skull.

AN ACCIDENT ON THE GUTHERY FARM

Lad Is Teasing a Dog and Walking on a Beam When He Falls. Child Never Recovers Consciousness—An Operation Is Performed, but Proves Futile.

While teasing a dog in a barn on the William Guthery farm, eight miles southwest of the city on the Rayl-Uncapher pike, Friday afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock, fifteen-year-old Jesse Kraner fell sixteen feet from a log beam to the cement flooring and fractured his skull. He died without regaining consciousness Saturday morning at 4 o'clock.

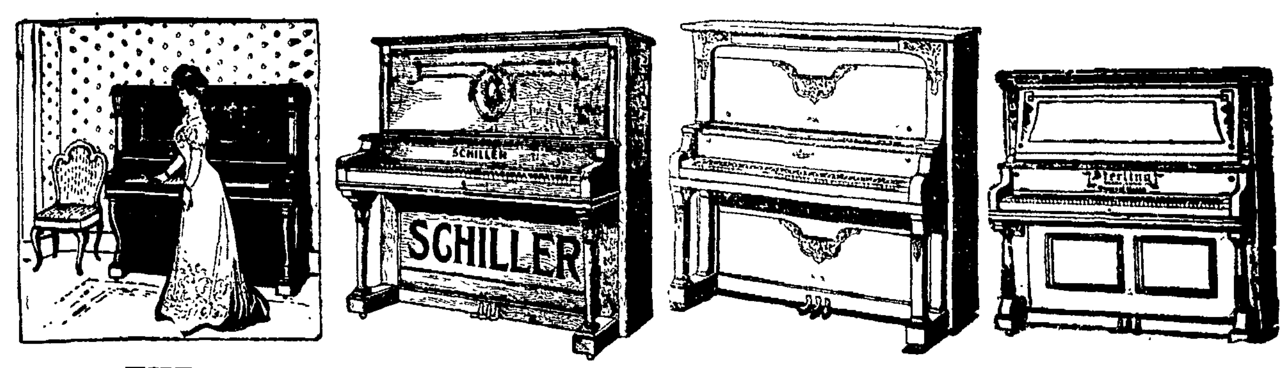
The lad is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kraner, residing a quarter of a mile west of the Guthery place, on which Frank and John Oesterly are tenants. He went to play with the Oesterly boy and the last seen of him before the accident he was on one of the big beams shouting at a dog which was in a wagon in the barn. The canine was running back and forth in the wagon and barking. John Oesterly, who found the unconscious boy, was working near, but says he did not hear him fall on account of the noise being made by the dog. Several minutes after the dog ceased its barking he went into the barn and saw in the dim light the motionless form lying some distance away from the wagon in which the dog had been barking. Mr. Oesterly carried the lad into the house.

Dr. J. G. McNamara, of Green Camp, was called, as was also Dr. E. Culbertson, of Agosta. They arrived about 2 o'clock, and an examination of the boy's injuries disclosed that the skull was broken to the extent of about two inches, and that piece of bone was embedded in the brain. An operation to save the injured lad's life was determined upon and Dr. A. Rhu, of this city, was notified. He arrived at the Guthery farm about 4 o'clock and performed the operation of removing the piece of broken skull from the brain.

Besides his parents, the dead youth is survived by three sisters and one brother. They are Mrs. Kline Pollock, residing north of Marion; Clara and Inez, who live at home. and Ralph Kraner, also residing at home.

The funeral services were held at the Agosta M. E. church, Monday afternoon, at 12:30 o'clock, Rev. J. E Sutton, of LaRue, and Rev. T. J. Carey. of Agosta, officiating. Interment was made in the Agosta cemetery.

BAKER'S March Window Sale of Pianos



THE PIANO YOU WANT WILL BE IN THE WINDOW.

If you have in mind buying a Packard, Schiller, Sterling, Bush & Lane, or any other of the eleven makes of best Pianos we regularly sell, keep an eye on the window, or telephone us. Each day a different instrument is in the window, with the lowest selling price for that day only marked on a big card—and before the month ends, the very Piano you most want will be up for sale.

Confidence In Baker's Pianos Accounts for the Great Success of This Sale.

For many years we have recommended and sold certain makes of Pianos we deem especially worthy. That they have proved more than satisfactory, is demonstrated in our ever-growing business. Being much the largest purchasers of instruments in this territory, also brings us lower wholesale prices, which in turn means lower prices to customers. If you have any thought of buying soon, call us by phone and ask regarding the make of piano in the window.

Baker's Piano Store,

Several Second-Hand Instruments for Sale Cheap.

Prettier Walls

—don't YOU want to know about them? Haven't YOU a room that's too dark or too ordinary-looking? Come in and let us show you and tell you of

ALABASTINE

The Beautiful Wall Tint

is noted for its perfect water color tints—exquisitely soft—always in harmony. They differ from kalsomine colors as real flowers differ from imitations. With Alabastine you may carry out a different color idea and design in each room, keeping complete harmony throughout. You may follow the best interior decorators' latest plans—at least expense. Alabastine is absolutely sanitary, easiest to use, goes farthest and lasts longest. No chipping, peeling or rubbing off when properly applied.

It comes in 5-lb. packages at 50c a package.

Don't confuse Alabastine with kalsomine. Have nothing but Alabastine.

Sold by

Haberman Hardware Company

North Main Street.

FRIENDS ARE BOOMING JUDGE W. E. SCOFIELD

Want Him Placed on the Supreme Court Bench.

JUDGE PRICE'S DEATH CAUSES A VACANCY

Governor Harmon May Be Asked To Appoint Marion Judge, Who Is in *No Sense a Candidate for the Position*—Friends of Jurist Are Very Enthusiastic.

A boom for Judge William E. Scofield's appointment to the Ohio supreme court vacancy caused by the death of Associate Justice James L. Price has been sprung by the Marion jurist's friends in the third subdivision of the Tenth judicial district. The district is composed of Marion, Crawford and Wyandot counties, and Governor Harmon may be asked to appoint Judge Scofield, although the latter is in no sense a candidate for the place

Judge Scofield was appointed to the common pleas bench less than three years ago by Governor Harmon to fill the unexpired term of the late Judge Boston G. Young. He was elected a year ago last fall without Republican opposition

It is claimed by the judge's close personal friends that Governer Harmon thinks a great deal of Judge Scofield's ability as a jurist and would be glad to consider him as a likely appointee.

The only possible drawback to Judge Scofield's appointment, it is claimed, is the fact that Marion county already has one man on the supreme bench in the person of Justice William Z. Davis

LITTLE NORMAN POSTLE VICTIM OF PNEUMONIA

Death Comes to Child After Brief Illness.

Norman Earl, aged four years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lester Postle, died of pneumonia at the family residence, No. 327 Pearl street, at 12:40 o'clock Friday afternoon.

The child had been ill of pneumonia about four weeks, and everything known to medical science and care was done to aid him in his futile battle for life.

The little one was a great favorite in the neighborhood in which he lived, and, although he was but a little child, he held a multitude of friends whose hearts are torn by sorrow in the announcement that death has conquered in spite of the brave struggle of those who held him dear to save him.

CIRCUIT COURT.

The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway company against Ethel May Hoy, an infant, by Frank G. Hoy, her next friend, is the title of a petition-in-error filed in the circuit court by Attorneys Carhart & Warner, Friday afternoon. The defendant-in-error got a verdict for $1,000 damages against the plaintiff-in-error last November. Since then Ethel May Hoy, who was struck by a train at the Big Four west Center street crossing, while returning home from school, has died.

The railroad company now seeks to have the judgment obtained last November set aside on the usual grounds of error, ten different alleged allegations of error being set up.

Contract Is Let.

Saturday afternoon the county commissioners awarded the contract for constructing the Morris bridge abutments to Emmanuel O'Brien at his bid of $1,062. The work was estimated at $1,424 by the county engineer.

A MOTION FILED TO VACATE THE ORDER

Appointing John A. Huber Receiver of the Opera-House Company.

In the matter of Frank R. Saiter against the Grand Opera-House company, W. E. and M. J. Sullivan, the Grand Opera-House company, Saturday afternoon, through Attorneys Scofield & Durfee, filed a motion to vacate the recent order appointing John A. Huber receiver of the corporation.

According to the motion, the proceedings are being carried on with the sole purpose of injuring M. J. Sullivan as general manager and treasurer of the company. The litigation is declared to be useless and *that it is injuring innocent persons* and corporations.

The motion further sets up that the corporation did not incorporate in its by-laws a provision requiring Sullivan to furnish bond as secretary and treasurer of the company because it "relied absolutely on his honor, spoteless as the stars, and still relies, and on his financial ability and standing, which is satisfactory to this defendant corporation."

ARE MARRIED IN A JUSTICE'S COURT

Miss Pearl V. Russell and Mr. Thomas Fling Wed.

Miss Pearl Viola Russell and Mr. Thomas Fling were united in marriage by Justice Charles E. Gompf in his office, Saturday at 10 o'clock. The ceremony was performed in the presence of the bride's mother, Mrs Mary Russel, Constable Joseph Long and Miss Sarah Sheedy, the latter being Justice Gompf's clerk.

Mr. and Mrs. Fling expect to make their future home in Marion.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Agnew, of Olney avenue, Friday.

NORWALK YOUTHS ARE ARRESTED IN THE CITY

They Are Found at Local Hotel Saturday Morning.

LADS HAVE MONEY AND ARE WELL ARMED

Are Located by the Local Police Who Are Searching for a Couple of Runaways from Akron—Story of Their Travels—Some Police Court Items.

Jerome Loretz and Herman Schneider, aged thirteen and fourteen years, respectively, were aroused from their slumbers at the Hotel Nordica, at an early hour Saturday by Officer Slagle and Powell, and taken to police headquarters. The boys were arrested on suspicion of being the two boys who ran away from their home in Akron, last Saturday night

When searched at police headquarters the lads had in their possession ten boxes of twenty-two caliber cartridges, a thirty-two-caliber revolver with all the chambers loaded, $7.50 in money, a wrench, fishing tackle, duck caller, some toilet articles and miscellaneous junk. When questioned the boys stated to the officers that they ran away from their homes in Norwalk, last Monday, but did not say where they were headed for.

The Loretz boy, who wore short trousers, is a son of Mr. and Frank Loretz. The father of the boy is a mail carrier and resides at No. 271 east Main street, Norwalk. The Schneider boy, who is large for his age, is a son of George Schneider, of No. 272 west Main street. His father is employed in the Wheeling shops. The father of the Loretz boy has been scouring the vicinity of Norwalk in search for his son.

The police chief of Norwalk was notified Saturday morning of the arrest and detention of the boys. He informed Chief McDonough that the father of the Loretz boy was in Bucyrus Saturday, and that he would notify him to some here. The boys spent Monday night about four miles from Norwalk where they camped in a grove. They spent Thursday night in a hay stack between Bucyrus and Marion and came to *this city Friday evening. They left* their homes on bicycles and carried a rifle, but disposed of their bicycles in Bucyrus, and traded the rifle there for a rifle which they said they pawned here.

The father of the Loretz boy arrived here from Bucyrus shortly before the noon hour and after redeeming the rifle pawned by the two runaways, here. he returned with them to Bucyrus to secure the bicycles which the boys sold at that place. He gave the boys a nice talk. Both broke into tears and stated that they were sorry for their actions

The hall in the John Hanley block, at the corner of State and Farming streets, was closed Saturday by Chief McDonough The hall was rented and has been used as a mission by Rev. LeRoy Mitchell. An inspection of the hall was recently made by Carl Wilcke, deputy. state building inspector for this district, and as a result the state inspector ordered that the doors of the hall be changed to swing out and that it be equipped with a fire extinguisher. As a result of the order not being complied with, the mayor received a notice to close the hall and the action was taken by the chief.

These are all

New Spring Goods

25c and 50c Jabots and Collars, Saturday only, at **10c** each.

Ladies' 25c pure lisle Hose **15c** today.

Gents' 25c fancy silk-lisle Hose **15c.**

Children's 25c heavy School Hose at **15c pair.**

Men's grey, medium and heavy-weight Socks, **3 for 25c.**

Ladies' Tailored Collars at **10c and 25c each.**

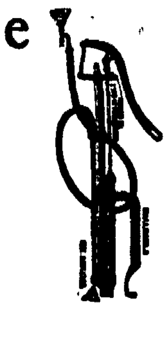
India Linon at **8c, 10c and 25c yard.**

Curtain goods, in madras, etamines and scrim, in plain and fancy, special **5c, 8c, 10c and 25c yard.**

The ARK

J. B. Layton.

Now Is the Time To SPRAY



This is the store than can equip you with all kinds of the best grades of **Spray Pumps** and **Spraying** materials.

Brass Bucket Pumps, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.

Barrel Pumps, $8.00, $10.00, $12.50 to $21.00.

These prices depend largely on what connections and equipment you desire.

Insist on having

Dow Lime & Sulphur

to spray with.

In gallon or barrel quantities.

Get one of our spraying calendars.

Thibaut & Mautz Bros.

The Spot to Buy Hardware.

Look to this feed store for the best and the most for the money.

Chick and Chicken Feed

If your chickens are not doing well, call us up, let us suggest a feed.

Chick Feed.

Scratch Feed.

Screening.

Charcoal, Ground Bone.

Wheat, Oats, Corn.

Chicken Chowder, etc.

E. S. MOZIER

North State Street.

Phone 1397.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON

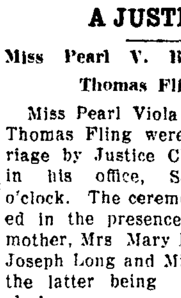
Farm and City Property

HOKE DONITHEN

Attorney-at-Law.

All the world loves a lover. The world likes to be amused.

F A. Stengle, optician, S. State St 42-e&wk-tf



PILES FISTULA

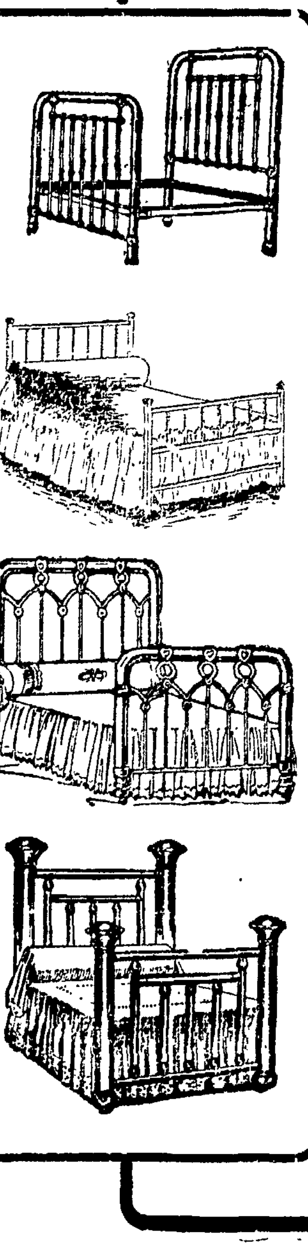
AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE RECTUM

Dr. McClellan announces to the profession and the public that he makes a specialty of these diseases and has had 20 years constant experience. No pain and no detention from business. Bladder, Kidney, Blood and Skin Diseases and Diseases of Women. WRITE FOR BOOK ON RECTAL DISEASES (FREE) and indorsements of patients cured. Established 1880.

DR. J. J. McCLELLAN

Outlook Building, 44 East Broad Street COLUMBUS, O.



BRASS BEDS

—A T—

Genuine Lowered Prices

We are showing a big line of Brass and Iron Beds at prices ranging from $2.50 to $58.00. There are a few Brass Beds slightly damaged, the prices of which we have cut from $7.00 to $15.00. These damages are so slight that you would have to hunt for them and they would probably never affect the service of the bed. There seems to be a misunderstanding as to the care of a Brass Bed. People frequently remark that they would like to have a Brass Bed if they didn't take so much care. The less care you give a Brass Bed, beyond a careful dusting with an old soft chamois skin or an old worn out soft piece of silk, the better.

We sell the only polish (SUNSHINE) that has ever been countenanced by Brass Bed manufacturers, but, like any other polish it should be used carefully and rubbed thoroughly dry.

SCHAFFNER'S

Dependable Furniture House, 208 & 212 S. Main St.

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

MARION WEEKLY STAR.

$1.00 Per Year, in Advance.

The Harding Publishing Co.

SATURDAY - - - MARCH 23

ONE WAY TO REFORM DELAYS IN THE COURTS

Hon. James W. Halfhill, Allen county delegate to the "Con. Con." has offered a proposal which the Star advocated more than a year ago. It provides for the election of a common pleas judge in every county in the state. In counties having fewer than 40,000 people, the resident common pleas judge is to have and discharge the duties now devolving upon the probate judge. In larger counties, a probate court may be established. The legislature is authorized to provide for the election of additional judges when necessary. Under Mr. Halfhill's proposal, the resident judges shall reside in the county in which they are elected, but may hold court in any other county, upon assignment of the chief justice of the supreme court, who, in the absence of other provision made by the general assembly, shall pass upon the disqualification or disability of the common pleas judges. It is provided that the term or terms of court of these common pleas judges shall be open and co-extensive with the calendar year. This is in line with President Taft's recommendation to prevent delays in the trial and adjudication of cases. It would not involve a great additional expense and, if this plan were supplemented by provisions enlarging the final jurisdiction of the inferior courts, decreasing the number of grounds of appeal by striking out all except those which affect the substantial justice of proceedings, simplifying the procedure and requiring all causes filed to be brought to trial within a reasonable time or dismissed from the docket, we would hear less complaint of the devious practices and interminable delay in the courts—and less talk of "the recall."

LAYLIN TO BROWN AND REFLECTIONS THEREON

The reply of Chairman Laylin to the proposal of Walter F. Brown is unanswerable. Mr. Brown proposed that the state central committee order the election of delegates from the congressional districts by direct primaries and that the forty-two delegates thus selected name the six delegates-at-large. Mr. Laylin in reply called Mr. Brown's attention to the official call for the convention which is the final authority in the matter. This provides that the district delegates shall be selected in the manner prescribed by the congressional district committees and that the delegates-at-large shall be selected at a popular state convention called by the state committee. Mr. Laylin, while pointing out the fact that the scheme proposed by Mr. Brown would be a violation of the call, also speaks of the necessity for a state convention to give expression to the attitude of the party in this state upon the issues of the coming campaign and instruct the delegates from this state as to their action in the national convention upon these moot questions.

But Mr. Laylin might well have gone farther and exposed the unfairness of the Brown proposal when analyzed. There are twenty-one congressional districts in Ohio, to each of which is apportioned two delegates For the purposes of illustration let us presume that Mr. Taft's adherents carried eleven of these districts and Colonel Roosevelt's friends ten The Taft forces would then have a majority of one district, or two votes. According to Mr. Brown's plan, that one district would then arbitrarily name six other delegates added to the Taft forces, equivalent to the votes of three districts. Again it is conceivable that, on account of the personal popularity of one candidate over another, the result in one district might be a split Then would ensue a deadlock, and Ohio might be deprived of six votes in the convention. It might be said that the "scheme is as fair for one as the other," but is this a gambling proposition? If it were possible, under the law, to have a state-wide primary, the winner to name all the delegates, there might be merit in the suggestion. The majority in the party would rule and the minority would be disfranchised in the convention. But in this matter under the call for the convention and the laws of Ohio there is but one course to follow.

We can not believe that there is any great danger in the holding of a state convention. What the party needs more than anything else is a chance to get together in convention, talk over differences and grievances and adjust them. If it shall be found that interest in the presidential fight obscures interest in the selection of a state ticket, the convention can postpone the naming of state candidates until the national convention is over and its work accomplished.

But let us have a convention. The greatest harm the direct primary, admirable as it is in theory, has done is the wiping out of the convention with its enthusiasm, its enlightening debates, its interchange of social amenities and its friendly reunions. We miss all these and they had a really beneficial result upon the relation of the citizenship to government. The primary, except in time of great excitement, is a cold and formal affair and, as General Mahone used to say, "has mighty little fellowship in it." Under the convention plan, the average citizen used to devote parts of at least two or three days to his franchise duties Now he wearily and indifferently signs petitions when asked to do so, votes at the primaries if the polls are on his way to lunch, and then, if he is not too busy, he may vote on election day. The remainder of his time he is apt to spend in abusing the men his vote or negligence helped to put in office.

It is wandering afar from our original theme, but it might be said here truthfully, that the direct primary is not a good substitute for the old "town meeting" plan of government. In the town meeting there was opportunity for argument, for information and enlightenment. The primary too often but registers the preconceived and often erroneous ideas of the voter upon matters or men of whom he knows practically nothing In earlier days, in campaign times, the county-seat lawyers, the teachers, the preachers—all who had the gift of public speaking—went upon the hustings and every township hall and schoolhouse became a forum where the issues of the hour were debated pro and con, and some measure of truth reached. Then we all became a little proud and high-headed. We would not listen to a speaker unless we could secure one of national reputation; the local speaker was without honor in his own county. We formed our own opinions from reading our paper or the inspired pamphlets and we became cynical and disposed to believe the worst of everybody in public life. And so the cross-roads forum fell into disuse.

Even the establishment of the free rural mail delivery was not an unmixed blessing for it abolished the country-side postoffice where in earlier days the problems of the nation were boldly met and solved, at least to the satisfaction of the debaters, and certainly with increased and more enlightened interest in the duties of citizenship.

There is a tremendous power in the spoken word; there is a world of illumination and conviction in debate, and it is an incitement to the study of moot questions. The growth of the Socialistic propaganda is due solely to the fact that its protagonists have gone to the street corners and talked its heresies pleasibly and loudly, while its opponents have disdained to meet these orators on their own grounds.

Let us be chary about going too far in the matter of leaving all things to the untutored or uninterested individual. Information is not inspirational. General information is largely transmitted through friction—the rubbing of individual minds against each other in masses or in groups. The women have made mighty strides in gaining general information through their clubs. And what in these days of direct primaries, with no conventions, no party spirit or loyalty, have men as good as the women's clubs?

LAW, THE PROTECTION OF POOR AND WEAK

Virginia swings into line for the recall of judicial decisions and judges In one of the mountain counties, as told in the press despatches, a citizen had just been convicted of a felony by a jury of his peers and the judge had said "one year in the penitentiary" when the convict appealed the decision to "the people" there present That was the initiative and referendum That portion of the populace in sympathy with him and heading themselves aggrieved by the judicial action recalled the judge, prosecutor, sheriff and as many of the jurymen as remained within range Now the governor has initiated and called for another referendum to "the people" who are out in posses with guns to recall the recall—and provide additional funerals The newspaper despatches say the murderers of these officials felt that they had been wronged by the proceedings and had a right to revenge themselves by force Well, if we are to have a government based upon the theory that all questions must be submitted to the people and decided in the heat of passion and in the absence of understanding why is not the resort to arms natural, indeed inevitable? In South America we have seen many instances where officials were recalled laws repealed, constitutions unmade, simply as factions waxed strong and waned, organized mobs which became armies, started riots which became revolutions in all of these, some grafter, promoter, soldier of fortune, or greedy corporation achieved riches, power or hell, but in all of them the poor and weak suffered The law, its steady enforcement, its orderly acceptance is the shield and buckler of the poor and the helpless. When human nature is remade, when all selfishness, envy and greed have been eliminated, then, and not until then, can we afford to tear down the safeguards we have erected for the protection of those who can not maintain moated castles and men-at-arms in their own defense.

COMMENTS OF BROWN UNWORTHY OF HIM

In commenting upon the meeting of Republican executive chairmen at Columbus, Mr Walter F. Brown, the brains and largely the body of the Roosevelt movement in Ohio, said that only forty-eight bona fide chairmen were present, that they had no real authority, that ten of them are allied with the movement for Roosevelt and that the ten spent most of the day at his headquarters. Mr Brown also darkly hinted that some of the men in attendance incurred penalties for violating the law against the use of proxies in political committees.

This statement is unworthy of Mr Brown at his best The Columbus gathering was not a meeting of a political committee, and no law was violated. It was a gathering of party workers, representing county organizations, who were asked to meet and confer together in the interest of Mr Taft's renomination and reelection. Of the eighty-eight chairmen invited to attend, sixty-two responded in person or through members of their committees authorized to speak for the chairmen. Of the other twenty-six, thirteen sent letters expressing regret and their adherence to the cause of Mr. Taft The meeting was harmonious and enthusiastic The resolutions were adopted by a rising vote—and every man arose to vote for them. If there were ten men who attended the conference under false pretenses, who voted for the resolutions while opposing them, then they are not fit persons for men of honor to associate with and Mr. Brown is heartily welcome to their adherence and society. But on this charge, we should desire to have proof. The Republican senator from Ohio was present in person and every Republican member of congress from Ohio—excepting Mr. Longworth, naturally—sent a telegram pledging support to Mr. Taft From the counties whose chairmen are in the anti-Taft column, including Mr. Brown's own county of Lucas, came prominent party representatives to testify that the president was not friendless in those counties.

Perhaps it was natural for Mr. Brown to publicly discount the importance and significance of this gathering, but he will not do so privately.

Each succeeding day's proceedings of the Ohio constitutional convention demonstrates how perfect was the word picture of the Rev. Mr. Bigelow painted by the Star prior to his elevation to the presidency of that body.

And yet some of the straw votes, taken two weeks ago up in North Dakota, showed the "spontaneous demand" working overtime

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Judging by the returns from the first state primary, the condition of Senator La Follette was not so bad as diagnosed by his alleged progressive friends.

While the one per cent. tax law, no doubt, has brought to light much personalty not heretofore listed, it is probable that there are still a few very excellent player pianos listed at the old standard figure—twenty-five dollars

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Instead of experimenting on plums, which are good enough as they are, why doesn't Wizard Burbank try to make the apricot edible?

With La Follette admittedly out of the race and Cummins left at the start, the next two or three weeks should demonstrate to the most incredulous that it's a walkaway for Taft

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Colonel Henri Watterson suggests that the way to stop window smashing by the London suffragets is to hang up bargain sale cards in the shop windows, and they'll forget they are suffragets It's evident the passing years have brought more wisdom to the colonel in the matter of handling the military of the fair sex than in picking presidential candidates

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The saddest phase of the thing is that those Dakota primaries were held right over the colonel's old stamping ground

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That information to the effect that the anti-Harmon people were kicking Uncle Judd's hoop around down at Columbus Tuesday, evidently was written before Uncle Judd got his steam roller working satisfactorily

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It begins to look as though this campaign is going to teach a lesson to people who are careless about where they put on their hats

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It was not necessary for Uncle Judd Harmon to take any steps to impose on voters after the Columbus gathering. After Uncle Judd finished his job of rolling, there wasn't any minority.

COLONEL LOSES AT PRIMARIES

La Follette Downs Roosevelt in North Dakota.

TEDDY'S MANAGERS CONCEDE DEFEAT

Roosevelt Loses Heavily Even in Cow Country.

The Colonel's Managers Make the Charge That Democrats Cast Their Votes for Wisconsin Man. As Returns Continue To Come in It Is Plain That Roosevelt Men Feel Defeat More Keenly.

Bismark, N. D., March 20.—A severe storm, which put telephone and telegraph wires out of commission, thus holding up the late returns today, prevented a full count tally in the presidential primaries, although the La Follette managers claimed victory by from 15,000 to 20,000 majority, while the leaders of the Roosevelt faction conceded their defeat.

The most striking feature of the returns already in was the poor showing made by Roosevelt, and experienced campaign managers from an analysis of the figures, declared that the complete returns would carry out the same ratio as the early figures. This was the first state-wide presidential primary ever held.

The Roosevelt leaders charged that many Democrats had cast their votes for La Follette With thirty-one counties to be heard from, the figures stood: La Follette, 6,953; Roosevelt, 3,981, Taft, 270.

Friends of President Taft made no effort to show any strength at yesterday's primaries.

Even in Cow Country.

Even in some portions of the cow country, La Follette ran even or better. Roosevelt carried Medora, his former home twenty to thirteen.

With Grand Forks, Valley City, Devil's Lake, Minot and others of the larger cities listed for La Follette by the returns, it seemed that the Wisconsin senator's plurality would be large.

Leaders of the La Follette movement sent a telegram to Senator La Follette aboard a train on his way from North Dakota to Washington, stating that he had won the preference primaries by from 15,000 to 20,000 votes.

The La Follette men declared that they would admit no smaller margin of votes.

Frank Talcott, chairman of the state Republican committee, declared today that the fight had been made on principle and that personalities did not figure in the result in his opinion.

La Follette Pleased.

Chicago, March 20.—Senator Robert M. La Follette, in Chicago today, expressed his pleasure at the plurality of 15,000 to 20,000 he received in yesterday's presidential primary in North Dakota.

"I expected it," he said smilingly. "But I confess that the size of the plurality is a surprise. The state will not be shaken from its progressive trend. It is only to be expected that the Roosevelt forces would come forth with some explanation for their defeat. The one made by Mr Bass is diverting as well as entertaining. So many Democrats voted for me and this prevented the people from expressing their real sentiments. Why, it is a well-known fact that in many precincts there are practically no Democrats. I suppose the Roosevelt men will have the cows voting for me, to override the will of the people."

La Follette's Majority.

Fargo, N D., March 20.—Six hundred and fifty-nine precincts out of 1,800 in the first presidential primary gave La Follette 21,657 and Roosevelt 15,715 votes According to this ratio, political experts today figure that La Follette's majority over Roosevelt will reach 15,500.

Roosevelt Disappointed.

Oyster Bay, N. Y March 20.—Colonel Roosevelt showed disappointment today over the result of the primaries in North Dakota and while he declared he had not expected to win there, he was brusque when asked by the newspaper correspondents at Sagamore Hill how he liked the results.

"I said two weeks ago that we did not expect to win in North Dakota," retorted the colonel "We made no campaign in the state at all."

The ex-president refused to comment on the showing of Senator La Follette, who led Roosevelt in the primary vote.

After a horseback ride, the colonel got down to work upon the speeches he will deliver on his middle western tour next week. He will deliver four or five set speeches and go the limit on the question of presidential primaries.

Colonel Roosevelt will open his personal campaign tonight in New York with his speech on "The Right of the People to Rule," at Carnegie hall.

It is better to appreciate wisdom than to be appreciated by fools.

OPPOSED TO REFERENDUM

Governor Marshall Opens Indiana State Convention.

HE TAKES A RAP AT ROOSEVELT

Theories of Colonel Assailed by the Governor.

No Liberty Lover Will Ever Come To Forget Name of Lincoln and None Will Be Able To Forget Roosevelt, Declares Marshall. Governor Says Recall Is Not at All Necessary.

[BULLETIN.]

Indianapolis, March 21.—The state convention nominated Samuel Ralston, of Lebanon, for governor by acclamation.

Favors Tariff Reforms.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 21.—Declaration in favor of tariff reform, stricter enforcement of laws and government economy was made here today by Governor Marshall in opening the state Democratic convention of which he was temporary chairman

The principles advocated were looked upon as the governor's platform in his bid for the Democratic presidential nomination. The governor also took occasion to criticize sharply some of the principles advocated by Colonel Roosevelt, chiefly the recall of the judiciary decision. He also opposed certain Socialistic doctrines, among them the initiative and referendum and recall. In part the governor spoke as follows:

"With Republican quarrels and controversies we have nothing to do. No liberty lover will ever come to forget the name of Lincoln and none will be able to forget the name of Roosevelt.

Hits at Roosevelt.

It is the theory of Roosevelt that it is the righht of an unsuccessful litigant to go down to the tavern and overrule the court. Bitterness of spirit and indignation at what I deem to be judicial injustices seize me But my sober judgment, looking to the permanent good of the people, impels me to insist that the courts must remain free and untramelled and that we must first seek relief through the remedy we now have and patiently abide the lawful reversal of judicial injustice.

"Until the provisions of our present constitution with reference to officials are tried and until greater evils arise than have thus far arisen, there is but slight demand for the initiative and referendum and the recall."

The governor concluded with his appeal for a tariff for revenue and declared himself against special privilege of all kinds.

SLAYS TWO DOCTORS AND ENDS OWN LIFE

Washington Logger Kills Specialists in Seattle.

Seattle, Wash., March 21—Charging that he had been a victim of alleged questionable practices, A. S. Anderson, a logger, Wednesday, shot and killed Dr W. T. Akey and his assistant, Dr. Samuel Suskind, specialists, and a half hour later took his own life. The tragedy began in offices of the physicians in the Silver building and ended in the Norman hotel with the self murder of Anderson.

Dr. Suskind but recently arrived here from Oakland.

THE SHUT-IN.

The life of the shut-in has its compensations None will deny that it is hard to let the absorbing activities of all the world go by on the further side of the door, beyond the screen, while round us are hushed footfalls and soft voices. It is hard to accept with resignation the harsh discipline of pain and the remorseless tyranny of nerves when others rejoice in their well-being and do not know the meaning of physical limitations When the warm sun shines and the balm of the earliest promise of the spring breathes at the window it is a galling imprisonment to lie with a vista of medicine bottles and "the land of counterpane" before us yet this is the portion of many who smile and are patient and uncomplaining.

The victory of the spirit over the fainting weakness of the flesh brings a certain uncommunicable satisfaction. "Who knows but this surrendered face is undefeated still?" A book like the Little Songs from St Joseph's, of Grace Norton's fancy, is true to the experience of many a sufferer whose sundial has been the whitewashed wall of a hospital, and who has plucked flowers at the verge of Acheron and found them blooming even amid the ash pits of the Inferno The poems that have come from the heart and found the heart have been wrung from the profoundest depths of crucial suffering.—Philadelphia Ledger

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According to a Parisian physician, premature baldness is the result of some teething trouble.

KILLING OFF OUR FEATHERED FRIENDS

What Great Good the Owl Can Be to Farmers.

A fruit grower in Wisconsin recently had the value of owls impressed upon him in such a way as he will never forget It was a bitter experience for him and a good object lesson not only to orchardists but every one who does not recognize the usefulness and importance of their "friends in feathers"

This fruit grower had, by care and painstaking work, succeeded in bringing his apple orchard up to a point where it was capable of yielding a product valued at $8,000 a year, only to have the trees girdled by mice and practically destroyed in one winter Nailed up on the orchardist's barn was the carcass of an owl which he had shot and put up as a warning to other owls to keep at a distance. After his orchard was destroyed by mice he applied to the agricultural authorities of his state for a remedy. The expert sent to investigate cut open the stomach of the owl's carcass nailed to the barn door, and to the astonishment of the farmer showed him the remains of nine field mice, which the owl had destroyed This orchardist by destroying owls and such like birds which prey upon mice, had made it easy for the mice to multiply and destroy his trees.—Our Dumb Animals.

TWENTY-FIVE MEN MAROONED ON SHIP

Vessel Is Held in the Ice in Donges Bay.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 21—Twenty-five men are marooned in a vessel jammed fast in the ice and believed to be sinking today in Donges bay, Lake Michigan, twelve miles north of here The ship has sounded distress signals since midnight. Ice-breaking tugs and a life-saving crew put out from here today in an effort to save the ship and rescue the men Their progress is impeded by the ice that has been driven shoreward by recent heavy winds. The tugs were unable to get within speaking distance of the ship after two hours struggle.

The plight of the vessel was discovered by persons living along the shore of the bay. They telephoned the harbor officials here. The vessel was a mile from shore and the ice was piled so high around her that only her funnels could be seen The vessel was identified as the Conestoga. She left Grand Haven, Michigan, late last night with a crew of twenty officers and men and three passengers.

The vessel is not equipped with wireless apparatus She was blown twelve miles off her course by the storm. The vessel is the property of the Crosby line.

MRS. WILLIAM WISE DIES VERY SUDDENLY

Death Comes at Home of Parents in Martel.

Martel, March 21.—[Special.]—Mrs. William Wise, aged twenty years, died very suddenly Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock at the home of her parents, Mr and Mrs. Joseph Steinhelfer, about two miles north of this place. The cause of death was inflammation of the bowels, resulting from a heavy cold contracted a week ago.

The deceased had been residing with her husband near New Winchester. While on a visit at the home of her parents, she was taken ill. Wednesday morning, she dropped back in her bed as if fainting. Dr. Ott, of New Winchester, was called. On his arrival, he pronounced her dead The deceased is survived by her husband and an infant child, her parents and one sister, Eurecha Steinhelfer.

The funeral will be held from the parents' home, Saturday morning at 9 o'clock and interment will be made in Whetstone cemetery, north of Martel.

ON BEING ALONE.

A philosopher in a recent book preaches the doctrine of individuality People ought to spend more time alone, thinking of the world, their God and themselves. Instead of this, they are always wanting to get with somebody to talk, most likely, drivel and insignificance A man's communion alone is the greatest event of his life. He doesn't always want to be seeing people; often he does perhaps, not always. Solitude is a sort of virtue, if not carried to excess

To every man the problem of life is an individual one, and he must settle it by his own resolution He should make up his mind what he should be and then go out among men and be it. He is most certain to make a good resolve, for when he is alone, there is another always to hold him. Emerson said: "Every man alone is sincere; at the entrance of a second person hypocrisy begins" We would like to see a conference test made in this way: Say six men are interested in a certain proposition, but before they meet, let each one alone write out in twenty or thirty words his candid opinion of it and then when they meet, see what happens That would be a practical and sensible experiment.

All our good purposes and resolutions are formed when we are alone and forgotten or broken when we get with others That illustrates Emerson's remark, above quoted.—Ohio State Journal

BIGELOW MADE TO BACK DOW

Graceful Apology Is Recei in Silence.

ALLIANCE MAN HITS AT REFERENDUM PI

Uses the Oregon Ballot as Illustration.

Speaker Says I. and R. Legisl Is Foreign to Fundamental ciples of American Governme Laid Down by Jefferson and coln—Says Socialists Worl Most of Ideas in Oregon Law

Columbus, O, March 21.—the constitutional convention sembled at 10 30 o'clock President Bigelow immediately an apology for his failure to giv delegates a division upon the m to adjourn yesterday when Del Lampson was seeking to obtai floor to introduce his amend inhibiting the single tax from incorporated into the consti through the I. and R.

President Bigelow made a gra apology, which was received lence. He said his mistake "ca the end of a very tense momen at the end of a very fatiguing and that the president wishe acknowledge that it was a mi and to thank the members for reeting him"

Assails "I. and R."

B F Weybrecht, of Alliance cured the floor and read a long script assailing the initiative referendum legislation as forei the fundamental principles o American government as laid by such men as Thomas Jeff and Abraham Lincoln. He also the Oregon I and R. ballot illustration of his argument direct action did not work out i interests of the majority of the ple, but that a few, mostly S ists, initiated the measures.

At the conclusion of Delegate brecht's address A. Hoskins, of laize, took the floor and advo that a rule be made that spe on the I. and R. be limited to f minutes. He introduced a mot that effect, but later withdre when he found it met with dis among the delegates.

Against Single Tax

James W. Halfhill, of Lima the next delegate to address th vention. He spoke against the tax and declared that were th ture eliminated from the propo and R. he would support the me This statement was greeted wit siderable applause.

Compared to the debating y day when the delegates sat tens expectant at all times, the s this morning was a drawn ou uninteresting affair. The vention recessed at 12.25 unt o'clock. No vote was expecte day as many members still d to speak at length upon the pe amendments.

Another Socialist's Dilemm

The Socialist mayor of Lora pears to be experiencing som the same trials as came earl the year to the Socialist may Lima. Unable to get the resu wanted from his service direct Lorain executive has now mardly dismissed him and app a Republican in his place. It pected that his act will cause in the Socialist party in the town, which will be bad for party possibly bad for the but not necessarily bad for th

Socialists, like others, learn dom by experience in Academically considered, it look like a good plan for the of a city of 30,000 to refer tions of public policy to his leaders for determination. In tice, however, it becomes nec for the mayor to act indepen to shoulder responsibility fo important acts and to sink or on the issue.

Possession of an important changes one's conceptions of actions. The free and easy m of the party 'smoker' will n big executive office satisfac A mayor who finds himself ha ed by partisan conditions does ly to cast them off. If that for a Socialist, dismissing Socialists from his administ and appointing men from other party, no one need wor what the incident may bring It only goes to indicate that mayor is of majority crea Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A waste area of swamp known as Lake Tiberias in the tral part of Tasmania is engagi attention of a syndicate which posed to utilize nearly 2,500 for growing New Zealand (Phormium tenax). If the g ment grants a lease of the lan proved scutching machinery w imported and an important in inaugurated.

The development of se Chinese ports along modern m pal lines has led to unusual in on the part of many American neers in the possibilities of neering and contracting enter in China.

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A VERY INTERESTING QUESTION IS RAISED

Matter of Will of the Late William Thew.

COURT IS ASKED TO CONSTRUE AN ITEM

Question as to Whether Children of Deceased Heirs Shall Share in the Proceeds of the Estate. Court Takes the Matter Under Consideration—Some Court Notes.

What is declared by attorneys to be one of the most interesting will questions raised in the local courts for years, was presented to Judge William E. Scofield, Thursday afternoon, when he was asked by the executors of the last will and testament of the late William Thew to construe item No. 66 of the will.

Attorneys Mabee & Anderson, of Shelby, representing William and Anna Douglas, legatees under the will of the testator, argued that, under the law and the will, the children of certain parties named as legatees did not succeed to their parents' interest.

Attorneys Mouser & Moloney stated to the court that they were not concerned as to how the judge might finally decide the matter as to the distribution of the money, but had brought the action to construe the will so that their clients, the executors, would be relieved of any liability against their bond of $50,000.

After Judge Scofield had heard the statement of facts as presented by Attorney A. B. Mabee and the arguments of counsel, he remarked from the bench that the question presented was very interesting and that he had occasion one time in his practice of law to investigate it.

The question of law involved, and to be decided by the court, is whether the children of the parties, who were named as legatees in the will, succeed to the interests of their parents.

The will, which covers twenty-five loughand pages, provides that certain persons shall, after a certain period of time, be entitled to the proceeds of real and personal property, after its conversion into money by the executors under the will's specific direction.

The decedent provided certain annuities should be paid and that, thirteen years following his death, his estate should be converted into money and divided, share and share alike, among the following surviving persons:

Thomas P. and Ruth Anna Curtis, John and Jane Irey, Joseph and Mary Thew, Jesse Y. Thew, John and Sidney Curtis, William and Anna Douglas, John and Lydia Douglas, Edmond Brockelsby, William P. Thew and William T. and Abigail Thew.

The thirteen years following the testator's death expired in 1910, and the executors now have the money, about $28,000, ready for distribution. However, some of the persons named in the foregoing paragraph died before the expiration of the thirteen years and the question now is whether their children shall receive their inheritance. Attorneys Mabee & Andreson, of Shelby, claim that the children are not to inherit their parents' interest, because William Thew, the testator, provided that the money should be divided among the surviving persons named in his will at the expiration of thirteen years following his death.

The executors of the will are J. W. Thew, H. W. Nesbitt and John Wesley Thew.

Judge Scofield took the matter under consideration.

Judge W. E. Scofield, Friday, assigned the mandamus suit of the State of Ohio, on relation of Ellis Katz, against Charles L. Allen, as auditor, and others, for Monday, March 25, when Judge John M. Brodrick, of Marysville, will be on the bench. This is a suit in which Katz claims that he put up the Dow tax for Charles Koch, a former saloonkeeper. When Koch quit business, the refund money due Koch was attached by Frank A. Schrote, James Bolinger and Richard A. Gamble. Katz brought mandamus proceedings against former County Auditor Allen to compel the payment of the money to him. A demurrer to Allen's answer, filed by Katz about four years ago, was overruled by Judge William F. Duncan, last December. The matter will be argued on its merits before Judge Brodrick by Prosecuting Attorney Charles L. Justice, representing Charles L. Allen; Attorney John D. DeGolley, representing Katz; Attorneys Scofield & Durfee, representing Schrote, and Attorney Louis E. Myers, representing Bolinger and Gamble.

Judge Scofield has issued an order to the effect that all creditors of the Marion Tool & Specialty company, in the receivership matter now pending in court, requiring them to present their claims in court by Monday, May 20.

Receiver George L. Bender, of the Marion Smoke Consumer & Fuel company, is ordered to sell the balance of the assets, consisting of a promissory note calling for $250, signed by Harry S. Maddox and C. L. Maddox. The note is to be sold at private or public sale by the receiver, who is to account for the proceeds in his final accounting.

Judge Scofield overruled a motion for a new trial in the appeal action of William J. Thibaut against Elmer Mayfield, Friday, and entered judgment for the plaintiff in the sum of $71.09 and assessed the costs against the defendant.

In the suit of Henry Strelitz against Shetterly brothers and others, the demurrer to the petition has been overruled and the plaintiff given leave to answer by March 30.

Judge Scofield, Friday, overruled a motion for a new trial in the civil action of Henry Sager against the American Casualty company, and entered judgment on the jury's verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $127, and assessed the costs against the defendant company.

In the partition suit of John C. Luvisi against Gus L. Luvisi and others, William Rush, Sr., Clarence J. Smith and Jacob Merchant have been appointed commissioners.

Judge Scofield has overruled a motion for a new trial in the replevin suit of Bessie Bender against Van H. Messenger and others, and diricted a judgment on the jury's verdict in favor of the plaintiff and assessed the costs against the defendants. This is an action where the plaintiff, a daughter of the defendants, replevined a piano from her parents.

Leave to plead by March 23 has been granted the plaintiff in the civil action of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway company against S. E. DeWolfe.

It only required a few minutes for Mrs. Lena V. Sloat to obtain a decree of divorce from Charles C. Sloat at the hands of Judge William E. Scofield, Friday afternoon. She testified that she was married to the defendant, who went to Paterson, New Jersey, six months after their marriege about four years ago. He wrote her once and said he liked the place, and that was the last she ever heard from him, she said. Judge Scofield granted her a divorce on grounds of gross neglect of duty and more than three year's wilful absence. Mrs. Sloat was restored to her maiden name of Pence.

In the damage suit of Thomas Hart, of Louisville, Kentucky, against Ignatz Bender, proprietor of the Bender hotel, Judge W. E. Scofield, Friday afternoon overruled a motion for a new trial and entered up judgment for the defendant on the jury's verdict against the plaintiff. Hart sued to recover damages for personal injuries sustained in falling down a dark pasage, but failed to set up the fact that he used ordinary care, though he charged the hotel proprietor with criminal negligence.

A motion for a new trial was filed by Attorneys DeGolley & DeGolley, Saturday, for their client, Frank Phillips, who was convicted of burglarizing the Parisian dyehouse. Fifteen different grounds of error are set up in the petition, covering the failure of the court to quash certain indictments, the overruling of certain motions and "because of irregularities permitted by the court in the presence and hearing of the jury, to the prejudice of the defendant," etc.

A suit to quiet title in 49½ off the west end of inlot No. 42, on Mill street directly back of the Ackerman hotel, was begun in the court of common pleas, Monday, by Minerva Drake, through Attorney Hoke W. Donithen. C. P. and Lucinda Bartram, John and Lorinda Bartram, Mary J. Payne, Sarah and Alfred Reed, Olive E. and Solomon A. Hester, Louisa C. and Peter Blow, Ezra and Magdalene Bartram, the surviving spouses, the surviving divorced spouses, children, descendants, heirs, devisees, legatees, trustees, executors, administrators, receivers, beneficiaries, assignees, creditors and successors in interest, are named as defendants.

In the civil action the Luse Land & Development company, limited, against Fred J. Crafts and others, the time for the defendant to answer has been extended to March 30.

Judge W. E. Scofield, Saturday afternoon, modified the injunction made in the divorce matter of Bessie W. Crawbaugh against Harvey E. Crawbaugh so as to permit the defendant to visit his child at reasonable times, but in such manner as not to interfere with the plaintiff in her custody of the little one. By agreement the court allowed the plaintiff temporary alimony of $50.

Judge W. E. Scofield has made the following assignments for the week of March 25, when Judge John M. Brodrick, of Marysville, will exchange benches with him:

March 25—State of Ohio, on relation of Katz, against Charles L. Allen, as county auditor, and others, Murphy against the Marion Baseball company, and the Erie Railroad company against the Marion Railway Light & Power company.

March 26—William J. Grills against Samuel S. Fox.

March 27—Ollie E. Fox against the Marion Department company.

March 28—Chase against Jacoby.

The last three named are jury causes.

A decree of partition has been issued in the suit of John C. Riley against Elias Riley and others. The commissioners are John H. Bain, S. B. Lippincott and S. R. Rauhasuer.

A Big Transfer.

A deed, in which Caleb H. and Jessie H. Norris transfer about 529 acres in Salt Rock township to Richard S. Woodrow, of Toledo, was filed for record in the office of County Recorder Edward F. Tittelbaugh, Saturday afternoon. The consideration is given as $70,660.35.

JOHN W. KLINEFELTER RESIGNS HIS POSITION

Will Not Be Superintendent of the Custodial Farm.

UNPLEASANT PLACE FOR MARION MAN

A Clash Between Two Boards of Control Results in Resignation on Suggestion of the Board Which Appoints Klinefelter—An Unexpected Development.

As a result of a clash between the board of control of the Wooster Experimental station and the state board of control, which is composed of the boards of the various state institutions, John W. Klinefelter has tendered his resignation as superintendent of the Custodial farm at Orient, a small station south of Columbus. The resignation of Mr. Klinefelter was handed in Friday and took effect at once.

Mr. Klinefelter was appointed to the position a few weeks ago by the board of directors of the Wooster Experimental station. At the time his appointment was made, Mr. Klinefelter was putting up a fight for the position of chief of police of the city. With the new position coming unsolicited through the efforts of J. D. Guthery, of this city, who is a member of the Wooster board, and carrying with it a salary of $2,500 a year, Mr. Klinefelter did not hesitate to turn in his resignation as chief of police.

The trouble which has since turned up between the two boards was unlooked for at the time. When the appointment was made, the farm was in complete control of the Wooster board. Dr. Emrick was at the head of the institution on the farm and Mr. Ludwig was at the head of the farm when Mr. Klinefelter was appointed over both of them and given complete charge, under the direction of the Wooster board. This did not meet with the approval of Dr. Emrick and Mr. Ludwig, who did not care to be under a superintendent, and they took the matter up with the state board. It being evident that the two boards could not agree as to how the farm should be run, the Wooster board threw up all connection with the farm, and it is now in the hands of the state board. As a result of the action of the Wooster station officials, who appointed Mr. Klinefelter, the latter resigned at their suggestion.

In speaking of the matter, Monday morning, Mr. Klinefelter and Mr. Guthery both stated that it was a matter that could not be solved without considerable trouble and they believed the right steps had been taken. Mr. Klinefelter stated that he had several offers of position, and would accept the agency for a large silo manufacturing company, and devote his spare time to his local interests.

CELEBRATION OF A MARRIAGE SUNDAY

Mrs. Maria T. Wolf and Mr. John C. Clay Wed.

Mrs. Maria T. Wolf, of this city, sixty-two years old, and Mr. John C. Clay, of Price county, Wisconsin, sixty-one years old, were united in marriage at the home of the groom's brother, Christopher M. Clay, No. 822 Wood street, Sunday at 12 o'clock, noon. Rev. H. V. McCleary, of Kalida, Putnam county, performed the ceremony in the presence of a number of relatives and friends. An hour later the bridal couple left for Circleville, where they will make a fortnight's visit.

The bride was the widow of Martin Wolf, who died about three years ago. Following his death she boarded at the home of Christopher M. Clay and became acquainted with the Wisconsin man through his brother in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Clay will make their future home in Marion.

PARSONAGE IS THE SCENE OF MARRIAGE

Miss Emma O. Frank and Mr. Earl S. Hill Married.

Miss Emma Olive Frank and Mr. Earl Sheldon Hill were united in marriage by Dr. C. R. Havighurst at the Epworth M. E. church parsonage on east Center street, Saturday evening about 7 o'clock. They were unattended.

Mr. and Mrs. Hill will make their future home in Marion. The groom is a well-known butcher.

REV. CHARLES A. PEARCE

Rev. Mr. Pearce Will Begin His Duties as Pastor of the Central Christian Church Here the Second Sunday in April.

LAYMEN'S BANQUET.

By William T. Ellis.

The International Sunday-School Lesson for March 23 Is "Feasting and Fasting." Mark 2:13-22.

This is the day of dinners in religion. Some cynical observers are saying that the principal movement of the laymen seems to be upon the tables. They get up a dinner for every occasion. The chief religious function of some leading laymen appears to be to attend banquets and endorse good works by somebody else. More or less criticism of this sort will not hurt and will probably help the laymen; for they see, more clearly than anybody else, the tendency of our busy times to substitute resolutions by men got together for dinners for active, steady, shirt-sleeves industry at the business of the kingdom.

There is good precedent for the fashion of giving laymen's dinners. It was at the call of Matthew, the wealthiest of the disciples of the Lord, that a great public dinner was given in honor of Jesus. And Jesus openly approved it. There is a primitive value on a common meal. For ages men got together about the same camp-fire, and shared the same food, even as they do today in parts of Asia. Men know one another better after they have eaten together. Real fellowship has been promoted by the hundreds of laymen's dinners given throughout the land during the past few years Now, as in old Capernaum, they attract public attention to the cause of the Guest of Honor.

Men, Meals and Religion.

An old heresy, which exists more widely in the popular thinking than in books or speech, contends that religion belongs to the humble places of life; that it is more at home in the cottage than in the palace, and that it is irreligious to wear evening clothes. The implication that Christianity is a second-rate thing has been responsible for turning many strong and successful men from it. So it is good to see the leading business men of a city gathered about the tables of the best hotel, considering the things that make for the progress of Christ's kingdom among men.

Religion is the best thing, and it claims the best people. There are no social lines in the kingdom of heaven, but it is important to let the world, which values these things, know that the leaders of earth are disciples in the kingdom. And the Master needs all classes and kinds of men, to put his new spirit into them all. The criticism has been widely and unjustly made, that Wall street is running the men and religion movement. If some of the great financiers of the country are eager to serve God and the world through this agency, let us rejoice; and pray that they may themselves learn all the truth that this movement has faithfully preached. Let us not, in any pettiness of pride, refrain from trying to win the biggest of men, by this world's standards, into the company of discipleship. The Master needs their largeness of vision, their skill in doing great tasks. The church should take the men who can take a city.

Wordlly wisdom is not going to transform this world, but worldly wisdom may be the handmaiden of the spirit of God, who alone will make society over. A few days ago a little group of men, most of them very wealthy, met in the Union League, New York, as a Men and Religion committee It was suggestive to see the host, one of New York's leading citizens, say grace as naturally as in his own home. Jesus, the workingman, was once glad to be guest at a great feast made in his honor by a business man whose reputation had been decidedly shady. We may well beware of falling into the snobbery of the rich. The brotherhood of Jesus touches life at all levels

The Rout of Gloom.

Fashions change in faith, as men enter into a fuller understanding of the mind of God The Puritan did not see much joy in religion. To him the escape from eternal doom was such a serious business that he acted as though it were sinful to be glad. We know better now. Our faith today is attuned to the note of joy. Some shallow-thinking persons are trying to make a complete creed out of mere optimism; which is carrying a truth to absurd lengths. But hope, and not fear; joy, and not sorrow; cheerfulness, and not gloom, are the vogue among Christians today. Religion is advertised by its sunny friends.

The gloom-guard got after Jesus. They disapproved of his going to a banquet, especially with a miscellaneous crowd. Their program of religion was the a-cetic one of John the Baptist and the Pharisees. But this sunny, wholesome, normal Man, who was also God's Completest possible expression of himself, spoke an unequivocal word for the social side of life. He declared that there is a time for feasting, as well as a time for fasting. The Teacher who had hallowed the wedding feast at Cana sanctified the joys of life, as well as its duties. Indeed, joy itself may be a duty. The Guest at the publican's feast has a message to our time concerning well-rounded living.

The Financier's New Job.

There is a prosperous business man in Philadelphia who has given up the making of an income, in order to devote all his time to furthering the cause of missions. He thinks he has been promoted. Certainly he is in the goodly fellowship of the Apostile Matthew. That is what he did. A prosperous member of a despised class of tax-collectors, Matthew was one day sitting at the receipt of custom—in his office, we would say nowadays—in the thriving city of Capernaum. What thoughts filled his mind of his social ostracism, because of his calling, we may not know. He was a Jew, whom love of money had shut out from good society, for, unlike our own times, society then inquired how a man made his money before it admitted him to social favor. The tax-collector represented the hated Roman power, and as the position was farmed out to the highest bidder, there easued no little oppression of the poor. While Matthew mused Jesus, the celebrated new teacher and healer, drew high. He and His message were doubtless known to Matthew, whose business required him to be up to date in all things.

To the boundless surprise of the tax-collector, the Master halted, addressed him, and invited him to join the little group of His desciples. What an event for an unexpected hour. So it is with life. We never know what God has in waiting for us around the next corner. One person who reads these words may meet for the first time his future wife before morning. Another may hear of the loss of a dear one. This man will get a promotion in business that one a discharge. Half the zest of living is in unexpectedness. And he who is ready for Christ, is ready for everything.

A conventional citizen of Capernaum would have advised Jesus that Matthew was beyond the pale. But God does not judge us by this world's standards, and he seems ever to have a peculiar interest in the man upon whom society turns its back. So the Master called Matthew. In getting him what a boon lay in store for all the world! That unlikely, worldly-wise man of affairs became a steadfast disciple, and the author of the first Gospel. There was a historian hidden in Matthew. He had possibilities which only Jesus could see. That is the wonder that is being wrought over and over again. The acceptance of Christ means the beginning of a new and unsuspected career.

For Matthew himself that apparent surrender won immortality of name and influence. He seemed to be giving up prosperity to become the wandering disciple of a new Teacher with an uncertain future. Instead of the failure which his practical friends predicted he won such a success as comes to only a few men in an age. If more young men today could be made to see the divine philosophy of unselfishness, the supreme gain of losing their lives for the kingdom's sake, we should hear less about the dearth of Christian leaders. Life lived by the Matthew program is surest success.

Knowing the Big Crowd.

Most of us see only our own crowd. We are not cosmopolites. The banker talks with bankers; the preacher takes his social times at the preachers' meetings; the workingmen meet only workingmen. That way come class lines. Now for the weakling, who is not sure of himself, and is afraid of compromising his social position, it is prudent to flock with birds of his own feather. But for the big, real man, the Jesus type of personality, it is important to keep in touch with all kinds of people. Wise was the word, "I am a man, and nothing that is common to man can be alien to me." Says the late Sam Walter Foss, in his familiar lines,

Let me live in a house by the side
of the road, where the race of
men go by;
The men that are good, and the men
that are bad, as good and as
bad as I.
I would not sit in the scorner's seat
nor hurl the cynic's ban;
Let me live in a house by the side
of the road, and be a friend to
man."

The critics objected to the fact that Jesus attended the feast which Matthew gave—although he never mentioned in his own book that he gave it. They did not like the company. They wanted Jesus to be regular, conventional, orthodox, and to belong to their crowd. Here He was, actually sitting at meat with perfectly "impossible" people. The idea of a rabbi sharing a meal with publicans and sinners! These little puppets of Mrs. Grundy did not realize how much bigger than any crowd of heirs was the fellowship of Jesus.

One of the hardest of all lessons for the church to learn is the catholicity of Christ's companionship. He keeps company with many folk who would not be welcome in some churches. He violates race prejudice, social lines, and all the absurd and multitudinous distinctions of our time. Especially does He love to share himself with the poor, the lowly and the outcast. Now, as in Capernaum, he eats with sinners and the socially non-elect. As the Christian Herald once said, the world draws many horizontal lines through society; but Jesus has no care for these so-called distinctions between upper, and middle and lower classes. He draws only one line to divide men, and it is vertical. On one side are his friends, and on the other his foes.

New doctrine indeed was this—no new patch on the old coat of Judaism, no new content for ancient religious wine-skins. Within and without, with a newness that was revolutionary, Jesus came to make all things new. He preached a kingdom of brotherhood, of service, of allegiance to God, and of personal salvation. Wherever that gospel has gone, whether to the painted savages of ancient Britian, or to the China of today, it has made all things new, and spread a wonderful feast for whosoever will sit at Christ's table.

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MARX BROS. & HESS.
The Store That Makes Good.

MRS. THOMAS COLLINS CLAIMED BY DEATH

Death Comes, Monday, After a Brief Illness.

THE PASSING OF A CHRISTIAN WOMAN

Mrs. Collins Is a Member of the United Brethren Church and Is Held in the Highest Regard by a Multitude of Friends—She Leaves Three Children.

Mrs. Thomas Collins died from the infirmities of age and catarrh of the stomach, Monday morning at 2 o'clock, at her home on south Greenwood street.

Mrs. Collins, who was well known, had been in failing health for months, but it was not believed until last Friday that her condition was serious. Her death marks the passing of a lovable woman, whose noble Christian character endeared her to a host of friends. She was a member of the United Brethren church, and had been active in church circles until late years when her advanced age and failing health compelled her to remain at home.

The deceased is survived by three children. They are Lewis Collins, of Indianapolis, and Joseph and Laura Collins, of this city, all of whom were at her bedside when death came.

The funeral services were held at the late residence, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Miles officiated. The remains were placed in the Marion cemetery vault.

CAPTAIN JOB WHYSALL DIES SUNDAY MORNING

Death Comes After a Very Short Illness at Bucyrus.

Captain Job Whysall, of Pittsburgh, father of George Whysall, co-receiver for the Columbus, Marion & Delaware Railway company, died suddenly from the infirmities of age in the Crawford county hospital at Bucyrus, early Sunday morning.

Captain Whysall had passed the winter in Florida and reached Bucyrus on his way home to visit his son, Saturday afternoon. That evening he was stricken ill, presumably as a result of his long journey, and was removed to the hospital.

Captain Whysall was born at Ilkeston, England, July 28, 1831. He came to the United States in 1850, and eight years later was married to Miss Jean Souter, who died in January, 1910. Three children were born to them, the only surviving one being George Whysall, of Bucyrus.

The deceased is also survived by one brother, Captain Joseph Whysall, and two sisters, Mrs. Mary Smith and Mrs. Samuel Cunningham, all of Pittsburgh, and three grandchildren, Ruth and Charles Whysall, of Bucyrus, and Herbert Whysall, of Marion.

The remains were taken to Pittsburgh for burial Tuesday.

TWO FIREMEN DIE IN A TRUCK CRASH

Test Is Being Made of Automobile Fire Truck.

Shenandoah, Pa., March 18.—Two firemen were killed and two other men are seriously injured here today during the test of an automobile fire truck which was being exhibited by a Charlestown, North Carolina, company.

The dead are Walter Jones and John Knapp.

Walter Harland, who was demonstrating the car, and William Emanuel, a fireman, were badly hurt. The truck skidded and crashed into a curb.

Funeral Held Sunday.

Charles Stoll, of this city, returned home Monday from Nashville. Holmes county, where he attended the funeral of a cousin, Elvin Harris, who had both legs cut off in a railroad accident. Harris, who was in the grocery business at Nashville, was struck by a train at Lakeville, five miles from his home a week ago last Saturday. He stepped from one track to another to escape an approaching train and got directly in front of a train coming from the rear. Both legs were amputated. He died in a hospital at Wooster last Wednesday. The funeral was held Sunday.

If you are truthful you will have to admit that you are more or less gossipy.

The man who steals a watch ought to wind up in jail.

The RICHELIEU STORE.

Crisp Graham Wafers

fresh from the oven.

They are crisp and have the quality-flavor that satisfies. Our line of fancy cakes and crackers is complete.

Philopena, Macaroon Jumbles, Pilot Wafers, Frotana, Nabisco, Fig Newtons, Toasterettes—this is a portion of our variety.

Special crackers for every use. Tell us what you want it for and we will furnish the cracker to fit the occasion.

Specialists in Things Good to Eat — R. T. LEWIS & CO. — Phone 130

An Alarm Clock

---that needs winding only every eighth day. Something new and sells at only

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Inquire of Agents, Hocking Valley Ry. for information.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

HOCKING VALLEY.

North—*7:08 a. m.; 10:05 a. m.; 4:05 p. m.; †6:10 p. m.; 11:15 p. m.

South—5:55 a. m.; 7:20 a. m.; 10:30 a. m.; *1:18 p. m.; 7:20 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

†Runs to Marion only. A half hour later on Sunday.

ERIE.

Southwest—10:27 a. m.; 5:18 p. m.; 1:00 a. m.

East—5:38 a. m.; 12:53 p. m.; 11:55 p. m.; 5:57 p. m.

CHICAGO & ERIE.

West—10:25 a. m.; 12:05 a. m.; *7:05 a. m.; *15:10 p. m.

East—5:38 a. m.; *†9:55 a. m.; *5:10 a. m.; 5:57 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

†Runs to Marion only.

‡Runs to Ohio City only.

BIG FOUR.

Eastbound—8:00 a. m., local; 9:20 a. m.; 12:32 p. m.; 7:33 p. m.; 10:45 p. m.; *5:27 p. m.

Westbound—5:42 a. m.; 9:56 a. m.; 1:55 p. m.; 7:13 p. m.; *3:10 p. m.

*Daily, except Sunday.

PENNSYLVANIA.

North—6:52 p. m.; *12:20 p. m.

South—10:20 a. m.; *8:00 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

C., D. & M. ELECTRIC.

Depart Southbound—6 a. m.; 7 a. m.; 8 a. m.; 9 a. m.; 11 a. m.; 12 m.; 1 p. m.; 3 p m; 4 p. m.; 5 p. m.; 6 p. m.; 7 p. m.; 9 p. m.; *11 p. m.

Arrive Northbound—†5.55 a. m.; †6.55 a. m.; †7.55 a. m.; 8.55 a. m.; 9.55 a. m.; 10.55 a. m.; 12.55 p. m.; 1.55 p. m.; 2.55 p. m.; 4.55 p. m.; 5.55 p. m.; 6:55 p. m.; 8:55 p. m.; 10:55 p. m.

*Goes to Delaware only. †From Stratford only.

Hourly service Sundays and holidays.

C., M. B. ELECTRIC.

Northbound—Cars leave for Bucyrus at 6 a. m., 8 a. m., 10 a. m.; 12:05 p. m., 2 p. m.; 4 p. m., 6 p. m., 9 p. m.

Southbound—Cars leave Bucyrus for Marion at 7 a. m., 9:05 a. m., 11:10 a. m.; 1:05 p. m., 3:05 p. m., 5:05 p. m., 7:10 p. m., 10:20 p. m.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FRANK PHILLIPS GETS LONG TERM IN PRISON

Judge W. E. Scofield Gives Him Seven Years.

FELLOW IS TAKEN TO THE PENITENTIARY

Prisoner Claims He Is Innocent and Asks for Mercy of the Court. Decision Is Given in Contention as to the Will of Late William Thew—Court Notes.

Frank Phillips, convicted of burglarizing the Parisian dyehouse on south State street, was sentenced to serve seven years at hard labor in the Ohio penitentiary by Judge William E. Scofield shortly before 11 o'clock Tuesday morning. Phillips, heavily manacled, was taken to Columbus by Sheriff John G. Stark and Police Chief John F. McDonough on the twelve-o'clock interurban car. The officers had received a tip that an effort to effect the prisoner's rescue probably would be made by certain of his pals and every precaution was taken by them to prevent anything of the kind.

"I want to tell you" asserted Chief McDonough just before he started, "if anybody gets on the car and tries to start something there will be plenty of shooting." And the chief slapped his gun.

Attorney John DeGolley, Phillips' counsel, made an eloquent plea for clemency after the court had overruled his motion for a new trial on the main ground of newly-discovered evidence.

"I'm innocent of the Richland county job and I'm innocent of this," said Phillips when asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed. "I am innocent your honor and would like another chance to lead a better life. I ask the mercy of the court."

Phillips stood behind a chair and displayed considerable nervousness. His voice was clear and distinct, however.

Half a hundred people assembled in the court-room to hear the judge sentence Phillips, whose counsel admitted that he had served ten years from Richland county for safeblowing. It had been planned to arraign him at 9 o'clock, but the court stenographer did not arrive in the city from Upper Sandusky until 10:30 o'clock and Judge Scofield did not send for the prisoner until after that official put in an appearance in court. Phillips had also served time from Morrow county.

Judge Scofield, in passing sentence, declared that he was not disposed to give the prisoner a lecture. He thought that it was a singular coincidence that Phillips, after having been twice convicted for a similar crime, should be arrested in a room where there were all sorts of burglar tools and nitroglycerine with which to blow open safes. He said such a coincidence must appear as singular even to the defendant's counsel. He added that the prisoner had been found surrounded by all the instruments used by the hardened criminal in his war upon society.

"Society must be protected," asserted the court. He spoke at some length on the fact that the prisoner failed to take the witness stand to explain the situation if he were innocent. After mentioning that, notwithstanding that Phillips had served time for other crimes, he had not abandoned his way of living, he pronounced sentence. Phillips calmly sat down to await his removal to the jail by the sheriff and Chief McDonough. Phillips is forty-five years of age.

Suits on account to recover judgments against E. C. Gabler, of Portland, Oregon, and Martin L. Alexander and Cecil Alexander, of Detroit, were begun in the court of common pleas, Tuesday, by the Bindley Grocery company, of this city, through Attorney Hoke W. Donithen. The plaintiff asks judgment against Gabler for $606.63 with six per cent. interest from August 8, 1910, and against the Alexanders for $305.40 with six per cent. interest from August 26, 1911.

In construing the will of the late William Thew, Tuesday, immediately after passing sentence upon Frank Phillips, a burglar, Judge William E. Scofield held that the children of the parties named as legatees can not succeed to the interests of their dead parents. Only the children of the parties named in the will surviving at the expiration of thirteen years following the demise of the testator, and the descendants of the children who have died since the expiration of thirteen years are entitled to an inheritance under provision, No. 66, of the will, which distributes about $28,000 to many heirs in fifteen different states.

Judge Scofield held that the testator did not intend that the estate should vest until one year after the death of three persons named in the will as receiving annuities and not within thirteen years after his own death. Then, according to the terms of the will, the estate should be converted into money and distributed, share and share alike, among certain surviving persons, who are named in the will. Because some of these beneficiaries died before the expiration of thirteen years, the question arose as to whether their children would inherit interests in the estate.

According to Judge Scofield's decision the children of the dead legatees can not inherit their parents' interest. The court construed the will upon the application of Executors J. W. Thew, John Wesley Thew and H. W. Thew, who desired to make a distribution in accordance with the testator's directions.

In the partition suit of Mollie Butler against Martha A. Underwood, Eva Williams has elected to take 57½ acres of land in Claridon township at its appraised value of $5,750 and Judge Scofield, Tuesday, ordered the remainder of the estate, about forty acres, sold.

Judge Scofield, Tuesday, affirmed the lower court in the error proceeding of George E. Stayner, who was fined $50 and costs by Mayor John G. Selter for violation of the Rose law. The court declared the evidence against Stayner for bootlegging was very strong.

The damage action of Mark Q. Chase against C. W. Jacoby was taken out of assignment, Tuesday, and the cause of Lill against Leffler, an action to set aside a deed, was set down in its place for Thursday, March 28.

The divorce case of Rutter against Rutter will be heard next Monday.

In the suit of the Home Building Savings & Loan company against E. E. Bush and others, Judge W. E. Scofield has overruled the demurrer to the answer and cross-petition of W. T. Owen, administrator of the estate of Henry Cope.

A transcript of the peace complaint of Isaac B. Smith against Glenn Adney has been filed in the court of common pleas. Adney was placed under a $100 bond to keep the peace a month ago, because he had threatened violence to sixteen-year-old Harry Smith, son of Isaac B. Smith.

In the old suit of Daniel Murphy against the Marion Baseball company, the plaintiff, through Attorneys Scofield & Durfee, filed a motion in the court of common pleas, Tuesday to compel the plaintiff to elect between identical items sued for in each cause of action in his third amended petition. It is also asked that the plaintiff be made to comply with former orders of the court, and separately state and number his causes of action.

County Auditor Jay Spaulding and President G. H. Foster, of the city board of review, went to Columbus, Tuesday, to attend a meeting of the state's taxing officials called by the state tax commission.

CASPER DAUM FINED BY JUSTICE GOMPF

Is Arrested for Cruelty to Animals and Pleads Guilty.

Casper Daum, a drayman, was arraigned before Justice Charles E. Gompf on a charge of cruelty to animals, Tuesday at 9:30 o'clock. He pleaded guilty and was fined five dollars and costs, which he arranged to pay.

"Now, I'tell you, Daum," said Justice Gompf, "the best thing you can do is to let the hops alone. You're a little bit tipsy now."

Daum denied the allegation and went out of the room mumbling something about not neglecting his family.

According to Humane Officer J. W. Ulsh, Daum starved a cow, a calf and a colt. The cow died and the calf and colt were found in a serious condition by the authorities.

Daum is married and has eight children. He lives on Church street near Forest Lawn avenue.

To Retain Pastor.

A meeting of the congregation of the Salem Evangelical church was held at the church, Monday evening, for the purpose of taking action on retaining the present pastor, Rev. C. J. Keppel. Rev. Mr. Keppel received a call to St. Louis at an increase of salary, but the congregation voted unanimously to retain the pastor and his salary will probably be increased at the next meeting of the church council.

WILLIAMS TAKES RIDE ON PILOT OF ENGINE

Hauled to Hospital and Is Found Unhurt.

ALLOWED TO SOBER IN THE CITY PRISON

Fellow Objects To Being "Insected" in the Hospital and Officer Decides He Should Be Locked Up for His Own Protection—An Accident on the Erie Tracks.

Struck by a westbound Erie extra freight train at the Main street crossing and carried nearly a square on the engine pilot, William Williams, forty-two years old, a junk buyer, was rushed in an ambulance to the Marion City hospital, Monday afternoon shortly after 5 o'clock, only to be discharged from that institution as unhurt and conveyed in the same ambulance to the city prison, where, instead of occupying an undertaker's slab or a hospital cot, he was locked up for safe keeping. Even after his terrifying experience, Williams, according to Patrolman James Cusic, was still under the influence of a prize jag.

Williams had started for his home on Cottage street when the accident happened. He was driving a team attached to a light top wagon. When he came to the Big Four crossing the watchman shouted a warning and tried to stop him. Williams emitted an oath and drove on the tracks almost directly in front of the Erie train,, which was running not more than eight miles an hour. The wagon was reduced to kindling wood and Williams landed on the pilot. The engineer stopped his train a little beyond the alley between Main and Prospect streets, where Williams was tenderly lifted from the pilot and placed on the ground. Dr. J. M. Hoskins, who happened to be on the scene, glancing at the man, said that he looked like he might be seriously hurt.

A hurry call was sent to the Hess & Markert ambulance and Williams was taken to the hospital on Blaine avenue. Patrolman Cusic, who was standing on the public square and witnessed the accident, accompanied him in the ambulance. At the hospital he was removed on the ambulance cot and carried up the winding stairway to the operating room.

When Williams caught sight of the several white-capped nurses standing around, he sat bolt upright on his cot. "I'm goin' home," he stammered. "You don't insect me."

Dr. A. Rhu, the Erie surgeon, had not yet arrived, and Williams fought desperately. Finally he was allowed to rise and the nurses made an examination of him. He was found not only unhurt, but he did not even have a bruise.

"I think the best thing we can do is to lock this fellow up for his own protection," volunteered Patrolman Cusic, and Williams was bundled into the ambulance and taken to prison. After passing two hours in a cell Williams was sufficiently sobered to be released and was ordered home. His horses, which were uninjured, had been placed in a livery barn.

Williams is married and has a family of five children.

A corn and alfalfa special to be run over the Erie railroad by the College of Agriculture of the Ohio State university will visit Marion, April 5, at noon, and will make a stop of forty-five minutes. Lectures will be given on corn growing and alfalfa culture, the purpose of the pictures being to give farmers useful information that will avoid the loss caused by the planting of corn that will grow and the improper culture of alfalfa.

The special lecture train will run from Cleveland to Kenton April 3, 4 and 5. During the three days, twenty-five lecture stops will be made. The lectures will be given on board the train with night meetings at Akron and Mansfield. The train is operated and equipped free by the Erie and the College of Agriculture furnishes the lecturers and literature to be distributed at each stop. Luis Jackson, industrial commissioner of the Erie, and A. B. Graham, superintendent of agricultural extension in the College of Agriculture will have charge of the train. The lecturers will be A. G. McCall, W. H. Darst, C. J. Grant and C. S. Wheeler. Directions for making the germination test of seed corn will be given. The Ohio experiment station men state that fully one-fifth of the seed corn in Ohio this year will not grow, and that one bad seed ear will cause a loss of at least three bushels of corn.

The train will reach Martel at 10 o'clock, April 5, and after remaining there forty-five minutes will leave for Caledonia. It will arrive there at 11 o'clock, and, after a stay of forty-five minutes there, will leave for Marion. As stated, it will arrive here at noon. It will reach DeCliff at 1:10 p. m. on the day named, the trip to be completed when the train reaches Kenton at 3 o'clock.

The train should not be confused with the Ohio Booster car which, as was noted last week, will arrive here on a similar mission, March 28, and will be stationed here from 8 a. m. to 11:45 a. m.

Child Is Injured.

John, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Schroeter, of east Center street, fell from a velocipede, Tuesday morning, and struck on his head, sustaining a large cut in his scalp.

MRS. LUCY SCHMELZER DIES TUESDAY MORNING

Death Is the Result of an Illness of Six Months.

A CHARTER MEMBER OF REBEKAH LODGE

Held in High Regard by Many Friends—Mrs. Schmelzer Is Survived by Three Children—The Funeral Services Were Held at Trinity Baptist Church Thursday.

Mrs. Lucy Schmelzer, forty-nine years old, widow of Andrew Schmelzer, died from dropsy and complications at her home, No. 277 Bellevue avenue, Tuesday morning at 12:30 o'clock, after an illness of six months. Her death was not unexpected.

The deceased was a native of Union county, and was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Hall. She moved to this county a quarter of a century ago with her husband. She is survived by three children: Ezra, Ray and Fay Schmelzer.

Mrs. Schmelzer was a charter member of Sosnowski Rebekah lodge and also belonged to the Companions of the Foresters.

The funeral was held at the Trinity Baptist church, of which the deceased was a member, Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. Walter A. King officiated.

JUDGE CALEB NORRIS FOR SUPREME BENCH

A Petition Will Be Presented Governor Harmon.

A petition, urging Governor Harmon to appoint Judge Caleb H. Norris to the supreme court vacancy caused by the death of Associate Justice James L. Price, is being circulated among the members of the Marion County Bar association. The name of Judge William E. Scofield, who has been mentioned for the honor, appears first on the list.

The long and brilliant service of Judge Norris on the common pleas and circuit benches and his generally recognized ability as a jurist are believed to be qualifications which the governor, in making the appointment, can not overlook.

Judge Norris is not a candidate for the appointment, but it is declared that he will accept if it is tendered him.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT THE PARSONAGE

Miss Icy Bell McCoy and Mr. Lloyd V. Ward.

Miss Icy Bell McCoy and Mr. Lloyd Victor Ward were united in marriage by Rev. D. N. Kelly, at the Wesley M. E. church parsonage on Olney avenue, Sunday night at 9 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward will make their future home on Vine street. The groom is employed by the Erie as a local switchman and came here the first of the year from Akron.

WILL MAKE FUTURE HOME AT PROSPECT

Mrs. Sarah E. Price and Mr. James A. Mayfield.

Mrs. Sarah Emma Price, of this city, and Mr. James A. Mayfield, of Prospect, were united in marriage by Rev. J. W. Miles at the United Brethren church parsonage on south Prospect street, Sunday evening at 6:30 o'clock.

The groom is a grocer. Mr. and Mrs. Mayfield will make their future home at Prospect.

WILLIAM A. SEARCH DIES IN A HOSPITAL

Relatives Here Receive a Message Tuesday.

Relatives here received a message, Tuesday announcing the death of William A. Search in the state hospital in Columbus.

Mr. Search was forty-four years of age and was sent to the hospital in 1892.

The remains were brought here for interment.

POLICE COURT.

Ernest Roecker, of north Main street, is holding the bag for eleven dollars as a result of cashing a forged check for Charles Bell, who until a week ago was employed at Long brothers' livery barn, on north Main street. Bell was employed at the barn about a month and cashed several checks at Roecker's place, on north Main street.

A week ago last Saturday, Bell asked Roecker to cash a check for eleven dollars This was Bell's weekly salary and the amount of the checks previously cashed for him by Roecker. Regardless of this fact Roecker called the barn where Bell had been employed and was informed that Bell had been given a check for the amount mentioned. The check was given to others by Mr. Roecker and it was a week before it made the trip to the bank and was returned to Roecker. It then developed that Bell had made a duplicate from the original check and thereby was able to cash the forged check without much suspicion.

Since cashing the check, Bell has left the city and his whereabouts are unknown. Roecker filed an affidavit in the mayor's court, Monday morning, charging him with forgery.

It's difficult to discourage a girl who can't sing.

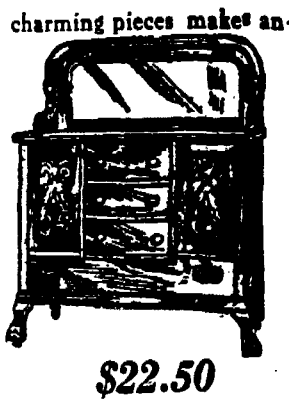
CASH OR CREDIT — YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

A Beautiful Dining Room At Small Cost

The extremely low prices on these charming pieces makes another wonner of our March Sale.

$18.75

$11.75



$22.50

This beautiful dining room set is made of solid oak and finished in a beautiful shade of golden finish. One of the many bargains at this store.

The Hoover-Rowlands Co. Makers of Happy Homes
111 Norsh Main Street

MISS MARY ATKINSON DIES MONDAY MORNING

Death Comes as Result of Brief Illness.

SHE SUFFERS ATTACK OF TYPHOID FEVER

Deceased Is a Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Levi Atkinson and Resides in This City Since 1892—The Arrangements for the Funeral Services Tuesday.

Miss Mary Atkinson, nineteen years old, died of typhoid fever and brain complications at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Atkinson, No. 243 Reed avenue, Monday morning at 1:15 o'clock, after an illness of sixteen days.

Miss Atkinson was a young woman of pleasing personality, and her untimely death will be learned with profound sorrow.

The deceased was born in Jay county, Indiana, June 6, 1892, and moved to this city with her parents in November, 1899. She was a member of the Emanuel Lutheran church.

The funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon at the church, Rev. J. W. Schillinger officiating.

FARMERS AND FRUIT GROWERS HEAR TALK

Are Shown How To Prune and Spray Fruit Trees.

About fifty farmers and fruit growers witnessed the pruning and spraying demonstration given by J. H. Gourley on the H. W. Johnston farm, three miles south of the city on the Prospect pike, Monday afternoon, from 1 to 4 o'clock. Mr. Gourley is connected with the college of agriculture of the Ohio State university in Columbus and he is an expert in this work. He showed how fruit trees should be pruned, and how to spray for such insects as San Jose scale, scurfy scale and coddling moth. Close attention was paid him and those who witnessed the demonstration were well repaid for the time spent. Another lecture by another party will be given in this county in about two weeks. This will be the last lecture here this year.

Accounts Are Sold.

Unpaid accounts amounting to more than $2,000 were sold by S. H. Delong, trustee-in-bankruptcy for Dr. Francis M. Baldwin, at the Marion Savings bank, Tuesday afternoon Three bids were received, the best one being that of Dr. Baldwin's wife who bid $120.50. The unpaid claims were awarded to her.

BOWEL TROUBLE IS THE CAUSE OF DEATH

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Arndt Lose Little One.

Florence Alice Arndt, aged two months and twenty-seven days, adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Arndt, died of bowel trouble at the family residence, No. 416 east George street, Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The infant was only recently taken from an orphans' home in Cleveland.

The funeral services were held from the family residence, Monday at 10 o'clock, followed by interment in the Marion cemetery.

JOINED IN MARRIGE BY JUSTICE GOMPF

Miss Olive L. Smith and Mr. Sterl Noggle.

Miss Olive L. Smith and Mr. Sterl Noggle were united in marriage by Justice Charles E. Gompf, Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at his office on south Main street.

The groom is a railroad fireman. He and his bride will make their future home in this city.

A marriage license has been issued to Miss Olive L. Smith and Sterl Noggle.

MRS. MINSCHALL IS FOUND DEAD IN BED

William G. Minschall Receives a Message Monday.

William G. Minschall, one of the proprietors of Hotel Marion, Monday, received word that his mother, Mrs. Susan Minshall, had been found dead in bed at her home at Adelphia in Ross county Monday morning. Mrs. Minschall had been in failing health for some little time and her demise was not unexpected.

Heart trouble is thought to have been the cause of death. Mrs. Minschall had visited her sons, William and Freeland Minschall, here quite frequently.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE JOINED IN MARRIAGE

Miss Katherine M. Goerlich and Mr. Esta E. Watson.

Miss Katherine M. Goerlich, of this city, and Mr. Esta E. Watson, of Mt. Gilead, were united in marriage by Rev. George M. Rourke, of the First Presbyterian church, at the home of Mrs. William Stevens, of Union street, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The couple were unattended.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson will probably make their home in this city.

Broken or Cracked

Castings of all kinds, sizes and descriptions welded by a new and scientific process. We weld Cast Iron, Malleable Iron, Steel, Aluminum, Wrought Iron, Wrought Steel and any metal that melts.

Farm Machinery,	Cylinders (Gas, Pump or Auto)
Printing "	Engine Eccentrics,
Lumber "	Cast Iron Furnaces,
Laundry "	Steel Boilers,
Elevator "	Cog and Gear Wheels,
Shoe "	Radiators,
Ice "	Pump Parts,
ALL KINDS MACHINERY	Scale Parts,
	ETC., ETC.

We make a specialty of repairing cracked or broken Automobile parts, such as Cylinders, Crank Shafts, Gear and Transmission (Aluminum or Cast-Iron) Cases, Frames, Intakes and Manifolds, Housings, Lamp Brackets, Step Braces, etc., etc.

All inquiries given prompt attention. Work guaranteed. Freight or express to us parts to be repaired and we will quote you our prices before proceeding with the work.

The Columbus Welding Shop.
294-296 North Third St.
Bell Phone-Main 754. Columbus, Ohio.

Paint and Varnish Stain

We handle the famous Para Paint. Every can is guaranteed. Note the prices.

½ pint can	10c
1 pint can	17c
1 quart can	32c
½ gallon can	62c
1 gallon can	$1.20

Capitol Lacquer, Varnish Stain, None Better and Few as Good.

¼ pint cans	10c
½ pint cans	17c
1 pint cans	32c
1 quart cans	54c

TOKIO VARNISH STAIN.
10c a ½ pint.
20c a pint.
30c a quart.

Yours for business,

B. J. SNOW
113 South Main Street.

Never before have the feminine shoe styles been so chic and pretty and never has our assortment been so varied. The

Smart Spring Footwear

is here and ready for your choosing.

Pumps and Colonials, tans, white, velvet—a showing you'll enthuse over

$2.00, $2.50, $3.50

STARR SHOE STORE
Corner Center and North Prospect Streets

NewspaperARCHIVE®

SENATOR BURTON HOLDS RECALL UNTHINKABLE

He Addresses the Constitutional Convention Today.

DEFINES STAND ON PROPOSALS

Senator Burton Favors Giving Initiative and Referendum Each a Trial, and Within Limits Making Them Part of Political Policy of State—Taxation Problem.

Columbus, O., March [illegible] the Ohio constitutional convention, Senator Theodore Burton today outlined his attitude toward several important proposals that are holding the attention of the delegates. At the beginning of his address Mr. Burton congratulated the convention upon its action in deciding upon an amendment for the issuance of $50,000,000 in bonds for the construction of improved highways in the state. He deprecated attempts being made to obtain national aid for good roads within the borders of any commonwealth, holding that the tendency of such a policy would be to diminish local initiative and to vest increasing authority in the federal government. In view of Ohio's large proportionate share of taxation, the senator said it is not an exaggeration to say that she would pay $6, or even more, for every dollar she would receive from the federal govrnment.

National aid, in the opinion of the senator, would point to the establishment of the principle that the federal government helps those who do not help themselves and places alert, progressive communities on the same footing with those which neglect or refuse to provide for their own needs He thought the disproportionate burden imposed upon the people of Ohio in case this plan were adopted should be thoroughly understood. If it is advocated, he said, let every one clearly understand what is meant, namely, that he is spending $6 for every $1 that he receives and is fostering a policy which places those who have no energy on the same footing with those who meet their full responsibilities.

The Liquor Question.

Mr. Burton declared he was glad to note that the question of woman suffrage and the regulation of the liquor traffic had been left to a vote of the people each as a separate proposition. Nothing is more desired, he said, than that the mooted liquor question should be removed from politics. It is but fair that the people should have opportunity for a full and free expression on this problem, which he stated should be kept as far as possible distinct from other issues presented to the people or considered by the legislature. Senator Burton proceeded:

In this connection I wish merely to suggest to the convention the desirability of submitting the constitution to a vote of the people, separate from any other issue. You, its members, know better than I whether it is practicable to prescribe a vote at a different date from that of the coming presidential election. The issues of a general election, the decisions to be reached relating to the constitution, are both alike questions of surpassing moment, and it is desirable that without complication they may be separately considered by the people.

Taxation Problem.

The question of taxation has evoked much discussion in the state. I am especially opposed to the present rigid rule of uniformity in laying taxes. It is impossible to place intangible assets on the same footing with land and tangible property which are in the public view and readily open to inspection of the assessor. It is a question whether it is best to place any rigid limits upon the right of the legislature to classify objects of taxation.

There is a large field for obtaining contributions for public expenses by means of an excise or privilege tax on both public service and private corporations. One of the most serious defects of the present Ohio constitution is the doubtful authority it confers on the legislature to impose excise taxes. The new instrument should leave no doubt as to this power.

Inheritance taxes have been adopted in nearly all the states. While this species of tax lays a reasonable tribute on wealth it occasions less disarrangement in the prosecution af enterprise than a levy on active capital. A graded inheritance tax also tends to prevent the accumulation and transmission of what are called "swollen fortunes."

In a well adjusted system of taxation there should be some dividing line between the respective levies of the federal and state governments. The most natural division would seem to leave income taxes to the federal government and inheritance taxes to the states.

I should question the advisability of any constitutional limitations of the rate of taxation, however welcome it may be to the taxpayers of the state. One thing is inevitable—that with the growth of the functions of government, public undertakings will tend to increase There will be a variety of public measures for the relief of suffering and disease, for the care of defective classes, for ameliorating the conditions of the poor and aged, and for various public improvements. All these are incident to a progressive society, in which greater regard is had for humanity and for securing a better utilization of the resource of the state. Sanitariums for consumptives and good roads are illustrations of forms of public expenditure which will surely increase in the future.

While this taxation is always regarded as a burden, it should not be an object of dread, if there is economical and efficient administration and public funds are devoted to purposes which admittedly promote the public welfare.

A rule for the imposition of the so-called double liability on stockholders of state banks is certainly worthy of your consideration. The national banking law has a rule to this effect. In this connection it may be said that the prevalent apprehension of the dangers from publicity in requiring statements from corporations and from supervision over them has been absolutely disproved by the experience of the national banks which, under severe laws and regulations, have afforded investments of capital among the most profitable in the country.

Initiative and Referendum.

I am aware that the one question before you which attracts the most earnest attention today is that of the initiative and referendum. As I interpret the vote of the people last autumn, it was in favor of the adoption of these two methods of legislation, and, when properly safeguarded, I not only do not oppose but favor giving each a trial and within limits, making them a part of the political policy of the state. At the same time I must say, with emphasis, that these new methods for expressing popular will should neither be regarded with grave apprehension nor be depended upon for a regeneration of the body politic.

All political conditions are shaped by the ideals of the people. These ideals result from a multitude of causes, from traditions, religious beliefs, political opinions and environment. Physical conditions must also be taken into account. This is especially true in our own country. No one is satisfied with that which he has. There is no rigidity or crystallization in our society The poor of one generation may become the millionaires of the next. There is a constant struggle for advancement in which the weaker are often forced to the wall. Unrelenting, pitiless competition is visible on every side.

We are prone to overrate the effect of the enfranchisement of new classes of voters or of laws which seek to give to the people a larger participation in the government. With the advancement of science and the greater diffusion of intelligence, the influence of the individual is constantly made broader, and this influence is reflected in all the functions of government. If the industrial and commercial classes make more effective use of the ballot and assert a larger political influence than formerly, it is because, in more fundamental ways, they are playing an increasingly prominent part in the nation

In every country, no matter where the law-making power may be vested, there will be certain forces which will take the form of despotism. In this country that despotism is public opinion

Whenever reforms are adopted or great changes made, they are in an important sense the expression of the best thought of the whole people, and that thought will find expression, no matter to what methods it may be limited.

For and Against I. & R.

It is my desire to state at some length the arguments for and against the initiative and referendum.

1 They provide a means for obtaining an expression from all the citizens of the body politic

2 Corruption, favoritism, boss domination and consideration of partisan advantage would naturally be less effective with the mass of the people than with a limited number of legislators.

3. They provide a new method for a test of public judgment upon any question which is of interest to a considerable number of citizens Such a test is often denied in a legislative body.

4. Measures of a most salutary nature are oftentimes defeated by the strenuous opposition of an active minority of citizens, whose condemnation legislators fear to incur. On the other hand, an aggressive and interested group may secure legislation which is not conducive to the general welfare.

5. In an ideal commonwealth, the principle of initiative or referendum would tend to divert the minds of the voters from absorbing interest in party success and the election of favorite candidates to questions of principle.

6. Special emphasis should be laid on the fact that the adoption of the initiative and referendum would be a most powerful influence to stimulate the interest of the people in public affairs and to a sense of their responsibilities as American citizens. To say that it is unsafe to leave important legislative propositions to the people is to confess the existence of a condition which should be remedied. We must always bear in mind that we are under a popular government and that ultimately the people must rule.

1. The general apathy in the performance of political duties makes it difficult to awaken sufficient interest in the mind of the average voter to enable him to reach correct conclusions upon public questions.

2. Question of competency of the average elector It has been customary to refer to the American voter as a man endowed with extraordinary capacity. Such qualifications are rare in a country where unlimited opportunities for material advancement and professional success are so exceptionally inviting as in the United States. The general body of the electorate may be competent to decide great fundamental questions, but the serious difficulty in the way of a wise determination is inattention to public affairs and the predominant interest in subjects other than political.

3. There is danger that under the initiative and referendum there will be a tendency to form groups dominated by a selfish desire to promote the advancement of their own particular interests

4. Legislation of the most helpful and enduring character is always the result of ample discussion and a careful comparison of views. The opportunity for consultation and mature judgment is lacking in case propositions are voted upon in the form in which they are first presented

5. Deny it as we may, a great multitude of voters are often swayed by passion or influenced by superficial judgments or demagogical appeals. It is the exception rather than the rule that the first judgment of the voters, even upon questions of the utmost importance, has been accepted as final.

6 The adoption of direct legislation would diminish the prestige and usefulness of legislative bodies and lower the quality of their membership The members would become accustomed to evading responsibility in the face of popular agitation and would refer to a popular vote questions which they themselves should decide.

Contrary to Original Plan.

It may be conceded that the adoption of direct legislation is contrary to the original plan upon which both the national and state constitutions were based. The essential ideas in that plan were·

1. That it is impracticable to govern by a direct democracy in any country having a large population or extended territory. 2. That the best substitute for direct participation is to give the law-making power to representative bodies.

A further reason for this plan was the opinion that men in public affairs who perform their duties under the sanction of an oath and who must be responsible to their constituencies for their conduct, will presumably feel a deeper sense of responsibility than those who make up the general electorate.

Through all discussions relating to the adoption of the federal constitution may be noticed two co ordinate ideas—first, that the will of the people should prevail, and second, and equally important, that it should be deliberately expressed The framers of the constitution believed that wisdom in legislation is not always the result of first impressions or temporary impulses. It has been said that they were alike afraid of the despot and the mob.

If the initiative and referendum are to be adopted, and, as already stated, the voice of the people in the state of Ohio last autumn seems to be conclusive of a desire to that effect, certain safeguards should be insisted upon.

Favors Safeguards.

1. The plan adopted by the Swiss confederation should be followed, under which propositions for initiative are first submitted to the legislative body for acceptance or rejection, as well as for revision and the presentation of an alternative proposition before they are submitted to the electorate. This plan will insure adequate discussion of the proposition in question. It will also be possible to present alternative propositions similar in nature for the conideration of the people.

2. It should also be within the power of the legislature to govern the method of signing petitions and to prevent corrupt practices in relation thereto. If the percentage required is small, an active element could obtain the necessary signatures of many persons who are proverbially reluctant to refuse to sign petitions whatever their character may be. It might be well to require that petitions be left at some public office where they may be signed only in the presence of qualified officials. It is of equal importance that petitions should be signed not merely in large cities or one portion of the state, but that the petitioners should be distributed throughout a reasonable proportion of all the political subdivisions of the state. This does not mean that a single county should be able to prevent the submission of a question, but it does mean that there should not be the possibility of contests between city and country, or the necessity of asking an election with all its burdens on the initiative of petitioners in a limited portion of the commonwealth

Should a certain percentage of the electorate be required for the adoption of any proposition? On this subject it must be said that there are manifest objections to a rule which gives the powed of negation to those voters who are indifferent or inattentive. The functions of government must be performed, and those who discharge the high responsibilities of the franchise ought not to be defeated by those who ignore it.

In the practical working of the initiative and referendum, I regard it as more important that there be a limit on the number of propositions submitted at one time. It is desirable that a considerable degree of discretion be left to the legislature. It is manifest that the popular expression will be more accurate and valuable when the issues to be passed upon are clean cut and free from complication

It goes without saying that material distinction should be made between mere statutory provisions and those which pertain to constitutions and basic law. In no other way can the rights of minorities be protected and that stability be secured which is an essential part of the civic life and industrial and commercial prosperity of every community

The Recall Problem.

I regard it as hardly worth while to take your time in opposing arguments for the recall of judges or judicial decisions. To my mind both of these alike are unthinkable. The function of judges is not to pass laws; it is to interpret them, to maintain justice and right between man and man One important part of their duty is to stand firmly against the oppression of majorities and the power of selfish interests. It is of the utmost importance that judges should, as far as possible, be removed from the turmoil and strife of political contests and from the demands which are based upon excitement or clamor. A defeated litigant is seldom philosophical. Oftentimes decisions must be rendered which offend numerous citizens, and that judge, who by reason of the fear of an abrupt removal must constantly stand in awe of discontent or excitement, cannot properly perform his duty.

I must say that the natural sequence of the recall of judges would be the recall of judicial decisions. If you remove a judge for his conduct of a murder trial, why not hold a popular vote to determine whether the criminal should be hanged or freed? Why not subject the question of pardoning convicts to a popular vote?

The judiciary is the distinctively characteristic feature of our political system, and we cannot allow its dignity or stability to be menaced without causing the whole fabric of our government to totter. I do not say this because of any exaggerated reverence for judges. Sometimes their decisions have been biased, sometimes incorrect, and on more occasions tainted by corruption, but adequate remedies can be provided to correct their decisions or to remove the judge from office. There have, no doubt, been some instances of late where a removal would have had a salutary effect. We cannot condemn the muck-rakers when they sustain their attacks upon judges by specific facts, but we must condemn them when they indulge in generalities and visit unfounded criticism upon the bench, or any other branch of our official life.

The Legislator.

I should be untrue to my association of more than 20 years if I did not say a few words in defense of that much abused citizen, the legislator. Some of the most radical arvocates of the initiative and referendum base their arguments upon the most absurd contention that there are no honest men to be found who can be trusted to make laws, or, if there are such men the people are incompetent to find them. If this is true, can you trust the whole body of the electorate? Others advocate an equally absurd opinion that a citizen may be very honest as such, but when he is elected to represent his county or his district in legislative bodies, he becomes subject to such influence as to warp his judgment and render him untrustworthy.

The legislator, my friends, is a mirror of the people. He s just that quality of man which the people desire. If they wish him to be as sturdy as an oak and to go down in defeat rather than to swerve one iota from principle, that is the kind of a man you will have in the legislatures of the state or nation. If you wish him to be subservient to every changing current of excitement or clamor, to be constantly seeking to maintain his place by devious means or otherwise, that is the kind of a man you will have

The demand of powerful elements in society, antagonistic one against the other, that every man at Columbus or Washington, shall conform to their wishes, tends to make of these chosen representatives pastmaster in petty politics, evasive and devoid of independence or courage. It is not so much in the office of the legislator itself, but in the selfish insistence of these numerous and oftentimes noisy elements that the danger lies.

I say this with due allowance for recent disclosures of corruption in state legislatures and elsewhere. But these disclosures expose weaknesses of legislators which are exceptional and not the rule. Let the people support their lawmakers to aid in the framing of great statutes for public welfare and progress, and the standard will be raised.

The legislator will get along very well if you do not keep him dodging brickbats all the while. In line with what I said in the beginning, no method of enacting laws will bring us to the gates of the millenium or better conditions unless it be supported by a sane, patriotic and wholesome public opinion. What is needed most of all is that the great body of the people should study the problems of statecrafe and give attention to the management of public affairs.

SOLE SURVIVOR'S TALE OF RUNNING BATTLE

Escaped Convict Is Again Behind the Prison Bars.

Omaha, Neb March 19.—Charles Morely, sole survivor of the convict band which slew the warden of the Nebraska penitentiary, was back within the walls today, and told his story of the running battle in which his two companions and a hostage were slain. Sheriff Myers, who led the posse in the final battle, was at the home of friends here, guarded by state militia from friends of the slain innocent man, who were bent on lynching

The innocent man slain was Roy Blunt, a bridegroom, living on a farm near Gretna.

"We ate and talked with the Blunt boys, Roy and Lloyd, and made them give us a team. We knew the posse was then only about an hour behind us, so we took Roy Blunt as a hostage and left a note for the posse telling them of this. From then we kept out of sight of the posse," said Morely.

"About fourteen miles north of the tracks, the leading buggy of the sheriff's posse, which was strung out back of us for two miles, came within shooting distance. We fired first, but they promptly returned the fire, and the boy, Blunt and Taylor, were killed early in the fight."

It's easier to get left than to be either right or president.

EMBROIDERY CLUB ENJOYS A MEETING

Richwood People Pass a Very Pleasant Evening.

THE SHIPLEY HOME SCENE OF GATHERING

Mrs. J. B. McAllister Entertains a Company of Young Women—The Announcement of an Approaching Marriage — Notes Gathered at Richwood During the Past Week.

Richwood, O., March 18.—[Special.]—The members of the Young Married People's Embroidery club were delightfully entertained, Thursday evening, by their husbands, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Shipley, of north Clinton street. The affair, which was one of the most enjoyable in the history of the club, was planned entirely by the gentlemen and was a success to the minutest detail. The Shipley home, which is ideally arranged for such an affair, was prettily decorated with cut flowers and was brilliantly illuminated throughout. The pretty evening gowns of the ladies added much to the beauty of the scene. Immediately after the arrival of all of the geusts, they were invited to the dining-room. The decorations here were very beautiful, the long table being illuminated with softly-shaded green lights. The flowers were red and green carnations and shamrocks were scattered over the snowy cloth. The plate favors were small green silk flags and pretty bon bon boxes. The boxes for the ladies bore on their tops small shamrocks and these for the gentlemen had small clay pipes. An elaborate five-course dinner was served by Messrs. J. A. Shipley, R. R. Gill, J. P. Brooks and A. R. Klipstine. During the serving of the courses Ackerman's orchestra rendered a number of popular selections. Following the dinner a delightful program was rendered, the company remaining seated at the table Mr. J. F. Rapp acted as toastmaster, almost every guest being called upon for a few remarks. The welcome address was given by Mr. A. B. Simons, Mrs. J. B. McAllister giving the response. The affair proved most delightful throughout.

Miss Myra Pritchard, of Coolville, arrived here, Thursday, from Dayton, to begin her duties as trimmer in Mrs. S. E. Smith's millinery store.

Miss Lou Cook has been absent from her duties at the Wilkins factory, during the past few days, on account of illness.

Miss H. A. Frantz was a business visitor in Dayton, last week.

The older boys of the Union County Y. M. C. A. will hold a conference in the Presbyterian church in Marysville, Friday and Saturday March 22 and 23. A number of Y. M C. A. boys from Richwood are planning to attend.

Mrs. J. B. McAllister entertained company of twelve young women at dinner, Friday evening, at her home on south Franklin street. The affair was given in honor of her sister-in-law, Miss Leah McAllister. After the guests had been seated at the dinner table, which was beautiful with its centerpiece of jonquils and with a red rose at each corner, Miss Helen McAllister and Miss Josephine Howser, representing mail carriers, delivered to each guest a note. The notes were found to contain the announcement of Miss Leah McAllister's engagement to Mr. Fred Gillilan, of Calgary, Canada, the wedding to take place May 1. The interesting news was discussed by the guests, after which a five-course dinner was served, the color theme of red and yellow being observed in the courses. Following the dinner a season of music and social chat was enjoyed.

Mrs. Hylas Moore went to Marion, Saturday, to spend a week with her sister-in-law, Mrs. H. F. Good.

Mrs. Adam Paul, of Springfield, visited her daughter, Mrs. P. J. Speyer, a few days last week She was accompanied here by her daughter, Mrs. Lillian Brown, of Jacksonville, Florida.

Mrs. Joseph Shipley was hostess to the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary society of the Presbyterian church, Wednesday afternoon, at her home on east Ottawa street. A fine program was rendered, Mrs. W. C. Woods being the leader. Papers were read by Mrs. Anna Fulton, Mrs. M E. Stamats and Mrs. C W. Sloop. At the conclusion of the program a delightful social hour was spent, the hostess serving lunch. Several guests were present at the meeting Mrs. M E. Stamats will be hostess to the society in April.

Mr and Mrs William Butler returned home, a few days ago, from Holmes county, where they spent the winter on their farm, near Millersburg

Mrs A A. McGee, of north Franklin street, was hostess to the Ladies' Aid society of the Christian church, Wednesday afternoon at a business and social session Twenty-six ladies were present, nine of this number being guests of the society. A nice program was rendered, those taking part being Mrs H G Kyle, Mrs P. C. Biddle and Mrs William Butler. A very pretty duet was sung by Mrs. R R Gill and Mrs Edward Thompson. The next meeting of the society will be held March 27

C. M. Tannyhill, of La Rue, visited his father, Samuel Tannyhill, Thursday.

Rev. O. W. Williams and family moved their household goods to Mansfield, last week. Rev Mr Williams is engaged in the monument business in that city.

Miss Emma Lentz, at her home on north Franklin street, entertained a small company of friends, Friday evening, in a very delightful manner. Her guests spent the hours with music and other pleasant diversions.

Pearl Donohoe has been dangerously ill, during the past several days, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Donohoe, of west Ottawa street.

Miss Ethel Martins has accepted a position as saleslady at Carmean's store, beginning her duties Saturday.

Mrs. W. T. Wallace, of North Lewisburg, visited her daughters, Mrs. Cecil Holycross and Miss Minnie Wallace, last week.

Miss Lulu Cooper, of Johnstown, was called to Richwood, last week by the critical illness of her sister, Mrs. Daisy Black.

Claiborne Rebekah lodge held a meeting, Wednesday evening, in the I. O. O. F. hall, and initiated three candidates. The degree work was performed by the Broadway team, thirty-five members of the Broadway lodge being present. At the conclusion of the work a social was enjoyed, the younger people spending the hours dancing About midnight the tables were spread for a banquet, covers being laid for 165 persons. Following the banquet dancing was again enjoyed, music being furnished by D. H. Ackerman and Ray Slemmons. The guests from Broadway returned home on the two-o'clock train.

O. A. Keigley was a business visitor in Columbus, Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Inez Humphreys entertained a small company of friends, Wednesday evening, at her home on Beatty avenue. The hours were passed with music and other diversions and the affair proved quite enjoyable.

Miss Meda Curry began her duties, Thursday, as an apprentice in Mrs. Verna Campbell's millinery store.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Roberts left, Friday, for Cleveland, to spend several days with relatives.

Mrs. Jonah Blue and Mrs. George Rosette spent Friday in Delaware, visiting Mrs. Blue's daughter, Mrs. Shur Cheney, who is gradually recovering from the effects of an operation for appendicitis, at the Jane Case hospital.

Miss Grace Sifritt, of Marion, has been the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. M. J. Mather, and other relatives in Richwood, since Friday.

An old-fashioned spelling school was held at the Bigelow schoolhouse, two miles southeast of Richwood, Friday evening, and a number of the pupils of the local public schools attended Fred Cramer, who lives four miles south of Richwood "spelled down" the school and in a mathematical contest, Edgar Allgower, an eighth grade pupil in the Richwood schools, proved himself the most efficient of any one present.

The Knights and Ladies of the Maccabees enjoyed a social in their hall, Friday evening, the evening proving most pleasant. The ladies served an oyster supper, which was the feature of the affair.

LORAIN MAYOR OUSTS SOCIALIST DIRECTOR

Executive Declares Service Director Entirely Incompetent.

Lorain, O., March 19.—Mayor Thomas W. Pape, Socialist, Monday discharged Service Director George A. Storck, also Socialist, and placed L. A. Dawes, Republican, in the office.

The mayor called Storck "entirely incompetent," and said he was dissatisfied with appointments made by Storck. Saturday, following an investigation of affairs in the water works department, Mayor Pape ordered changes to be made. The director refused to carry out the instructions.

Leading Socialists predict a split in the party.

UNCLAIMED MAIL.

The following unclaimed mail remains uncalled for at the local postoffice.

Men—John S Allen, W. A. Bryan, Charles F. P. Brewer A. F. Brady, Frank H. Brady care George Berringer, Dr. W. M. Baldwin, Eldo Carrier, Hollis Coleman, Chester Cox, Giuseppe Casmento, Tony Calabrese, Giuseppe Cicio, Ray Ebersole, C. M Ewell, W. A. Gerlich, George Garrison, Frank B Grantly, Wilbur V. Haynes, Steven Hendricks, Amos Hildebrand, B. M. Jones, Wilbur Koffroth, T. B. Little, W. F. Leitner, Oliver Langham, E. Maynard, Sandy Mitchell, Calvin Moore, Del Moore, T. W. Overman, Maurice Pryor, Marco Pelle, Charles U. Reeves W. P. Sanbored, John Scantlier, Matt Schwartz, T. J. Selders, H. W. Simpson, Mr. Smith

Women—Miss La Adelina, Grace Beaver, Mrs. Anna Baldwin, Mrs. Libbie Campbell, Miss P. Chippman, Mrs. E B. Cramer, Mrs. Elizabeth Drake, Mrs. Ella J. Evans, Cora Grane, Mrs Catherine E. Hay, Mrs. Charley Jones, Mrs. Waldo Loucks, Mrs Gusta Mack, Mrs. Luella Osborne, Martha Odell, Flora Snider, Mrs. Leona Touthorey.

Firms—Marion Canning company.

Foreign—Giacomo Silvestro, Francesco Gugni, Sebastiano Parasiliti fu Carmelo, Mayro Vincenzo.

Notice—When calling say that mail was advertised

M B Dickerson., P M.

Resigns Place.

W. L Beers has handed in to the county commissioners his resignation as a pike commissioner of the Hinamon free turnpike. He asks that the resignation be accepted, because he has removed from the territory.

NOW THREE NATIONAL CAPITALS IN MEXI

General Zapata Makes Cuer vaca the Capital.

Rebel General Has 4,700 Men Support His Republic, but Is fering Inducements to Recr Federal Army Is Advancing.

Mexico City, March 19.—Gen Emilio Zapata, leader of the in rectos in the central and sout states, has proclaimed himself pro ional president of Mexico Cuerenavaca as his capital. T are now three national capital Mexico, the other being at Chi hua.

Zapata has 4,700 men to sup his new republic, but is offering ducements to recruits. A fed army is being moved toward Cu nava with a view to giving batt the Zapatist force.

There are still forty Amer women here, who can't leave o to a lack of funds. Many of t have come into the city from interior. The foreign legions still growing. There are now 1 Americans under arms and 1 Germans.

THE COLONEL'S BLUFF.

Roosevelt has this time kept word and issued his challenge letter to his campaign man he makes a demand for p dential primaries, especially the larger states, urging claim that without such maries he will not be given a s deal in the selection of delegat the Chicago convention. The lenge is that of a demagogue, while it lacks the dangerous tures of his Columbus attack o American Constitution, it seek change at once and on his de the political methods that have prevailed in the greater part o country. Again does Roosevel the honored name of Lincoln t ster up his lost cause and again he resort to the veriest balde in an endeavor to make the p believe that they do not rule i country. It is simply another on the part of Roosevelt to g force the people his new gospel this republic will be wrecked the helm of the ship of stat placed in his hands.

All his charges against the ma ment and methods of the Taft paign are most arrant buncomb no one knows this better than R velt himself. It angered him Chairman McKinley notified man Dixon that he did not th wise to change the rules whil game was in progress, but McK was right. Take the case of land for example. Its legislat now worrying over a presidenti mary bill, gotten up by Dem who hope in this way to pu state in line for Wilson, though know that Maryland Demo sentiment runs strongly again ex-president of Princeton. Th will probably fail, but should it Maryland will go through a primary election farce at whic ten per cent. of the vote of th and state will be cast. As far Republican party in Maryland i cerned in a presidential p Roosevelt would be beaten standstill.

Only a very few of the states a presidential primary law, ma them have no legislatures in se and such primaries as Roo wants would have to be con without any standing in law an by agreement of party organiz Such primaries would be ridi and would be no expression people's will. In fact, this Roosevelt bluff and a mighty one at that. It is a bluff before it was made. Roosevelt this way of keeping his forlor in the limelight, seeking to f his personal ambition by deno all but his corporal's guard lowers as enemies of the co His methods only add to the st of President Taft and make sure his renomination in C next June.—Baltimore Americ

MRS. DANIEL SULT DIES MONDAY MORN

Death Comes After an Illness Years.

Mrs. Daniel Sult, aged sixt years, died at her home in Ri township about six miles sou of Marion, Monday at 8 o She had been in failing healt years, but had been confined bed only about two weeks. Sult is survived by her husba three sons, Albert Irey, of Kansas, Harry Sult and Amsy of Richland township.

The funeral services were at the Canaan church, Tuesd ternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. J Hobson officiating. Brief se were held at the home o'clock. Interment was ma the Canaan cemetery.

Affair in Country.

S. H. Grant celebrated his se fourth birthday at his home Olive, Sunday. A company of seventy-five guests was presen enjoyed various social diver Those in attendance from were: Mr. and Mrs. William and family; Mr. and Mrs L. C Mr. and Mrs Wallace Parrot Mr and Mrs. C. E. Grant.

By performing an autopsy tor hopes to secure inside inf tior

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

HERMAN SCHULTZ IS CLAIMED BY DEATH

Is a Well-Known Resident of Richwood.

LINGERING ILLNESS RESULTS IN DEATH

The Pythian Sisters of Village Observe St. Patrick's Day by Entertaining Large Company at Their Hall—A Fine Banquet Is Served. Some Richwood Notes.

Richwood, O., March 21.—[Special.]—Herman Schutz, one of the best known of the older residents of Richwood, died at his home on north Fulton street, Sunday evening, after a lingering illness of liver trouble. The deceased was born in Baden, Germany, December 24, 1842, being past sixty-nine years old at the time of his death. He was a son of Godfrey and Wilhelmina Schultz. The father, together with a son, the late Fred Schultz, of Delaware, emmigrated to America in 1854. In 1856 the father settled in Millville, Delaware county, Ohio, starting a wagon shop. In 1866 the son Herman came from Germany to join the father and brother and the three afterward became noted far and wide as wagon makers. In 1883, the deceased came to Richwood and has ever since been engaged in making the Schultz wagon. In 1873, he married Miss Alice Dutton, of Stratford, and to their union six children were born, three girls and three boys. The widow together with three children, Mrs. B. F. Sloop, Mrs. D. E. Carr and Loy Schultz, all of Richwood, survive. Funeral services were held from the late home in Richwood, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. F. B. Hax, a Lutheran minister of Delaware officiating. Rev. M. R. Stover, of Richwood M. P. church, assisted. The remains were laid to rest in Claiborne cemetery.

Lewis Lake, of Cleveland, spent Saturday and Sunday with his sister Mrs. J. F. Rapp.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Williams are visiting their son, Dr. Guy Williams, and family, of Columbus.

At the regular meeting of the Woman's Relief corps, Tuesday afternoon, five new members were initiated into the organization, and, at the conclusion of the work, lunch was served and a social hour was enjoyed.

The Christian Endeavorers of the M. P. church gave a social, Tuesday evening, in the church parlors. The affair having been planned as a surprise, in honor of Paul Vanatta, who will leave Richwood in the near future. The hours were very enjoyably spent and nice refreshments were served.

Pearl Baker, who recently purchased the office building of the Richwood Lumber company, is moving the same to his lot on east Blagrove street and will make a modern dwelling of the same.

St. Patrick's day was very appropriately observed, Monday evening, by the Pythian Sisters, who gave a delightful social. The decorations were in green and white, shamrocks being used profusely. A musical program was rendered by A. N. La Rue, Mrs. J. F. Blair, Mrs. Nelle Thompson and son, Paul, the latter two being visitors from Marion. George R. Gum, in national costume, told a number of Irish stories and sang Irish songs, while Miss Daisy McGee, S. A. McNell and others told tales credited to Ireland and her inhabitants. A fine banquet was served by the ladies, this being a feature of the affair. The waitresses wore white, with decorations in green, making a pretty picture.

Willis Arthur and Melvin Weller, two Richwood boys, have completed the construction of wireless telegraph stations at their homes here, and are able to send messages back and forth between their stations. The Arthur boy can receive messages from a distance of twelve miles and will continue strengthening his apparatus until he can reach Marion, Delaware and neighboring towns. He is about fourteen years old and constructed the apparatus without aid from older persons.

Harry Hupp, of Columbus, spent Sunday and Monday with his granddaughter, Mrs. Henry Hupp.

Mrs. H. E. W. Field, of west Ottawa street, is recovering from a severe attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. Jane Sloop, Mrs. Sarah Sparks and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Adams were the guests, Sunday, of relatives in Marion.

F. W. Marriott, of Columbus, spent Saturday and Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Caroline Graham.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Tanner moved, Tuesday, from west Ottawa street to a dwelling on west Bomford street.

Harry Cassady visited from Sunday until Tuesday with his parents at Dresden.

Mrs. B. P. Hall went to Westerville, Monday, to spend several days with her mother, Mrs. Anne Price.

Rev. W. M. Warjon is spending the week with his family in Akron.

John Cox and family have moved from a farm west of Richwood to their new home near Jefferson, Ashtabula county.

Mayor and Mrs. M. W. Hill arrived home, Monday night, from Berwandville, Louisiana, where they spent several days with their children, Mrs. J. M. Wagstaff, William C. Hill and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hill. Mr. Hill visited New Orleans, St. Petersburg, Florida, and other points in the South.

Mrs. Florabel Bennett, of West Mansfield, has been the guest of Mrs. W. C. Jacobs, during the past few days.

Lewis Elliott, of south Franklin street, has been seriously ill during the past few days.

Miss Mae Martin has accepted a position as assistant in Mrs. Verna Campbells millinery store, beginning her duties Monday.

Milton Shipley, of Toledo, spent a few days with relatives in Richwood during the past week. He was accompanied by his son, Edwin, who remained here.

The remains of Charles Clinton Castor, of Mansfield, were brought to Winter's undertaking rooms, Sunday, from Magnetic Springs. The deceased was twenty-six years old and died of diabetes, having been at the springs for treatment. He leaves a widow and two children and his mother, Mrs. Rose E. Bowman, who lives in Columbus. He had a number of relatives in this vicinity. The remains were shipped to Dayton, his old home, Monday, for interment.

R. C. Keigley, of London, has been the guest of his brother, O. A. Keigley, and wife, during the past week.

Howard Croft, of Newcomerstown, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Annie Croft.

N. O. Mather, of Akron, spent Saturday with his mother, Mrs. Anne Mather, and was accompanied home by Mrs. Mather, who will spend several weeks in Akron.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wynegar, of Columbus, spent Sunday with the former's mother, Mrs. William Dyal.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Wiley and other friends here have received the news of the marriage of Mr. Frank Allen to Miss Laura Alexander, their wedding having taken place at the bride's home in Warsaw, Missouri, March 6. The Groom is pitcher for the Memphis, Tennessee, ball team, and has visited at the Wiley home on several different occasions.

L. R. Livingston left, Monday, for Barberton, to spend a few days with his brother, Joseph Livingston. He was accompanied by his nephew, Alonzo Miller, and they will also visit in Akron before returning home.

Miss Edith Griffith, of Marion, was the guest, Saturday night and Sunday, of Misses Elizabeth and Maude James.

Miss Anna Warjon, of Akron, spent the week-end with her uncle, Rev. W. M. Warjon, pastor of the First Baptist church.

Miss Marion Hamilton, of Columbus, spent Friday and Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bell, on the Hamilton farm, just north of Richwood.

The following relatives from a distance attended the funeral of the late Herman Schultz, Tuesday: Mrs. Fred Schultz, Mrs. Charles Schultz and Miss Minnie Schultz, of Delaware; Mrs. David Artz, C. A. Schroeter and F. A. Schroeter, of Marion.

Mrs. Nelle Thompson and son Paul, of Marion, visited Mrs. Edward McCombs and Mrs. Kittie Vaughan, Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sumner Kinney, of Mansfield, have been the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Kinney, west of Richwood, during the past week.

M. E. LADIES' AID SOCIETY MEETING

Mrs. Charles Taylor Is Hostess to Members.

Waldo, O., March 22.—[Special.]—The M. E. Ladies' Aid society was entertained Wednesday evening, by Mrs. Charles Taylor.

Mrs. Effie Barkalow, of Marion, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Houseworth, from Thursday until Sunday.

Miss Naomi Walker and Master Nelson Walker, of Marion, were guests of their sister, Miss Genevieve Walker, Saturday.

Rev. Edwin Brown, of Delaware, was the guest of Waldo friends, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Schaaf were Marion visitors, Saturday.

Miss Helen Emery and Burnell Emery, of Prospect, were guests of Waldo friends, Sunday.

Mrs. George Sells and Miss Esther Little, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Whiteman, Sunday. Mr. Sells accompanied his wife home, Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Klingle entertained, Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. William Klingle, Mr. and Mrs. E. Wicks and children, and Miss Anna Marie Klingle, of Marion.

Cleo Porterfield, who is quite seriously ill of pneumonia at the home of his parents east of town, is improving slowly.

Harold Said has been sick this week, with congestion of the lungs, but is much better.

Mr. and Mrs. George Pierce were Prospect visitors, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Cope moved to Waldo this week from Columbus and will make their home in the Elmer Selanders property.

Mrs. Nora Shridler and daughter, Hazel, of Marion, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Mitten, from Thursday until Saturday.

Elva Whiteman, of Toledo, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Whiteman, Wednesday and Thursday.

Ray Anthony has accepted a position with the gas company at Marion, and expects to move his family to Marion soon.

William McKinsey, of Delaware, was a Waldo visitor, Monday.

Claude Corbin, of Marion, spent Sunday with his mother here.

Mrs. B. D. Osborne was a Marion visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Luellen, of Marion, visited at the home of A. Donithen, Sunday.

Miss Mina Boger, of Marion, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Peak, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Shroats and child, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Strine, Sunday.

Mrs. William Gabler visited at Marion, Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McKinsey were at Delaware several days this week, called their by the serious illness of a sister, Mrs. Baldwin.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Graham, were guests of Delaware friends, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Bower, were Marion visitors, Monday.

John Ward was a Marion visitor Sunday.

Mrs. Simon Overdorf and Miss Pearl Overdorf visited at Marion, Tuesday.

The two sons of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Simpson and a grandson, of Columbus, were their guests from Saturday until Monday.

The two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Denzer fell, Saturday, from a table upon which he had climbed and broke an arm between the shoulder and elbow.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bretsch visited at Marion, Tuesday.

Mrs. C. Knickle and Miss Spray McWilliams were Marion visitors, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Michels spent Tuesday at Prospect.

Mrs. Clarence Conklin was a Marion visitor Tuesday.

Milton Denzer, while engaged in a game at school east of town, ran a rusty wire through one of his fingers. There is danger of blood-poisoning.

Mrs. Andrew Ingle, of Marion, was the guest of Mrs. M. Houseworth, Wednesday.

GREEN CAMP NOTES OF THE PAST WEEK

People Visiting the Village and in Vicinity.

Green Camp, O., March 22.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. Gary Forman and children, of Mt. Victory, spent a few days here this week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Savidge.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lester Smith, Monday.

Mrs. Floyd Conwell and son, of Columbus, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albert White.

Mrs. J. F. Wottring was a Delaware visitor Thursday.

George Ruth returned last week from an extended visit with Missouri friends.

Miss Bertha Porter, of Ft. Wayne, was a visitor here Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Folk, who has been quite sick, is somewhat improved.

Mrs. Mary Ward, Mrs. Annie Foy, Mrs. Lulu Gushelm, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Mathers and family, and William Knapp and daughters, of Columbus; Mrs. Mary Shoemaker, Josiah Shoemaker, John Feif, and Mr. and Mrs. Wolbert Baldinger and family and Edmond Gerick, of Galion, were here, Sunday, to attend the funeral of Mrs. J. B. Benz.

Miss Ruth Porter is assisting at the bank.

William Williams suffered a severe fall while working about an engine at the Oehler farm, Tuesday. Mr. Williams received a severe sprain of the back and other injuries which will confine him to the house for a few days.

Ira Cole is seriously ill.

A farewell reception was tendered Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Porter, and Mr. and Mrs. John Porter by the congregation of the Baptist church at the parsonage, Friday night. A large number was present. The hours were spent socially, and an elegant supper was served. The Porters left Monday for their new home at Tyler, Texas.

Miss Nora Savidge was a business visitor in Columbus, this week.

C. G. Ritzler, Walter Bricker, Lincoln Fish and Dr. J. G. McNamara were Columbus visitors, Wednesday.

Charles Stanley returned, this week, from West Virginia, where he spent the winter.

Mrs. A. Bagley of Cheshire visited her daughter, Mrs. J. G. McNamara, this week.

Miss La Verne Myers entertained the following little misses in a pleasing way at her home, Saturday afternoon: Madge Daniels, Louise Smith, Lena Lanius, Grace Northup, Freda Annett. The happy hours were spent in various childish games until 5 o'clock, when dainty refreshments were served the little guests.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Luther Porter, Wednesday.

Miss Helen Simpson, of Jamestown, New York, was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. D. H. Porter, last week.

G. E. Debolt moved his family to the La Moyne Davis property on the hill, last week.

Mrs. George Kesselring, daughter, Edna, and son, Richard, of Brunswick, Georgia, were guests last week of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Porter.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wasserbeck and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Court and daughter were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wasserbeck, near Richwood, Sunday.

MEEKER PICKINGS OF PAST FEW DAYS

A Number of Residents of the Village Are Ill.

Meeker, O., March 22.—[Special.]—L. C. Clixby spent Sunday in Marseilles.

Charlie Sprague was the victim of an attack of appendicitis, this week.

Guy Ducat returned to Marion, last week.

Mrs. James Guthrie was seriously ill several days this week.

Elsworth Spangler and C. H. McElvey were at Marion, Monday.

Miss Mabel Brown, who has been attending college at Athens, returned home last week.

Miss Carrie Mears has been very ill for a couple of weeks.

Corey Little, who has been very ill of liver trouble, is convalescing.

Harvey McIntire returned home from Kirby last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hatfield were at Agosta, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Virden and son, Carleton, returned, Saturday, from Custer, where they had been attending the funeral of Harry Jones.

Miss Millie Clixby entertained a few friends, Thursday evening, in honor of her cousin, Orley Olcar, who is soon to leave for Columbus to accept a position in a school of telegraphy.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas Lamb and son, Raymond, of La Rue, were guests of friends here, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hatfield and son, Burton, returned, Tuesday, from a four-weeks visit with friends, near Mansfield.

Joseph Pfeiffer, Jr., spent Sunday with friends near Marseilles.

MISS GRACE SCHULTZ IS GIVEN A SURPRISE

A Small Company Is Pleasantly Entertained.

Agosta, O., March 22.—[Special.]—A very pleasant surprise was given Miss Grace Schultz, Tuesday evening, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Schultz. Those present were Miss Marie Bain, of Marion, and Misses Vera Moore, Lucile Harruff, Ruth Stout, Goldia White, Esther Stout, Lenore Hill, Messrs. Orral Carey, Clive Stout, Wilbur Harruff, John Hill, Floren Moore and Carl Moore.

Mrs. Elizabeth Miller was a La Rue visitor, Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Cummins spent the week-end with relatives in Marion.

Mrs. Arthur Porter and daughter, Marjorie, and Mrs. Charles Williams, of Green Camp, were entertained at dinner Wednesday by Mrs. Elizabeth Miller.

Henry Tuttle was a business visitor in Marion, Monday.

The usual monthly business meeting of the Epworth league was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Showers, Tuesday evening. Mrs. Lewis Strawser assisted Mrs. Showers in entertaining. The house was beautifully decorated in keeping with St. Patrick's day. A contest was held in which Mrs. H. K. Brown won the prize and Miss Vena Johnston the consolation trophy. Refreshments were served.

Mrs. W. G. Dutton was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. David Souseley, of Galion, from Thursday until Monday.

Mrs. C. B. Hudson and Mrs. George O'Dowd, of Marion, were visitors at the A. C. Johnston home, a few days last week.

Mrs. H. K. Brown, Mrs. William Schmidt and son, Milford, and Mrs. G. C. Young were Marion visitors, Saturday.

In honor of their fiftieth wedding anniversary, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Brady entertained at dinner, Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. William Knight and children, Lenore and Edwin, and Mr. and Mrs. O. Deal and daughter, of Marion; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Carey and children, Ellsworth and Kathleen, and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Cleveland and son, Edwin, of this place.

Chauncey Godfrey and G. C. Young returned home, Saturday, after spending two weeks in Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. Mayo Imbody and daughter, Cynthia, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Abert Oborn, of near La Rue, Sunday.

Richard Dickason, of Mt. Olive, was the guest of Master John Hill, Saturday.

CALEDONIA LODGE ENJOYS AN EVENING

Eastern Star Chapter Entertains a Large Company.

Caledonia, March 22.—[Special.]—The members of the Eastern Star chapter entertained their husbands and the Masons and their wives at a St. Patrick's day party, Saturday evening. About 200 guests were entertained. A fine program was rendered. O. M. Mills and Mrs. Grace Wilcox contributed readings and Mrs. C. A. R. Edgington gave a vocal solo. The Misses Lenna and Naomi Thew sang a duet and Miss Sadie Thew responded with a solo. George Ault, R. B. Bell and Rev. C. A. R. Edgington gave addresses. A series of contests furnished plenty of amusement. Luncheon was served late in the evening. The out-of-town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ramer and Mrs. Marion Smith, of Marion.

Dr. J. B. Kring, James I. Norton, T. A. Gruber, W. H. Harrington and J. B. Irwin attended Masonic lodge in Marion, Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Ireland moved their household effects to Galion, Wednesday, where they will reside.

Edward Kimble departed, Sunday, for New Orleans, where he will find employment.

John George transacted business in Fulton the first of the week.

Rev. and Mrs. C. A. R. Edgington, Mr. and Mrs. John Harrison, Joseph Garber and the Misses Wave Baker, Virginia Underwood and Laura Garber attended the rendition of the cantata, "Elijah," at Marion, Tuesday night.

The Caledonia Dramatic club will present a four-act drama, "The Noble Outcast," at the opera-house, Friday evening, March 29.

A party of young ladies tendered Miss Thelma Miller a surprise, last Friday evening, as a birthday celebration. An enjoyable evening was spent and refreshments were served. The hostess was the recipient of a number of pretty remembrances. The guests were Misses Mildred Baker, Margaret Underwood, Wave Pace, Marie Dilts, Lizzie Seckel, Marvel and Dorothy Wilson, Wave Scofield, Fern Rinker, Emma Harrington, Georgia Waugh, Maude Resler, Ethel May and Mr. Curtis Pace.

One candidate was given the third degree and four candidates the first degree at the regular meeting of Calanthe Lodge, No. 116, Knights of Pythias, Monday evening.

Mrs. T. A. Gruber and daughter, Mary Elizabeth, are the guests of Marion relatives this week.

Mrs. William Kepler, of Marion, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Ault, this week.

William McCracken and daughter, Bertha, of Fulton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John George, last week.

WOULD PERPETUATE PRESENT TAX LAW

State Taxers Want It in the New Constitution.

Columbus, O., March 21.—After kicking the poor old personal property assessor about for two days until he was a mass of bruises and there wasn't an unbroken bone left in his body, the convention, consisting of county auditors and members of boards of review, called at the instance of the tax commission, summarily laid on the table a resolution looking to the abolition of the present system of electing such assessors.

On motion of Frank A. Sarstedt of Cleveland, it was unanimously declared to be the sense of the meeting that the limitations of the Smith 1 per cent law should be incorporated in the constitution, and recommended that the constitutional convention, now in session, submit an amendment to that effect. It was stated that there was a fear on the part of large property owners, particularly owners of intangible personal property, that some subsequent legislature would repeal the present tax limit laws and that the old rates of taxation, running from 1½ to 3½ per cent, would again be levied on property, which is now assessed at full value, and that for this reason the owners of that class of property hesitated to make full returns; while if such a provision was incorporated in the constitution it was believed that substantially all taxable property could be listed with little trouble.

INSPECTORS HOLD POSTAL ROBBER

The Authorities Declare Arrested Man a Clever Thief.

St. Louis, March 21.—Postal inspectors tolay arrested a man named Daniel Callahan charged with the robbery of a postal sub-station in East St. Louis. The authorities declared Callahan had figured in other postoffice robberies and is wanted also for three diamond thefts aggreaating $100,000.

Callahan is alleged to be the leader of the gang which stole $100,000 worth of diamonds from the stateroom of Mrs. Maldwin Drummond on the steamer, Amerika, in February, 1911 according to Inspector Bunsen.

Bunsen also charges a murder to the gang, saying they killed a man in making their getaway after stealing $10,000 in jewels from the store of Edward Alberts in Chicago in April, 1911. In this robbery, two men were first bound and gagged.

THE MARKETS.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Union Stock Yards, Ills., March 21.—Hogs—Receipts 12,000; market 35c higher; mixed and butchers, 7.25@7.70; good heavy, 7.25@7.75; rough heavy, 7.25@7.45; light, 7.25@7.65; pigs, 5.80@7.00; bulk, 7.55@7.65.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,500; market, steady; beeves, 5.30@8.75; cows and heifers, 2.35@7.00; stockers and feeders, 3.75@6.60; Texans, 5.50@6.75; calves, 6.50@8.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; market steady; native and western, 4.15@6.10; lambs, 5.00@8.10.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, N. Y., March 21.—Cattle—Receipts 50; market steady; prime steers, 7.50@8.00; butcher grades, 3.50@6.75.

Calves—Receipts, 250; market, firm; cull to choice, 6.00@10.00.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 8,000; market, 25c lower; choice lambs, 7.75@7.90; cull to fair, 6.50@7.50; yearlings, 6.00@7.00; sheep, 2.00@6.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,700; market, 25 to 35c higher; yorkers, 8.15@8.25; pigs, 7.25; mixed, 8.00@8.25; heavy, 7.75@8.00; roughs, 7.00@7.25; stags, 5.50@6.00.

PITTSBURGH.

Pittsburgh, March 21.—Cattle—Receipts, light; market, steady; choice, 7.80@8.15; prime, 7.40@7.75; good, 6.75@7.30; tidy butchers, 6.25@6.70; fair, 5.25@6.10; common, 4.50@5.50; common to good fat bulls, 3.00@6.00; common to good fat cows 2.75@5.50; heifers 3.50@6.25; fresh cows and springers, $25@60; veal calves, 8.00@8.50; heavy and thin calves, 5.00@6.00.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, fair; market, strong; prime wethers, 5.70@6.00; good, 5.25@5.55; good mixed, 4.50@5.15; culls to common, 2.50@3.85; lambs, 5.00@7.85.

Hogs—Receipts light; market, 25@30c higher; prime heavy hogs, 7.85@7.90; heavy mixed, 7.85@7.90; mediums, 7.85@7.90; heavy yorkers, 7.85@7.90; light yorkers, 7.50@7.65; pigs 6.75@7.25; roughs 6.25@6.75; stags, 5.50@6.00.

CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, March 21.—Hogs—Receipts, 1,250; market, higher; mediums, heavies and yorkers, 7.45@7.55; pigs, 6.55@6.85.

Cattle—Receipts, light; market, steady; top, 7.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,300; market, strong; top, 7.70.

Calves—Receipts, 150; top, 9.10@9.60.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, O., March 21.—Wheat—Cash, 1.01; May, 1.01⅝; July, 1.00½.

Corn—May, 72½; July, 73.

Oats—Cash 55¼; May, 55⅛; July, 51⅝.

Cloverseed—Cash and March, 13.45; April, 13.05; October 9.72½.

Alsike—13.00.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 21.—Wheat opened higher this morning on firm cables and bearish foreign news, the advances in prices ranging from ¼ to ½c up for May to ⅛ to ¼c better for the others. A selling wave caused prices to ease off and the advance was soon lost. Trading was small. Liverpool came ½ to ⅞d higher. Broomhall attributed this strength to unfavorable weather in the United Kingdom and the firm tone in Manitoba.

Corn opened a shade firmer, under selling pressure the market weakened.

Oats went down with the other grains. This cereal was on sale from the start and the demand was slow while the offerings were large.

Provisions opened firm, but prices of the finished product while somewhat higher failed to respond to the sharp upturn in hog values at the yards.

Heavy selling soon weakened the market and values receded.

Wheat—May, 1.02 to 1.02¼; July, 98¾; September, 96½ to 96⅜.

Corn—May, 71⅝ to 71¾; July, 72 to 71⅞@72.

Oats—May, 53⅜; July, 49⅞ to 50; September, 42½ to 42¼.

Pork—May, 16.55; July, 16.90; September, 17.20.

Lard—May, 9.65; July, 9.85 to 9.82; September, 10.05 to 10.00.

Ribs—May, 9.35; July, 9.47 to 9.45; September, 9.65.

Trade in the wheat pit today was moderate and prices were irregular. Considerable strength developed during the last half hour when prices advanced ½c in May and ¼ to ⅜c in more deferred options from the lowest levels. A rush of sellers to cover short contracts caused the strength. Liverpool closed ⅝ to ⅞d better for futures.

Corn closed ⅜ to ½c lower, free selling by longs was the principal cause of the easier feeling. Eastern call for corn is slow.

Oats were off ½ to ¾c. Buying was limited and scattered. The market was inclined to follow other grains but did not participate in the strength at the close.

Provisions although higher earlier, closed lower all around.

Wheat—May, 1.01⅞@1.02; July 98½@⅞; September, 96¼@⅜.

Corn—May, 71¼; July, 71⅝; September, 71½.

Oats—May, 52¾; July, 49⅜; September, 51¾.

Pork—May, 16.37@16.40; July, 16.72; September, 17.00.

Lard—May, 9.55; July, 9.75; September, 9.95.

Ribs—May, 9.25; July, 9.35@9.37; September, 9.55.

CHICAGO DAIRY.

Chicago, March 21.—Butter was active at firm prices. Eggs were in good request.

Butter prices unchanged.

Eggs—Firsts, 20½; ordinary firsts, 19½; miscellaneous lots, 19½@20; seconds, 17.

Poultry unchanged.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, March 21.—Flour, quiet; spring patents, 5.25@5.40; straights, 4.70@5.10; clears, 4.40@4.60; winter patents, 5.00@5.75; straights, 4.25@4.50; clears, 4.00@4.25.

Hay, steady; good to prime, 1.10@1.25.

Straw, firm; long rye, 85@95.

Pork, firm; mess, 17.25@17.75; family, 19.00@20.50.

Lard, steady; city steam, 8.75@8.75; Middle West spot, 9.40b.

Wool, quiet; domestic fleece, 28@30; do pulled basis 37@53; Texas scoured basis, 45@47.

Dressed poultry, quiet; turkeys, 12@22; chickens, 16@35; fowls, 11@16½; ducks, 13@22; geese, 11@16.

Live poultry, steady; chickens, 13 asked; fowls, 16½@17½; turkeys, 15@20; roosters, 10½ asked; ducks, 17 asked; geese, 9@10.

Butter, firm; creamery specials, 31½b; creamery extras, 31b; state dairy tubs, 23@30; process specials 27@27½.

Eggs, steady; nearby white fancy 26 asked; nearby brown fancy, 22@22½; extra firsts, 22@22½; firsts, 21@21½.

Milk, the wholesale price per quart delivered in New York is 3¾.

LOCAL GRAIN.

The Marion National mill quotes: Wheat, 95; corn, 62; oats, 51.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN

FOR SALE—6-room modern home in a good location at $1,700. Other modern houses in all parts of the city; well worth the money. Also homes not modern in all parts of the city. Remember, I will let you have your choice out of over one hundred homes in Marion that I have for sale. Come and see. Philip Bauer, 112½ E. Main St., Marion, O. 94-5-wk1

SWEET CORN SEED—Early or late variety, tested and graded. Grows two and three ears to stalk. 15c pt., 25c qt., 5 qts. 1.00. By mail 35c qt., 3 qts. $1.00. W. B. Peters, gardener, east Center St. 82-s3-wk-3

TESTED SEED CORN—Golden Surprise, Reid's Yellow Dent and White Pearl; ear stock or shelled and graded, $2.00 bu. straight. W. B. Peters, gardener, Marion. 82-s-3-wk3

FOR SALE—Barred Plymouth Rock eggs for hatching from my exhibition and laying strain. Wm. Fies, 345 south Prospect. Phone X-1036. 70-s-wed-wk-tf

LADIES' EMBROIDERY CLUB ENTERTAINED

Mrs. William Smiley Hostess to the Members.

MISS RUTH MAULLER ENTERTAINS A CLASS

St. Patrick's Day Is Observed—An Evening Is Given to Music and Games—La Rue Students Return to Village To Spend Vacation. Some Village Notes.

La Rue, O., March 21.—[Special.]—The Ladies' Embroidery club was delightfully entertained at the home of Mrs. William Smiley Friday afternoon. All the members but one were present.

Miss Ruth Mauller entertained class No. three of Montgomery Sunday-school, Saturday evening. The house was beautifully decorated with emblems of St. Patrick's day. Contests and music were enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Orr Dusang, of west of town, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Baughman.

John Morral was a Marion business caller, Saturday.

William Riley and family of north of town moved to Marion, Saturday, where they expect to make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. George Manley and little daughter, Juanita, spent the latter part of last week in Marion.

Mrs. Betty Miller, of Agosta, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Lois and Marie Guthery who are attending school at Athens, returned home, Saturday, to spend sometime at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Guthery, of north of town.

Faye Hastings, who has been spending a few days with Marion relatives, returned home, Saturday.

Henry Raub was a Marion visitor Saturday.

Joseph Boggs was in Marion Saturday on business.

Grace Baldwin, of Marion, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of her mother, Mrs. Angeline Baldwin.

William Binford, of Marion, was a La Rue visitor the latter part of last week.

J. E. Moore went to Marion, Saturday, to transact business.

Ace Miles, of north of town, was a Marion caller, Saturday.

Mrs. J. A. Terry, of north of town, visited her sister, Mrs. William Mapes, of Marion, Wednesday.

Mrs. Burle Hune and Mrs. Leroy Walker were Marion shoppers, Wednesday.

Ray Forrester, of Galion, visited friends at La Rue from Thursday until Sunday.

Persia Kemper, of Delaware, who has been spending the past week with friends and relatives here, returned home Friday evening.

Ino Bess Mouser, of Marion, has been spending the latter part of the week at the N. S. Virden home, west of town, as the guest of their daughter, Miss Marie Virden.

Mrs. Joseph Slanser, of Marion, was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Dodd, from Saturday until Monday.

John Bain, of Ada, visited his aunt, Mrs. Sarah Beany, of west of town, from Wednesday until Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mouser were the guests of relatives and friends here a few days the latter part of last week.

Mrs. John Slagle was a Marion shopper, Saturday.

Ruth Manley, of west of town, went to Agosta, Monday, for an indefinite stay.

Mrs. Nelson Harden, of Marion, was a guest at the home of C. H. Sutton, Sunday.

Mrs. Clara Colvin and little son, of Marion, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Oza Lingo.

Alvin LaRue spent Sunday in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. Dean Hinkle were in Marion over Sunday, visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. H. Lee spent Saturday and Sunday with her mother at Marion.

Helen Hesses was the guest of Miss Mildred Lippincott, of Marion from Saturday until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Henderson spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. Caleb Holt, and family of near Kenton.

Miss Burdetta Thomasson, who has been visiting her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Wagner, of Columbus, returned home, Monday, to accept a position as clerk in the Ray Clarke dry goods store.

Edward Lamb returned home, Saturday, from Bellefontaine, where he has been employed.

Kathreine Shira, who has been attending school at Athens, arrived home, Friday, to spend her spring vacation.

THRICE FACES THE GALLOWS

Italian Woman Saved by a Country-Wide Agitation.

New York, March 21.—Three times in the shadow of the gallows erected in the jail yard at Hackensack, N. J., to carry out the mandate of the law that she be hanged, Mrs. Antoinette Tolla stepped from a train in the Pennsylvania station here a free woman. Her life was saved through agitation that became country-wide and finally resulted in its being demonstrated that she murdered Joseph Sontarea because he had tried to debauch her and win her from her husband.

Enjoy the good things of life—but don't be one of them.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Confirmation Blue Serge Suits

Strictly all-wool, of extra fine quality. Bloomers full cut and lined. Here's what two ladies said after seeing these suits yesterday — "Samewe saw at another store for $5.00." The tailoring and style are top-notch. You'll surely find them greatest values.

3.98

Caps to Match, 25 & 50c

KLEINMAIERS

THE LOCAL OFFICIALS RETURN FROM MEETING

Better Assessment of Personal Property Wanted.

ASSESSORS WILL GET IRON-CLAD ORDERS

With a Better Understanding of the Smith Law It Is Hoped To Get More Personal Property on the Tax Duplicate—What the Auditor Thinks of Situation.

County Auditor Jay Spaulding and Members G. H. Foster and L. B. McNeal, of the city board of review, who attended a convention of about 200 taxing officials in Columbus, returned home, Wednesday. Thursday, it was announced, a strenuous effort will be made to secure a fuller and more equitable assessment of personal property is this county.

Personal property assessors are to begin their work the second Monday in May, and it is the purpose of County Auditor Spaulding, now that the low-rate law is better understood and is regarded as a fixture by the state tax commission, to use every possible influence with the personal property assessors to get more of this class of property on the county duplicate.

To this end Auditor Spaulding will issue iron-clad instructions to the assessors. He will also endeavor to have published, in pamphlet form for distribution, the name of every person in the county returning personal property for taxation and the amount returned by each.

In all probability the assessors, who will have thirty-six days in which to complete their work this year, will be informed that if they do not do their work properly their pay will be withheld.

The publication in book form of the names of taxpayers, and the amount of personal property returned by them, is regarded as a very good feature by the state tax commission in obtaining a fuller return of personalty. Although there is no law authorizing the expenditure for this, several counties have done it by main strength. Auditor Spaulding is not sure whether he can do it in this county, but he would like to do so, and members of the state tax commission have said that they will lend every aid to him and other county auditors to make the desired publication, even if the law does not now authorize it.

"Every taxing official agreed that publicity was the greatest means at hand for getting a better return of personal property," said Auditor Spaulding, "and it was unanimously agreed that there should be nothing kept from the public. 'No secrets in the auditor's office.' That's been the motto of this office for the past four or five years and it will continue to be so."

MRS. PHOEBE MITCHELL IS CLAIMED BY DEATH

Is a Sister of Dr. G. T. Harding, of This City.

Dr. G. T. Harding went to Galion, *Thursday, to attend the funeral of* his sister, Mrs. Phoebe Mitchell, wife of Thomas Mitchell.

Mrs. Mitchell, was seventy-one years old. She died, Tuesday morning, as the result of complications growing out of a fall in which she sustained a broken right hip. The deceased was a daughter of the late Charles Harding, of Morrow county. She was born at Bloominggrove, Morrow county, and had lived at Galion for almost half a century. She is survived by her aged husband, one brother, Dr. Harding, of this city, and three sisters, who are Mrs. Ella Dickerson, of Morrow county; Mrs. Caroline Marshman, of Galion, and Mrs. L. F. Wyant, of Sawtell, California.

The funeral services were held at the M. E. church at Galion, Thursday at 3 o'clock, followed by interment in the Galion cemetery.

SHERIFF WILL SELL A GREAT DEAL OF PROPERTY

The Property Is Valued at About $50,000.

Property, appraised at considerably more than $50,000, will be sold at sheriff's sale, Saturday, April 20. This is declared by Sheriff John G. Stark and County Clerk W. W. Klinefelter to be the biggest batch of property to be sold at sheriff's sale in one day in many years.

The property consists of 400 acres two houses and lots and one business room. The farm land is located in Marion and Hardin counties, one house and lot in Marion, one house and lot in Upper Sandusky and one business room in the latter city.

The property is involved in court litigation in the partition suits of John C. Riley against Elias Riley and others, Mollie Butler against Martha A. Underwood and others and Susie King against Zoa King Fies and others.

Will Be Candidate.

Senator R. H. Finnefrock, of Marion county, Democrat, who represented the Thirteenth district last year, will be a candidate for renomination from the Thirteenth-Thirty-First district, which have been combined under the new senatorial apportionment.—Ohio State Journal.

A Death Message.

Charles Nixon, left Thursday evening, for Sharon, having been called there on account of the death of his aunt, Mrs. John Floyd. Mrs. Floyd died Wednesday morning. The funeral services will be held, Saturday morning.

THOMAS HATCH CALLS ON THE LOCAL POLICE

Says He Is Robbed of the Sum of Nineteen Dollars.

THINKS A STRANGER SECURES THE MONEY

Charles Collins Is Arrested on a Charge of Stealing Hay and Corn. Man Is Poor and the Court Delays Prosecution for an Investigation—Police Court Notes.

Thomas Hatch, a veteran of the civil war, who resides on Ola street, reported to the police Thursday afternoon, that he had been robbed of his pocketbook, which contained $19. Hatch called at police headquarters to tell the circumstances of how he was robbed.

The man stated that he came down from Sandusky, that morning, having been at the Soldiers & Sailors' home there since last December. On the train he met a fellow who asked him for a dime and Hatch accommodated him. After landing in Marion, the stranger carried a grip which belonged to Hatch and they visited a couple of places uptown before Hatch started home. He entered the house and, after placing the money in a machine drawer, stepped out the back door. When he returned his wife informed him that the stranger, who had followed Hatch into the house, had stolen the money and skipped out. He gave Chief McDonough a slight description of the stranger, but it was not sufficient to give the police a clew.

Charles Collins, of Bartram avenue, who is the father of a large family, including a five-days-old girl was arrested at his home by Officer Cusick at noon Thursday. Collins was arrested on a charge of stealing several hundred pounds of hay from the Ohio & Western Lime company, the affidavit for the warrant being sworn to by Peter Holtz, foreman of the farm.

When Holtz went to work Thursday, he discovered that during the night a haystack had been visited and a large amount of hay taken. He followed the tracks of the wagon and located the vehicle at a barn rented by Collins and located just off State street near Harrison street. He made his report to Chief McDonough, and when the latter visited the wagon with Officer Cusick they found it filled with hay and four sacks of unhusked corn. After being arrested Collins acknowledged stealing the hay, but said he needed it for his horse and had no money to buy feed. Relative to the corn, he said he knew nothing.

Owing to the circumstances of the case, it was decided to confer with the officials of the company before the man was asked to plead as to the charge against him. Collins has been employed by the company from which he stole the hay. According to the officials of the company and the foreman, several hundred bushels of corn have been stolen from shocks this winter, and also a large amount of hay, but Collins is not believed to be the only one guilty of the stealing.

Passenger Wrecked.

Utica, N. Y., March 21.—Westbound passenger train, No. 29, Buffalo and Toronto special on the New York Central, smashed into a freight at Oneida this morning. No one was injured, but traffic was delayed.

Senator Improves.

Washington, March 21.—Senator Taylor, of Tennessee, who has been suffering with abdominal trouble, is much improved today and will not be operated upon unless an unexpected change for the worse take place.

Small men feel big when standing on their dignity.

The Warner Edwards Co

The Silk Store of Marion.

Sale of Women's Suits $13.75

There is every good feature in these suits that you would expect to find in *high-priced spring suits.*

About fifty suits—only one or two of a kind.

Exceptional values for stout women in the lot.

All on one rack at **$13.75.**

Spring Ginghams and Percales

A fresh new line of Percales in attractive patterns.

Rippelette

This material grows more popular each year. We have just added many new pieces to our stock.

15c yard.

Display of New Silks and Dress Goods

The Suitings and Silks shown this spring never were quite so handsome. Come for a hint of the beauty of the present gathering.

BORDERED FOULARDS

Will take a leading place again. 42 inches wide, in exclusive designs. 24-inch Foulards, a number of new patterns. **85c to $2.25.**

CHIFFON TAFFETAS

Have taken well, but they must be a good quality to give service. Low grades are sure to be tender. We show a large line 36-inch at **$1.00.**

GROS-DE-LOUNDRE.

A better yard-wide silk than the ordinary changeable taffeta. It has a ribbed effect (very new). **$1.00.**

The Spring Suitings

We feature a medium weight suiting especially adapted for one-piece dresses, in light grays, tans and blues, at **$1.00 a yard.**

ENGLISH MARQUISETTES, in all new spring shades, a very popular fabric. **75c to $1.25 yard.**

Where Will Y Need New Draperies

In the hall, perhaps the dining-room or s room. It is only neces that you have a gen idea of your needs, t come to the great cur store and we will help

New Nets.
Lace Curtains.
Draperies.
Cretones.

Shades and Ru Carpets

We are making up many of our customers pets and Rugs from large stock of yard go

"Niagara Maid" Silk Gloves

are here for Easter we **50c to $1.00.**

AUTOMOBILE SHOW NOW IN FULL SWING

About Twenty Cars Are Placed on Exhibition.

ROYAL SKATING RINK SCENE OF THE SHOW

Formal Opening Was Held Thursday Evening—Number of Local Agents Have Cars Entered. Names of the Agents Who Are Exhibiting Their Cars.

Marion's first automobile show is now in full swing. It was opened with an exhibit of about twenty cars of various makes under the direction of Thomas J Lucas in the Jackson garage, formerly the Royal skating rink, on north State street, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The formal opening, however, took place Thursday evening, when midst a blaze of electric lights, Mayor Claude D. Walters said a few appropriate words and toot a motor siren. This was a signal to the Marion band, stationed in a balcony, to strike up an air calculated to recall the days of roller skating in the old rink.

Although there are not as many exhibitors as had been anticipated, Manager Lucas appears well pleased and declares the show will be a big success, if he only has fair weather His only disappointment so far, he says, has been the brand of the weather being dished out with the advent of spring.

With a few exceptions the exhibits are made by local agents.

The show will close this Saturday night. It was open every day from 2 to 10 p m.

The names of the exhibitors and the cars displayed are:

J. W. Patton—Four Maxwell touring cars, one Alden-Sampson and one Columbia silent Knight motor.

Charles H. Allen, of LaRue—Regal touring car.

Frank Beck—Two Flanders touring cars and one E. M. F. car, and one Flanders motorcycle.

Resler & Martin—R. C. H. touring car.

Newton Davis—Two Fords, one a runabout and one a touring car, and a Rambler.

Rev. G. R. C. Edgington, of Caledonia—Two Page touring cars.

Lundergan & Allison—Three International commercial cars.

Cox & McClelland—Two Overland touring cars.

T. J. Lucas—Two Jackson touring cars.

Abel Auto company—Two Mitchell touring cars.

Cadillac company—One Cadillac touring car.

The Oscar Lear Motor company, of Columbus—One Modern motor truck.

The Brockett-Gorham company—Automobile accessories.

The Leader Vulcanizer Sales company, of Cleveland—Vulcanized horns, etc.

W. T. Forsythe, of Findlay—Hart's automatic automobile jacks.

CIRCUIT COURT.

The suit of Emma Lenora Weirwick against John W. Robinson and others, was taken to the circuit court by way of appeal, Thursday afternoon, by Mary J. Adams, Charles Adams and J. W. Mawer, defendants, through Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery. One hundred and sixty acres in Bowling Green township are involved. The common pleas court decreed that the land described in the petition should be sold in order to pay certain legacies named in the will of the late Mary Bonner. The legatees could not agree on a proper division, hence the appeal action.

A daughter was born Thursday, to Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Cheney, of north Vine street.

Mrs. Zoa Osborne was operated on by Drs. H. L. Uhler and M. B. Newhouse at her home on Pennsylvania avenue, Monday afternoon.

THE LODGES.

A meeting of the Past Chiefs' association of the Pythian Sisters lodges, was held in the hall of Canby temple, Wednesday afternoon. There was a fair attendance, and, aside from the routine business, the officers for the ensuing year were elected and installed as follows:

Mrs. Henry Mumford, past president; Mrs. J. S. Luger, president; Mrs. P. E. Eshman, vice president; Mrs. L. E. Uncapher, secretary; Mrs. S. M. Parish, treasurer; Mrs. Frank Harmon, high executioner; Mrs. E. J. Stanley, conductor; Mrs. R. K. Combs, guard. The officers were installed by Mrs. Frank Maass who was assisted by Mrs. S. B. Lewis.

The next meeting will be held in Canby hall, April 17, at which time there will be work.

Considerable routine business was transacted at a regular meeting of Canton Marion, No. 66, Pa Militant, Wednesday night, w attendance was fair. Arrang were made to entertain the m of Canton Kenton, of Kenton, weeks, when the visitors will the patriarchal degree on of candidates.

BOB FITZSIMMONS REAL "COME BA

Returns in Fight with Chicago Sues for $100,000.

Chicago, March 21.—Bob simmons came back in his figh John M. Taylor when he filed s $100,000 against the college n alienating his wife's affections suit is the result of a fight i office of a vaudeville booking pany here, when Bob blacke lor's eye. Later, Taylor lodg suits against the fighter. On assault and the other for slan manding $25,000 in each case.

Bob says he can prove the c in his suit.

Our "Spring Opening" Friday and Saturda

A big authentic exhibit of the exclusive FASHIONS for SPRING which no lady who takes even the slightest interest in the Modes of the hour will care to miss.

A Mighty Purchase 500 New Bed Spreads—Rare Savings

Bed Spread savings that will indeed be a surprise for all, and designs that women will admire on sight, a really wonderful opportunity to supply your every need in this line, for this is a rare happening, indeed.

Regular $1.50 Bed Spreads $1.00.
Regular $2.00 Bed Spreads $1.25.
Regular $2.50 Bed Spreads $1.50.
Regular $3.00 Bed Spreads $2.00.
Regular $3.50 Bed Spreads $2.50.
Regular $4.00 Bed Spreads $3.00.
Regular $5.00 Bed Spreads $3.50.

They come in all styles, plain hemmed or cut corners, or fringed, and there's such an immense range of styles that you are bound to find what you want. These spreads are not seconds, but perfect in every respect, fresh from the maker. Needless to say that they will find quick buyers.

An Important Sale 10.00 to 12.50 Spring Dresses $5.98

You never dreamed of buying such handsome dresses for such a small amount. They have all the style of dresses costing three to four times this amount.

$5.98 buys dainty all silk messaline dresses; also Pongee silk, trimmed with navy, red or brown satin; also many models in white and colored serge, a gathering of 200 brand new gowns, which, if they had arrived March 1st, the price would have bees $10.00 and $12.50. Now they go for $5.98.

New $15 Serge Dresses $9.95

A half dozen distinct models, the most charming costumes, navy, cadet or tan serge, some have lace collars, others have collars and cuffs, white broadcloth, a big range sizes and the best $15.00 dress that we've seen this season, now on sale **$9.95**

Newest Spring Dress Goods The Strongest $2 Values $1

Just the kind of wool goods that's in greatest demand. Pebble serge, 58 inches wide, just the right weight, a most beautiful quality, a material that possesses a positive retail value of $2.00, now on sale at our dress goods department. **$1.00 yard.**

NAVY BLUE	TAN
YALE BLUE	GOLD
SULPHUR	BROWN
RESEDA	BLACK

By all means see this, the choicest dress goods of the season: You never will realize what a real dress goods bargain is until you see this one.

Once Again 50c and 75c Plain Taffet aSilks 29c Yard

The staple, every day wanted taffeta silks, every good color, perfect in every respect, 1,500 yards, worth 50c and 75c, on sale Friday, yard **29c**

1,000 YARDS FINEST 25c TO 50c PERSIAN LAWNS 10c YARD.

Frank Bros & Co

50 PIECES 27-INCH EMBROIDERY FLOUNCING, 59c VALUE.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

KICKS COLONEL'S HAT ABOUT RING

Taft Discusses the Judiciary in Boston.

ANSWERS ATTACK OF MR. ROOSEVELT

President Urges Safeguards in Reforms.

Taft Declares That Informal or "Soap Box" Primaries Are Worse Than None at All—Is Not Unmindful of Necessity for Judicial Reform, but It Depends on Changing Procedure, Not the Judge.

Boston, March 18.—Following close upon the trail of Theodore Roosevelt, President Taft invaded New England today He arrived in Boston at 7 15 a. m He will go to New Hampshire tomorrow.

The president was greeted by fully 3,000 people upon his arrival at the South station The train was five minutes late, but the big crowd did not seem to mind the delay The crowd consisted principally of workingmen and commuters, who came on the early morning trains In the big train shed, a workman shouted "Three cheers for our next president" This brought a broad smile to the president's face, and there were three cheers given with a will. The president was met at the station by a reception committee of Evacuation day and then entered an automobile with the committee

"That's a good Irish cheer," remarked the president, as a big shout went up as his auto sped away from South station towards the City club where he took breakfast before beginning his strenuous day's tasks.

Honors St. Patrick.

The president wore a dark green necktie in honor of St Patrick, had another breakfast at Hotel Somerset with 200 city officials and citizens. At the City club breakfast, a stalwart-looking young man stepped up to the president and gently tapped him on the shoulder. The president looked around, got up and exclaimed,

"Why, hello, Bob."

"Hello, Dad," replied the young man.

Then the president kissed the fine-looking youngster. He was the president's son, Robert, who is studying law at Harvard The incident made a big hit with the crowd Mayor Fitzgerald leaped to his feet and cried

"Let us give three cheers for President Taft's son."

All the diners got up and cheered

At both banquets, the president in his responses said he had no prepared speeches to deliver and merely thanked his hosts for their cordial greetings.

Taft's Boston Speech.

Boston, March 18.—President Taft kicked Theodore Roosevelt's pet judicial recall hat all around the ring in a speech today before the legislature of Massachusetts He characterized recent attacks on the judiciary as "an attempt to destroy its independence and to take away from the arch of government its keystone."

The president declared that he was not unmindful of the necessity for judicial reforms, but that depends not upon changing the character of the judges, but upon a change of procedure

Taft congratulated Massachusetts on its corporation laws, which he said have been made necessary because the rapid expansion of the country has made the people less cautious than they should have been in granting statutory provisions and to the loose provision of the legislature in corporate franchises. The president declared that congress may legislate for all interstate interest reforms, but that much work incurring the progress of interests of only state wide character must rest with the states themselves

Must Use Safeguards.

"I am glad you have done this," said Mr. Taft, in speaking of the new primary law of Massachusetts, "but I think every one will admit that these primary laws to be effective should be safeguarded by effective provision as to the eligibility of the voters who participate in them, and by penal provisions securing conformity to rules of such eligibility and the honest casting and counting of the ballot."

The president declared that informal or "soap box" primaries are worse than none at all and continued

It is eminently appropriate that in every election and discussion of all issues that affect the republic, we should hear much of the popular will and the right of the people.

As to Government.

"This is a government based on popular control. We believe that as the government is constituted, its popular character is essential to its endurance and its service of the highest interest of the people, but it is impossible for all the people to take direct part in all governmental functions.

"The government is not founded upon the proposition that the people in one expression or by one vote can not make mistakes. On the contrary, there is evidence in the constitution and in its checks and balances that the people of that day as well as the people of this, recognized the fact that they should be under self-imposed restraints to prevent that possibly detrimental effect of momentary and impulsive action On the other part of course, the pole star of our government is the will of the people ascertained and called after full opportunity for knowledge and delibera[illegible]

"The president [illegible] that although corrupt and subterranean methods have sometimes circumvented the will of the people, that any statement that the people have not ruled does not do justice to the citizens of the United States and he declared

Justice for All.

"I am in favor of maintaining our self respect and of doing justice to ourselves and our people in what we have to accomplish."

Taft said the attack upon the judiciary and the proposal by the people for recall is to destroy its independence and thus to take away from the arch of government the keystone

"I deny that there is in the decisions of the courts or the character of the judges or the result of litigation that which justifies such a radical innovation I am not unmindful of the necessity for judicial reform but that depends not on changing the character of the judges, but upon the change in procedure, the expedition of judgments and the reduction of the expenses of litigants These things must be the result of hard detailed work by men willing to accomplish reforms without spectacular reward

Lauds the Judges.

"The great body of our judges are learned, upright, patriotic men. It is entirely possible to provide for the removal of those who are not by proper procedure before a tribunal in which the accused judge shall have a hearing

"One can easily discover a tendency in modern politics to exalt above the written law and above the written constitution what is called the popular will, as if that were a higher law to which we must all admit allegiance by obeying it and ignore or transgress statutory and constitutional limitation This heresy is not stated exactly in the form of an assertion that judges and others are to ignore statutes and constitutions because of a conflict of popular will, but it is in the more insidious proposition that plain construction of the statute or of the constitution is to be defeated, and a strained and otherwise impossible construction put upon the language of the statute or constitution in defiance to what is supposed to be the people's will"

No Specific Rule.

There is no rule for ascertaining what the popular will is, except the observation and imagination of the person who is appealing to it"

The president cited the opinion of a western judge and quoted him as saying "whatever is right is constitutional"

"Abraham Lincoln said, 'The life of this nation is greater than any constitution' It is impossible to escape the meaning of such a view and that is that the plain construction of the constitution is to be perverted because it is thought the people at present would prefer not to be subject to the limitation contained in the constitution laws usually.

Don't Apply Here.

"The quoted words of Lincoln have here no application It is not true that whatever is right is constitutional unless the declaration of the right is contained in the constitution or is not forbidden by it The popular will, to be effective and to control courts, must be embodied in statutory enactment or constitutional law

"Irresponsible assaults upon either the language or on the base assumptions of corruption or bias, or incompetency made by those whose statements have influence with any part of our people, are a serious menace to enduring government"

BOILS BODIES OF HER WEE BABY VICTIMS

Appalling Discoveries Made by Police of Barcelona.

Woman, Dealer in the Black Art, Murders Little Children and Sells Their Broth as Love Philter to Estranged Husbands and Wives.

Barcelona, Spain, March 19 Appalling discoveries were made today by the police, who are investigating the career of Enriqueta Marti, a dealer in the black art, and arch murderess of children, and it was stated by the authorities that the list of victims may go to a score The woman boiled the bodies of her little victims and sold the broth as a love philter which she guaranteed to renew the love affections of husbands and wives One little girl named Angelina, who escaped from the clutches of the Marti woman, told the police that before being killed the victims had to eat the flesh of children who had been previously slain Part of the story is too grewsome for publication

Since the case has become public many reports of lost children are pouring in upon the police The sorceress is not alarmed by her plight, for she claims to have the power to leave prison at will

Released from Jail.

William Zimmerman, who was arrested in Cleveland by Constable James F Ullom, for defrauding Rev J. H Keeran out of a $3?.70 board bill, was released from the county jail, Saturday evening His aged mother came up from Rushsylvania and settled the case for him.

HITS TRAIL OF MR. ROOSEVELT

President Taft Invades the Enemy's Country.

IS WELL RECEIVED IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

Crowds Greet Him All Along the Way.

A Strong Stand Against Recall of Judicial Decisions as Whim of People Is Keynote of President's Speech at Nashua—Taft Is Delighted with Reception in Boston and Other Places.

Manchester, N H March 19 President Taft was cheered by [illegible] persons upon his arrival here today A salute of twenty-one guns was fired by A battery, of the New Hampshire National guard, and [illegible] children sang the national hymn in greeting to the nation's chief executive

Taft made the chief speech of the day before [illegible] persons in Mechanics hall, defining progressive principles, and was wildly cheered by the entire audience

"I was here four years ago just before a strenuous campaign, but the sun is shining far brighter today than it was then, said the president

For the first time in his political speeches, he mentioned the name of Theodore Roosevelt This brought mingled laughter and cheers In referring to Roosevelt President Taft said

Colonel Starts It.

"After we abolished slavery, our country began upon a nervous strain —a strain of getting money. We gave captains and others too much We gave away privileges that were too wide and too valuable franchises."

"By and by it came time to make a change The people demanded it

"I will say that under the missionary work of Theodore Roosevelt the change was begun"

President Taft smiled as he continued

"The progressive simply plumed himself as a progressive and accomplished little or nothing When I was a boy there was a saying

"'Handsome is who handsome does' If I had my way I would transpose this so that it would read 'Progressive is as progressive does'

Puts It Up to People.

"Now just look at the records of the administration of which I have had the honor of being the head If you don't think it has been a progressive administration and progressive in accomplishment condemn it.

"If you believe it has been progressive approve it."

The president then proceeded to outline what had been accomplished in the shape of legislation during his administration

"When I took office the nation had a deficit of $50,000,000 It now has a surplus of $10,000,000 We have passed the corporation tax, the maximum and minimum wage bill, the employers' liability bill, the workmen's compensation act, opened trade with the Philippines and have given the people a square deal without the blowing of trumpets Isn't that progressive? I leave it to your judgment"

Taft in Fine Trim.

Boston, March 19. President Taft rose at 6 45 today, took one look out of the window of his apartments at the Hotel Somerset, and with the famous Taft smile, exclaimed

"Glorious morning, glorious morning

Then the president again took up the trail of Colonel Roosevelt and started for New Hampshire, pausing only for some bacon and eggs The president is delighted with his Boston reception The cheers of the legislators and the enthusiasm last night convinced him that the Massachusetts Republicans are with the Republican administration The president and his party drove in autos to the North station where they left on a special train for Nashua During the day the president will makes a series of red-hot speeches right among the progressive [illegible] of Governor Bass the friend of Colonel Roosevelt

President's Opinion

The president believes if he could meet the voters of New Hampshire face to face and speak out his views they would be with him Since the hitting the trail of Colonel Roosevelt under the auspices of the Taft League of New Hampshire After speeches in Nashua, Concord and Manchester the president will return to Boston tonight where he will attend the banquet of the street railway men at the Somerset He will leave on the Federal Express for Washington at 8 p m

The train was held until the president boards it at the Back Bay station

In New Hampshire.

Nashua, N H March 19—President Taft after a strenuous day and night in Boston was whirled into New Hampshire today—right into the heart of the enemy's country. All along the route of travel on the Boston & Maine railroad there were crowds at the stations The president swung into Nashua at 9:50. The president was escorted to the spot where there will be in the near future the new Y. M. C. A building. He placed the corner-stone in a brief ceremony. Then he went to the Colonial theater, where he spoke briefly. A strong stand against the recall of judicial decisions at the whim of the people was the keynote of the president's speech.

The president left by special train for Manchester Although not on the schedule, the Taft train stopped at Lowell, Massachusetts, and the president appeared on the rear platform and made a brief speech. James E O'Donnell climbed on the platform and shook the president's hand O'Donnell is a Democrat.

FIVE KILLED AT GRADE CROSSING

Glass Workers Hurled to Death in Indiana.

THEY SPEND NIGHT HAVING GOOD TIME

Are Driving Home When Hit by Monon Flyer.

Four Occupants of Surrey, in Which the Men Are Riding, Are Thrown High into the Air, While the Fifth Body Lands on Pilot of Engine. The Team of Horses Is Uninjured.

Bloomington, Ind, March 19.—Five men were instantly killed today when a Monon railroad fast mail struck and shattered a surrey at a grade crossing near Ellettsville, Indiana

The List of Dead.

Jesse Rogers, twenty-five years old.
Archie Farley, twenty-seven.
Martin Warden, twenty-two.
Edward Williams, twenty.
Al Brown, thirty-three, married, of Spencer.

All Are Glass Workers.

All five were glass workers employed at Spencer, Indiana, and had spent the night at Bloomington, having a good time. They started to drive home at midnight. Four occupants of the surrey were thrown high into the air, while the fifth body landed on the pilot of the engine. The horses were uninjured.

The men recently came to the Spencer factory from various Indiana towns except Edward Williams, single, who came from Neodesha, Kansas.

REAR ADMIRAL MELVILLE PASSES TO HIS REWARD

Famous Naval Engineer and Arctic Explorer Dies.

George Wallace Melville Passes Away in His Philadelphia Home. Placed on Retired List in 1910. Sketch of His Career.

Philadelphia, March 18.—Rear Admiral George Wallace Melville, U S N retired, died at his home here Sunday, of paralysis. He was national commander of the Loyal Legion at the time of his death and was a noted authority on Arctic exploration as well as engineering and naval affairs

Rear Admiral Melville, who was placed on the retired list January 10 1903, was seventy-two years old. For sixteen years he was chief of the bureau of steam engineering in the navy department. He was appointed an assistant engineer in the navy in 1861, and was a member of both the Jeanette and the Greely relief expeditions to the Arctic circle.

Among the colleges which conferred honors upon him in recognition of his scientific work were the University of Pennsylvania, Harvard, Columbia, Georgetown and Stevens institute.

Melville was a past president of both the American Academy of Mechanical Engineers and the American Society of Naval Engineers. At the time of his death he was the president of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick

Interment will be made in Laurel Hill cemetery this city, Wednesday.

Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, who was Mellville's chief in the Greely relief expedition, preceded him in death only a few weeks.

MARY MANNERING QUITS THE STAGE

Time Allowed by Husband Is Up, Is the Report.

New York, March 19—Minna Gale last night superseded Mary Mannering as Domini Enfilden in "The Garden of Allah"

At the Century theater it was explained that Mary Mannering, who is Mrs Frederick Wadsworth, was really not professionally back on the stage Her husband merely had indulged her in a short ticket of leave Now she was to report back home in Detroit where Wadsworth's place in Grosse Pointe has been enlarged in the course of the winter W. W. Aulick of Liebler & Company, said.

"Miss Mannering must go back to be Mrs Wadsworth. That's all Her time as allowed by her husband, was up."

SLEUTHS PROBE THE EXPLOSION

Twenty-Eight Dead in San Antonio Catastrophe.

SCORE OF VICTIMS ARE IDENTIFIED

Big Damage Suits Are Likely To Follow.

Experts Are Hurried to Texas City by Southern Pacific Officials To Make Scientific Investigation—Officials Hold Explosives Cause the Disaster, While Union Shop Men Hold Adverse Opinions.

San Antonio, Tex, March 19.—After a thorough investigation the police declared their belief today that the locomotive explosion in the Southern Pacific yards yesterday which cost the lives of at least twenty-eight men had been due to carelessness. The detectives investigating the disaster had been unable to find any evidence tending to support the rumor that a fatal explosion was the result of a union labor dynamite outrage

Mortuary work went on all night, and today it was said that the death list might go over twenty-eight, so badly were bodies torn and so difficult has it proved to ascertain how many workmen are missing.

Only a score of the victims had been identified today. The task of identification was made doubly hard because practically all the dead were strangers, having come here recently to take the places of striking shopmen. Of the fifty persons injured, five are said to be in serious condition.

While the damage from the explosion is estimated by the railroad company at approximately $200,000 it is believed that the aggregate sums asked in suits will exceed this amount. Experts have been sent here by the Southern Pacific to make a scientific investigation of the accident.

Despite the police belief to the contrary, officials of the Southern Pacific clung to the theory that an explosive had caused the disaster. Officials of the shop men's union have tendered their services in the investigation, declaring that they want to clear the name of their organization from any stigma that may rise from the case. A telegram was sent to Detective W. J Burns, who worked the McNamara case, to come to San Antonio and make an investigation.

Mr Burn's expenses may be defrayed by a public committee.

The First Story.

San Antonio, Tex., March 18—By an explosion that shook the whole city and the surrounding country, a number of men variously estimated by the police at from eighteen to thirty were killed today in the Southern Pacific yards here. A locomotive boiler blew up, spreading death and destruction in its vicinity. Many of the dead are strikebreakers. The locomotive was standing in a roundhouse at the time and the building was demolished by the terrific detonation. Twenty other men were wounded, some of them perhaps fatally by the explosion.

Bits of iron and steel and shreds of human flesh were picked up far from the scene of the disaster.

At noon, the police declared the disaster was a rival of the Los Angeles Times dynamite explosion which was laid to the structural iron workers, and said it might even exceed it in horror.

Probe Is Begun.

At the same time detectives began an investigation among labor circles and it was evident that the authorities hoped to find the perpetrators of the wholesale slaughter among the leaders of the shop men's strike

The explosion came without warning and at a time when there were a number of machinists, roundhouse grooms and track tenders working nearby.

The roar of the explosion could be heard for almost a mile. The huge locomotive was torn asunder like a fire-cracker Before the detonation had died away there was a rain of debris mingled with human bones and flesh from the sky Parts of bodies were picked up from 300 to 500 feet away and windows half a mile away were shattered

Deputies from the coroner's office collected the human flesh in baskets and carried it to the morgue. Every available policeman in the city was hurried to the scene and formed a cordon about the yards. Hundreds of excited men and boys, consumed with curiosity, literally fought to get through the gates of the high fence which surrounds the tracks

Every ambulance in the city and all the doctors who could be found, together with the hospital corps from Fort Sam Huston, were called to the scene to care for the injured.

The police, as well as the Southern Pacific officials, were unable to make any correct statement as to the correct number of the victims Hardly a vestige of the locomotive remained The jacket of the boiler was blown a block away alighting between two houses on Duval street. It weighed half a ton and when it fell it bored a deep hole in the ground The tender was shattered.

Fire Is Fought.

Other engines standing in the roundhouse were smashed and the debris of the building was set on fire. The tracks were torn up and a hole nearly ten feet deep was ploughed into the spot where the shattered engine had been standing The wood was caked with oil and grease from the engines and the men had a stiff fight before they got the place under control. The majority of the victims were from out of town points, having been shipped here last fall to take the places of striking shopmen.

The shop men's strike on the Southern Pacific, Union Pacific and Illinois Central railways was inaugurated last September. The shop men employed here were among the first to obey the call for a general walkout Since that time these have been numerous clashes between strikers and strike-breakers at many points along the railroads involved and a number of men have been killed. The men demanded a wage increase and recognition of their federated union.

At 1 p m. today eighteen bodies had been recovered, while workmen are digging away the walls of adjacent buildings in belief that remains of other workmen will be found.

The fire spread from the roundhouse debris to the cooper shop destroying that structure.

Locomotive Blows Up.

San Antonio, Tex., March 18—A locomotive in the Southern Pacific roundhouse blew up here today killing six men Many others were injured The building was wrecked.

Immediately after the explosion there was a report that the explosion had been caused by dynamite placed in the boiler of the engine The Southern Pacific machinists are on strike and have been making considerable trouble for the road at this point.

The locomotive was blown to pieces and pieces of iron were carried a quarter of a mile distant.

Twenty men were hurt by flying debris, some of them perhaps fatally Doctors were called to the scene of the disaster immediately after the explosion and the most seriously wounded were treated on the scene. Most of the dead and injured were strikebreakers, who took the place of the striking shop men several months ago So badly mangled are some of the dead that identification had to be made by the clothing. The bodies were literally torn to atoms.

SCORES NEW NATIONALISM

Jacob Gould Shurman Takes a Rap at Roosevelt.

CALLS PRESIDENT A REAL REPUBLICAN

He Declares Taft Is Entitled to Second Term.

Whoever Votes for a Presidential Third-Term Candidates by Necessary Implication Votes for Caesarism, Declares President of Cornell University, in Article Explaining Viewson Political Situation.

New York, March 19.—Whoever votes for a presidential third term candidate by necessary implication votes for Caesarism"

This is the keynote declaration in an article on "The Republic and Presidential Nomination," by Jacob Gould Shurman, president of Cornell university, educator and publicist which appears in the current number of the Independent Republican

Professor Shurman makes a frank expression of his preference for the renomination of President Taft and points out the danger of an ultimate monarchy in the United States, if the third term is allowed to prevail. After declaring that President Taft is entitled to another term by reason of custom as well as merit. Professor Shurman rehearses Colonel Roosevelt's various declarations as to his attitude on the third term

The Main Point.

"But the main point," says Shurman, "is concealed under this wretched sophistry and juggling with words," and later, "the restriction of the president to two terms at most is the fundamental safeguard of the republic.

"If our democratic institutions are to survive, if the rule of the people is not to be supplanted by Caesarism, the term of the chief executive must be rigidly limited, either by law or custom."

The writer praises President Taft as a genuine Republican with many brilliant accomplishments and says the country has not recovered from the shock of the radical program of new nationalism," when Roosevelt launches a still more radical proposal

Named Commissioner.

Hoke W Donithen has been appointed by the federal court as master commissioner of the bankrupt estate of E E Truitt & Son, bankrupt grocers The Bindley Grocery company, of this city, and one or two other creditors, are opposing the discharge of the firm from bankruptcy

Libbie E. Garver, widow of Harley L. Garver, who died as a result of injuries received in a railroad accident on the Erie at Kenton has been appointed administratrix of her husband's estate

TWO CONVICTS SHOT TO DE[ATH]

Third Takes His Own [Life in] Nebraska.

POSSES SURROUND THREE MURDE[RERS]

Then a Fight to the [Death] Ensues.

Three Men Who Escape fr[om] Penitentiary at Lincoln B[arricade] Themselves in a Woman's [House and] Use Her as a Shield. [Are] Driven Out by Bullets fr[om] Posses Outside.

Lincoln, Neb., March 1[illegible] rounded on all sides by p[osses of] heavily-armed men shootin[g with] deadly aim, Gray, Dowd and [Morely,] the three convicts who escap[ed from] the state penitentiary at [illegible] after murdering the ward[en and] two others, gave up their [illegible] day in a furious battle for [illegible] Gray and Morely were shot [by the pur]suers Dowd killed himse[lf when] he decided all hope of esc[ape was] gone.

Fleeing through the sa[illegible] country, with posses close [at their] heels on every side of them [illegible] in rapidly, the convicts ent[ered the] house of Mrs. Bickert, east [of Gret]na, Nebraska The woman [saw the] convicts coming and was t[elephon]ing the authorities at Gretn[a]

Woman Is Bound.

One of the men tore the t[elephone] from her hand and then [illegible] began barricading the do[ors and] windows, determined to ma[ke a] last stand a desperate and [illegible] one.

One convict bound Mrs. [Bickert] and ordered her to remain [at one] of the windows to prevent [the pur]suers from shooting throu[gh it.]

One posse was so close [on the] heels of the fleeing men t[hat they] had scarcely entered the hou[se when] the pursuers approached. [The con]victs greeted the pursuing [posse] a thousand yards away wit[h a volley] of bullets.

House Is Riddled.

Mrs. Bickert's telephone [message] had in part reached Gretna [and ad]ditional posses, heavily arm[ed,] hurried to the house. The[y] gradually closed in upon [the con]victs, riddling the house [with bul]lets

Gray shot at the daunt[less pur]suers from over the shoulde[r of Mrs.] Bickert, whom he used as a [shield.]

A careful marksman of [the] militia, who was leading o[ne of the] posses, took careful aim a[nd put] a bullet in Gray's head as [he rose] up to fire over Mrs. Bickert

Dowd kept up a steady [fire from] another window. A bullet [illegible] tated Gray and Morely a[t]tempted to defend the [illegible] fortress. Bullets were com[ing from] all sides Gray, bleeding [illegible] all hope lost, finally place[d a re]volver to his head and ki[lled him]self.

Continues Battle.

Morely, picking up the gu[ns of his] dead companions, continued [the bat]tle. He is believed to have [wounded] several of the posse. As [the] daring of the pursuers [illegible] close in about the house. [Morely] rushed out and, shooting [with both] hands at members of the p[osse, ran] to a neighboring school[house.] Bullets flew at him, but th[e desper]ate convict seemed to bear [a charm]ed life. Once in the sch[oolhouse] Morely again began shootin[g trying] to pick off his pursuers [as they] showed their heads above [the] dunes.

Members of the posse. [illegible] and even more determined [than in] other stages of the battle. [illegible] equal care Time and a[gain] bullets poured into the win[dows and] partially-open door where [Morely] showed his head Then can[ne a] cry and Morely's hat was [seen to] fly into the air The dar[ing pur]suers, believing the man h[ad] been killed or desperately [wounded,] rushed into the schoolhou[se. The] bandit was lying in the [illegible] dead, a bullet had pierced [illegible]

CAPTAIN AND THRE[E] CREW ARE LOST

Go Down in a Gale Of[f Pollo]cock Friday Nigh[t]

News of Disaster Is Just [Received] Barge Founders Whe[n Hawser] Snaps from Fury of [Wind and] Waves—Story of Trage[dy]

Fall River, Mass, March [illegible] tain Clarence L. Grinnell [and three] members of his crew wer[e lost in] Friday night's gale off Sh[illegible] Long Island, on the Sta[illegible] company's barge. Thaxte[r, which] foundered, according to o[illegible] vices received here today

The Thaxter, with the [barges] Chatham and Braddock, [coal] laden, were in tow of a t[ug] from Newport News, Vir[ginia, for] Boston The Thaxter's haw[ser snap]ped from fury of the wind

News of the sea trag[edy was] brought to this city by the s[teamer] Itasca, of the Merchants an[d Miners] line.

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A RICH WIDOW ENDS HER LIFE

After Being Arrested in New York for Smuggling.

HANGS HERSELF AT HOTEL BROZTELL

Leaves Note Expressing Her Regret Over Affair.

San Francisco Woman Denies Having More Than $1,200 in Dutiable Jewelry, but Officials Find Pearls and Diamonds Worth $20,000, and Arrest and Tragedy Follow. Pathetic Touch to Story.

New York, March 20.—Mrs. Edwin Carson, wealthy widow of a prominent San Francisco physician, who confessed to smuggling into this port gems worth $20,000, committed suicide today by hanging herself from the window of her room on the eighth floor of the Hotel Broztell. Before her suicide, she wrote a letter saying she could not stand the disgrace of her arrest. In a letter to her brother, Paul R. Mabury, a banker, of Los Angeles, Mrs. Carson wrote:

"I could not stand the disgrace of my arrest. I had to work out my own salvation and I knew of no other course. Please forget about it."

Jumps From Window.

New York, March 20.—Mrs. Edwin Carson, the widow of a prominent San Francisco physician, committed suicide at the Hotel Broztell today, twelve hours after she had been arrested for smuggling. Tying a rope about her neck, the woman jumped from a window of her apartments on the eighth floor of the hotel. Passersby on Fifth avenue saw the woman's body dangling from the end of the rope, and notified the hotel management. Hotel attaches rushed to the eighth floor and hauled the body back into the room, physicians from the New York hospital were summoned. They said life had been extinct but a short time.

Mrs. Carson arrived here on the liner, George Washington, Monday, from Paris and went to the Hotel Wolcott, where she registered as Mrs. Blanche Carson, of San Fancisco. When Mrs. Carson arrived, according to the customs authorities, she declared her gems worth only between $1,100 and $1,200. An investigation by officials of the port led to discoveries which brought the smuggling charge.

The investigation revealed that Mrs. Carson had really brought in pearls, diamonds and other jewels worth $20,000.

Conference Is Held.

When the under valuation was established, General Nelson M. Henry surveyor of the port of New York, and other officials held a conference. Mrs Carson was sumoned to give an explanation. Mrs. Carson, accompanied by Harrison Osborne, former solicitor in the custom-house service, visited the custom officers and there it is alleged made a full confession, declaring that she had purchased the gems in question in India. Many of the diamonds were uncut.

Mrs. Carson, explained that she feared the duties would be so excessive that she could not pay them if she gave the full value of her jewels. She was arraigned before United States Commissioner Carpenter in Jersey City and held in $2,000 bail for a hearing Friday. After requesting that her predicament be kept from the public, Mrs. Carson returned to the Wolcott, but immediately moved to the Broztell.

Two letters were found in Mrs. Carson's room. One was addressed to Paul Mabury, No. 109 west Twenty-Eighth street, Los Angeles, and the other to Harrison Osborne, No 34 Nassau street.

Lawyer's Statement.

Mr Osborne, who had been retained by Mrs. Carson as her attorney, hurried to the Broztell when apprised of the suicide.

"Mrs Carson," he said, "was the widow of a wealthy physician in San Francisco. She had been abroad for sometime and had just completed a tour of the world, also attending the Durbar The management of the Broztell said that Mrs. Carson had arrived there yesterday and applied for a very quiet room. She was assigned to No. 804, which overlooks Fifth avenue. Her baggage consisted of a steamer trunk, two bags and a large trunk wrapped about with half-inch rope She had taken a quantity of Wolcott hotel stationery with her to the Broztell and her final messages were written on this paper

Mrs Carson's last letter was dated 4 a m., showing that she had taken her life just about daybreak. Directly across Fifth avenue, from the hotel, is the fashionable Knickerbocker apartment house. Residents of this building saw the woman's body, dressed in a night gown, swaying from a window about the same time the pedestrians in the street discovered it.

Woman Leaves Letter.

"It was about 6 o'clock when we were notified of the suicide," Manager Roberts, of the hotel, said. "We went up and forced the door. We found Mrs. Carson had taken the rope from her trunk, doubled it and made a noose which she fitted about her neck. Tying the other end to a radiator pipe she had leaped from the window. The body was just eight feet below the sill when we found it."

Part of the letter written by Mrs. Carson to Lawyer Osborne was as follows:

"If you will go to the Hotel Wolcott you will find in the lining of my hat a pair of diamond earrings. I had been told that I would have to pay excessive duties on these diamonds if I declared them and I did not wish to pay such charges. I am very sorry that I did not make the full declaration, and I am willing to give everything I have brought into port and pay the full valuation on the articles."

Prominent in Society.

San Francisco, March 20.—Mrs. Blanche Carson is the widow of Dr. Edwin Carson, a rich local physician. She is prominent in society here. Mrs. Carson made her home in San Francisco at the St. Regis apartments, No. 1925, Gough street, where she lived with her sisters, the Misses Mabury. She left San Francisco last year for a trip around the world, leaving in time to attend the Durbar. From India she went to Europe.

One of the Misses Mabury said this morning:

"When Mrs. Carson left here for India she had some beautiful diamonds and pearl rings. What their value was I do not know.

"We heard from her at Paris and she told us she would sail on the Olympic on the 13th. If she came to America on the George Washington she must have changed her plans."

Mrs. Carson owns valuable property in this city.

The Misses Mabury are prominent in local society.

Woman's Brother Talks.

Los Angeles, Calif., March 20.—Paul Mabury, head of the Mabury Trust company of this city, brother of Mrs. Edwin Carson, said today that he had been informed that his sister arrived in New York Monday, and admitted that he knew there were smuggling complications, but refused to discuss the case. He said he had read press despatches concerning the smuggling episode, but was not sure that they referred to his sister.

Mrs. Carson formerly lived here, but for some years has resided in San Francisco.

Mabury said that, so far as he knew, his sister had no family trouble. He said that his sister would have no cause to smuggle anything into the United States, as she had plenty of funds.

MISS MARY PACE IS HOSTESS TO COMPANY

Party of Young People Pleasantly Entertained.

Martel, O., March 21.—[Special.]—Miss Mary Pace entertained a party of young people at a St. Patrick's day party at her home Saturday evening. The house was prettily decorated with green shamrocks and streamers of green appropriate to the occasion. The time was pleasantly passed with games and music, after which the hostess served a luncheon. Those present were Misses Clara and Ruth Heileman, Ilo Bending, Lottie Sharrock, Miss Fern Downs, of Marion, and Messrs. Kinsel and Paul Neff, Julius Shomaker, Chester Garver, Ivan and Ralph Downs and George Bolinger, of Cardington.

Thomas Price, of Climax, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Burton Tuesday.

Miss Lottie Dawson, of Marion, was the guest of Miss Anna Rutherford, Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Ada Rutherford and Mary Pace visited Howard Coonsey and family, of Climax, last week.

Mrs. Lindsey, who has been ill, is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Reed, of Climax, visited Mrs. Alice Gamble, Thursday.

Mrs. Laura Morton, of Climax, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Rutherford, Friday.

Mrs. Mary Ann Steadman, of New Winchester, is visiting at the home of John Burton, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Noblet, of New Winchester, were the guests of Mrs. Adeline Kerr, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmond Maloney and son, Cecil, of Marion, were visitors here, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Sharrock and daughters, Celia and Virginia, of Galion, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Sharrock and family this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Garver were business visitors at Marion, Monday.

Mrs. Daniel Lentz was a Marion visitor Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Crissinger were Marion visitors, Saturday.

Mrs. George Heileman returned home from Delaware, Tuesday, after an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. Homer Stone.

Mrs. James Kightlinger and sons, of Climax, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Judson Bending and family, Thursday.

Mrs. Daisy Kehr and daughter, Ruth, were Galion visitors, Tuesday.

THE LODGES.

Three candidates for the patriarchial degree were balloted on at a regular meeting of Mizpah Encampment, No. 50, I. O. O. F., Tuesday night, and arrangements made for work in the same degree in two weeks.

A girl's face is usually a great disappointment to the young man who meets her after having seen her photograph..

PLAN TO HELP TAFT IN OHIO

President Endorsed at Meeting of County Chairmen.

PROMINENT STATE PARTY MEN SPEAK

An Enthusiastic Conference Is Held in Columbus.

Senator Burton Urges Militant Attitude in Pre-Convention Campaign and Is Pleased To Take Glad Tidings Back to Washington That Ohio Will Stand Loyally by Her Favorite Son.

Columbus, O., March 20.—At the meeting of the Republican county executive committeemen at the Southern hotel, resolutions were unanimously adopted indorsing President Taft and renewing the pledge of the Republican state convention of 1910 in pledging Ohio's support to the president. Preceding the adoption of these resolutions Senator Theodore Burton, L. C. Laylin, Warren G. Harding, Harry M. Daugherty and other prominent Republicans spoke.

E. A. Tinker, chairman of the Ross county committee, presented the resolutions indorsing Taft.

"Let us be militant," urged Senator Burton. "Put it up to our Democratic friends. If they get too obstreperous let us put it up to the progressives. I have been cartooned as voting with Aldrich 114 times. I want to call your notice to a man who is a prominent candidate for president, and who selected as his campaign manager a man with voted with Aldrich 126 times. I don't want to see any friction in this campaign. Let the campaign be conducted with decorum. I am glad to take back to Washington the report of this meeting and the united enthusiasm for W. H. Taft. President Taft has made a splendid record. If he has lacked anything it is the spectacular. His administration has kept pace with any that has preceded him."

Warren G. Harding declared himself "not crazy about primaries," but insisted the renomination of President Taft is in the air. He declared the opposition would unmask the batteries and help President Taft in the campaign after his renomination.

Arthur I. Vorys said "the keynote of the party in the state and nation will be William Howard Taft." He recalled the opposition to Lincoln in 1864, even in his own party, to show that the present situation is not without parallel. "I look to see the Republican party united as it has not been since 1896" said he.

Daugherty Is Insistent.

Harry M. Daugherty insisted that if Ohio Republicans desert Taft this year Ohio will lose her place as mother of presidents and Ohio Republicans will become the laughing stock in national conventions for half a century. He urged the state convention before the national convention because of the influence on the nation the Ohio platform will have. He urged chairmen to go home and organize for Taft.

Two state central committeemen, Ed Jones of the Tenth and George Hamilton of the Seventeenth, declared their loyalty to Taft, although Mr. Jones conceded Roosevelt sentiment strong in Jackson county. Chairman Huff of the Delaware county committee asked Mr. Laylin to call on him for any work he wants done in the county.

Counties that were not represented were Ashtabula, Athens, Auglaize, Carroll, Columbiana, Defiance, Fulton, Holmes, Huron, Jackson, Lorain, Mahoning, Medina, Miami, Monroe, Morrow, Ottawa, Perry, Portage, Richland, Stark, Tuscarawas and Williams.

The statewide Taft conference was composed of county chairmen of executive committees, members of the Republican state executive committee and Taft leaders. There were 62 county chairmen present or represented. Of the 26 absentees, the Taft leaders claimed that 13 were for Taft and 13 for Roosevelt.

Walter F. Brown, Roosevelt manager, issued a statement saying that there were only 48 bona fide chairmen present, and that the state law prohibiting the use of proxies had been violated.

A FORMER RESIDENT DIES IN CLEVELAND

Mrs. Aaron Baughman Is Claimed by Death.

Mrs. Sarah L. Baughman, who left here about eight years ago to make her home in Cleveland with her son, G. W. Keeler, died of dropsy and complications, last Wednesday, according to word received here.

Mrs. Baughman was the widow of Aaron Baughman who came to Marion from Prospect in 1873. She leaves three sons and two daughters, George Keeler and J. A. Baughman, of Cleveland; Newton Keeler, of Marion; Mrs. Frank Leyman, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Hattie Riley, of Jackson, Michigan.

The funeral services were held at the home where she died and interment was made in Cleveland.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Earl S. Eaton, of Bryant street, Tuesday night.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Butts, of Bellefontaine avenue, Wednesday morning.

HOUSE SETS NEW RECORD

Passes Three Important Bills in a Week.

MEMBERS HOPE FOR EARLY ADJOURNMENT

Want To Go Home Before the Conventions Meet.

Unless Senate Evinces Disposition To Take Action on Democratic Tariff Bills, It Is Belief of House Leaders That an Adjournment by June Is Assured—Views of Rank and File of the House.

Washington, March 20.—Members of the house are now hoping for adjournment before the national conventions meet. The fact that three important bills have been passed by the house within a week's time has set a new record for the session and indicates that the hurry-up fever has struck that body.

After passing the excise tax bill by an overwhelming vote, the rivers and harbors appropriation bill was called up and passed. There was little disposition either way to amend or debate the latter bill.

This measure was the third important revenue bill to go through the house in less than a week's time. The postoffice appropriation bill is next on the calendar.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill is ready to come from the appropriations committee and the ways and means committee will soon bring out the wool schedule, which may be the last of the tariff revisions measures of the session.

Unless the senate soon evinces a disposition to take action on the Democratic tariff bills, it is the belief of the house leaders that an adjournment by June is assured. The house takes the position that it is needless to pass the tariff bills, which the senators propose to kill as fast as they receive them. Many of the rank and file of the house have stiff fights at home.

NINE DEAD IN AN EXPLOSION

Two Mothers and Seven Children Lose Lives.

GAS LEAK CAUSES DISASTER TODAY

Homes at Denmore, Pennsylvania, Are Wrecked.

All the Victims Are Foreigners. Fire Quickly Follows Explosion and Wreckage Is Partially Consumed—Husband of Dead Women Work at Night and Know Nothing of Accident for Some Time.

Scranton, Pa., March 20.—Nine persons were killed, several of them children, and one was seriously injured in an explosion caused by a gas leak in a house in Dunmore near here today. All the victims are foreigners.

Two buildings were wrecked and the dead were buried beneath the wreckage. Fire followed the explosion and the wreckage was partially consumed before the blaze was extinguished.

The dead are Mrs. John Cavello and her five children; Mrs. Vito Summa and her two children.

Mrs. Summa was the daughter of Mrs. Cavello and the two families occupied the same house. The husbands are employed at night and had not yet returned home when the explosion occurred.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Miss Emma Olive Frank and Early Sheldon Hill, Miss Katherine Marie Goerlick, of Marion, and Esta E. Watson, of Morrow county; Mrs. Sarah Emma Price, of this city, and James A. Mayfield, of Prospect, and Mrs. Maria T. Wolf, of Marion, and John C. Clay, of Price county, Wisconsin.

A marriage license has been issued to Miss Mattie Inis Nickelson and Harry S. Rider, both of Prospect.

Columbus, O., March 20.—Traffickers in intoxicating liquor in dry territory who are certified for the payment of the Aiken law tax and penalty of 20 per cent are entitled to a refunder when they satisfy the county auditor that they have ceased business. Such was the decision of the supreme court in affirming the circuit court of Coshocton county, which awarded a writ of mandamus against County Auditor Frank Mowery of Coshocton.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo Gleespen, of Carbart street, are the parents of a son born Wednesday morning.

ACCUSED WOMAN LEAVES ATLANTA

Mrs. Grace Gets Bond and Hurries Away.

IT IS FEARED SHE MAY SKIP COUNTRY

Prosecution Is Sure She Will Never Return.

Detectives Believe That If Grace Dies, His Wife Will Satisfy Her Bondsmen and Hurry to Europe. She Never Inquires as to Her Husband's Condition Before She Quits Atlanta—Grace Grows Weaker.

Atlanta, Ga., March 20.—Lawyers for the prosecution and city detectives are by no means satisfied at the hurried and secret departure of Mrs. Daisy Grace for Philadelphia last night. She left the jail in company with her attorney, J. A. Branch, at midnight and took the Southern train for Washington to settle her financial affairs and raise money for her defense. Bond in the amount of $7,500 was made by professional bondsmen before Justice Ridley after a conference with attorneys on both sides.

Chief of Detectives Lanford says he believes that if Grace dies, Mrs. Grace will satisfy her bondsmen, skip the country and never be brought back. He says the case against her is as strong as ever and there has been no reason for granting her bond and permitting her to leave the state.

Grace is growing weaker daily at the hospital and is believed doomed to certain death. Reuben Arnold, chief counsel for Grace and his family, says he doubts whether Georgia ever gets its hands on the woman again.

The prosecution lawyers insist that Mrs. Grace has escaped and will never return. It will be extremely difficult to bring her back by requision, as she has not been formally indicted. Grace was told this morning of his wife's departure, but he betrayed no emotion whatever, and made no statement.

The release of Mrs. Grace on bond was granted despite the vigorous protest of the prosecution.

One of the pleas for her release was that she might be permitted to be near her husband and nurse him. A move to instigate an immediate investigation of the case and the returning of a true bill by the grand jury in order that Mrs. Grace might be re-arrested on her arrival in Philadelphia and brought back to Atlanta was made impossible today when the solicitor general declined to take up the case at present. On her release, Mrs. Grace made no effort to communicate with the hospital where her husband lies steadily growing worse, but was whisked rapidly to the terminal station and boarded a fast train for Philadelphia where she was due to arrive Thursday morning.

MRS. DAVID E. OGAN DIES AT RICHWOOD

Death Comes After a Long Illness of Tuberculosis.

Richwood, O., March 20.—[Special.]—Mrs. Jessie Ogan, the young wife of ex-Mayor David E. Ogan, died at their home on Blagrove street, Tuesday at 2:30 p. m. She was a sufferer of tuberculosis of the bowels and had been ill for several months. The deceased was about twenty-six years old and had been married only three years. Her maiden name was Jessie Albion and her parents died when she was a small child. The orphan was given a home by relatives in Marysville and about eight years ago she came to Richwood to reside with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Gary Meddles.

The deceased enjoyed a wide acquaintance in Richwood and Marion, and was loved by all, being noted for her winning ways and her many womanly qualities. She was a young woman of exceptional refinement. She was unusually ambitious and refused to give up the hope of living and up to within a few days before her death she planned for the future of herself and her bereaved husband.

Although the funeral arrangements have not as yet been completed, it is likely that the service will be held from the late residence Thursday afternoon. The deceased was a member of the First Presbyterian church.

DISCOVERIES AT POMPEII.

Some interesting discoveries have been made at Pompeii, the latest being the uncovering of what appears to have been a typical saloon of 1,900 years ago. In a shop on a thoroughfare which has been named by the excavators the "Street of Abundance," has been found a row of wine jars so placed that it would seem that the vintner was in the act of pouring wine from one into another, when he was overtaken by the storm of sand, ashes and cinders that deluged the little city in 79 A. D. The jars, made of bronze and glass, are perfectly preserved, even to the liquid contents, and the money-drawer of ivory was found just as the owner left it, containing a number of silver coins. According to an eminent archaeologist, the only thing lacking is the barmaid, who, it may be supposed, managed to escape at least to the street.

Another recent discovery, more gruesome than the other, was that of six bodies lying before the gate of a superb palace, and supposed to be those of the owner and his wife, their two children and two servants. The children were found lying in one another's arms and the parents had clasped hands as they fell. These bodies it has been decidede to leave where found, as silent evidence of the awful disaster which came unheralded and seized and held men, women and children in its merciless grip.—Columbus Dispatch.

WILSON MEN ARE EVER ON ALERT

Get Five to Harmon's Four Delegates in State of Maine.

Augusta, Me., March 20.—By clever political work the advocates of Woodrow Wilson's candidacy for the Democratic nomination for president succeeded in getting five of 12 delegates to the Baltimore convention. The old plan of selecting two delegates from each congressional district and four by the state at large was discarded at the suggestion of the Wilson advocates, and instead each of the districts selected three delegates. The Wilson men then carried their fight into the district conventions, where they secured the naming of five delegates who favor Wilson. The Harmon advocates, without showing any organization, succeeded in naming four men, while Champ Clark will have one admirer in the Maine delegation at Baltimore. Two are undecided.

REAL ESTATE.

Ella Andrews to Sarah E. Riley, part of two lots in LaRue, $400.

Samuel Burbaugh to Charles A. Curtis, lot in Marion, $350.

James Crowley to Clarence Shover, lot in LaRue, $150.

The Safe Oil company to Samuel A. Wolfinger, lot in Marion, $850.

Caroline B. Davidson to Augustus Haynes, lot in Marion, $5,000.

Paul D. Ellis to H. C. King, lot in Marion, $1,850.

Mayme E. Felty to Otto H. Grosglaus and others, part of two lots in Marion, $3,250.

S. H. Grant to Frank Wilson, fifty-three acres in Green Camp township, $8,550.

T. H. Hodder to F. R. Saiter, part of lot in Marion, $1,000.

Fredericka Isler to Garfield G. Wallace, part of lot in Marion, $3,500.

H. C. King to Paul D. Ellis, part of lot in Marion, $3,600.

E. H. Lingo to The E. H. Lingo company, part of five lots in LaRue, two dollars.

Julia Lucas to William H. Lundergan, lot in Marion, $3,000.

Edward Laucher to Catherine Laucher, forty acres in Waldo township, $3,200.

Oscar J. Lusch and others to Edward O. Uncapher, parts of two lots in Marion, two dollars.

William M. Love to Carl C. Clark, part of lot in LaRue, $725.

Daniel W. Murphy to Ludwig Risch, about 100 acres in Big Island township, $11,150.

Thomas W. McNeff to William Buyer and others, about twenty-six acres in Bowling Green township, $1,850.

J. T. Mason to Harry Savage, forty acres in Grand township, $4,000.

Emily C. Mayfield to John V. Wilson, lot in Marion, $1,250.

Emily C. Mayfield to John V. Wilson, lot in Marion, $1,500.

Jacob S. Neff to Richard S. Woodrow, 240 acres in Big Island township, one dollar.

Caleb H. Norris to Richard S. Woodrow, about 259 acres in Scott township, $70,660.35.

Lora E. Olney to Albert J. Lewis, part of two lots in Marion, $2,500.

Charles A. Parker to Mary F. Starkey, 200 acres in Scott township, one dollar.

Jane E. Pickerel to J. V. Wilson, lot in Marion, $1,265.

C. D. Schaffner to Sylvester B. Nixon, lot in Marion, $2,300.

Minnie Speidel and others, by sheriff, to John Speidel, lot in Marion, $2,968.

Clarence L. Sanford to Lewis Throckmorton, lot in Marion, $1,800.

Frederick C. Schilling to Hattie V. Fleming, lot in Prospect, $1,030.

Sarah E. Sautter to Andrew Sautter, lot in Marion, $3,000.

Nora J. Tobias to Frank A. Stivers, eight acres in Scott township, $800.

Nora J. Tobias to Frank A. Stivers, sixty-five acres in Tully township, $4,856.

Lewis Throckmorton to Augusta Melvin, part of lot in Marion, $65.

Lewis Throckmorton to Philip Malo, lot in Marion, $50.

Harry M. Vogel to Annabelle Cook, lot in Marion, $4,500.

Corda B. Vannausdle to Otis Boyd, sixteen acres in Montgomery township, $1,500.

George H. Wheeler to Lydia M. Saiter, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

George H. Wheeler to Frank B. Saiter, part of lot in Marion, $1,000.

Lewis T. Young to Charles A. Tillman, part of lot in Marion, $900.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Weaver, of Senate street, Sunday afternoon.

Before promising to fly with a young man it is up to a girl to investigate his ability as an airship chauffeur.

DEMOCRATS WILL MEET IN TOLEDO

Pick June 4 and 5 as the Convention Dates.

MOORE PRIMARY PLAN A WINNER

Harmon Forces Adopt Plan of Youngstown Man.

Permits Any Candidate for President Who Can Get 5,000 Signatures to Have Name Placed on Ballot at May Primary—Governor's Chief Lieutenant Issues a Statement. Reads Garber Out of Party.

Columbus, O., March 20.—From beginning to end the meeting of the Democratic central committee was dominated by the friends of Governor Harmon, who selected Toledo as the place for holding the state convention and June 4 and 5 the dates, the same being held before the date of the national gathering at Baltimore on June 25. The anti-Harmon men wanted to hold the state convention July 16 and 17. The Harmon men hope to enforce the unit rule on national delegates at the state convention.

Temporary officers of the convention were chosen as follows:

Chairman, George S. Long, Troy; secretary, George B. Christian, Marion; sergeant-at-arms, James De Vine, Cleveland.

Two presidential preference primary plans were presented. Congressman Whittaker of Canton, anti-Harmon, presented a plan which merely called for the election of six delegates-at-large to the Democratic national convention and three presidential electors-at-large, to be elected at the statewide primary May 21, when the district delegates will also be elected.

Ed Moore, Harmon chief, introduced a plan whereby any candidate for president, who presented petitions signed by 5,000 voters, should have his name placed on the ballot in the statewide primary May 21. Then the candidate receiving the largest number of votes should appoint the six delegates-at-large. Moore's plan won by a vote of 14 to 7.

Calls Garber Boaster.

After the meeting E. H. Moore gave out the following statement:

"The action of the Democratic state central committee affords to the Democratic electorate of the state an opportunity for the expression of its will. It means that Governor Harmon will be overwhelmingly selected as the presidential preference of Ohio's Democracy, and that there will be a solid and enthusiastic delegation for him from Ohio. It sounds the political death knell of National Committeeman Garber and the elimination of Garberism in Ohio. The remnants of his machine will be no more successful in opposing Governor Harmon's candidacy for the presidency than it was in opposing his re-election for governor two years ago, when he was re-elected by more than 100,000 plurality.

"Mr. Garber, who has been boasting outside of the state that he will be a delegate-at-large, opposed to Governor Harmon, will not be able to get into his county convention, much less into his state convention, except as a spectator or on a proxy. I predict that it will be many years before another so-called Democratic machine can be organized in this state to make common cause with a like corrupt Republican machine.

"In order that the Democrats of the nation might be given the opportunity to know the strength of the governor in his own state, this primary plan provides for the printing of any candidate's name upon the ballot, upon the petition of 5,000 voters—less than 1 per cent of the electorate—and does not make the candidate's consent a condition precedent for that purpose, lest it might be urged that the delicacy of an outside candidate would prevent his giving that consent.

"This opportunity for the expression of the popular will, wrung from the hands of an unwilling committee, will furnish at the polls the best answer to the governor's traducers, and the best evidence of his tremendous popularity with the voters of his own party. His untiring service in behalf of the whole people has gained for him among the people of the state, regardless of party, a popularity unprecedented among public men in the history of this state."

FIVE DEAD AND NINE INJURED

As Result of Bomb Explosions at Miragala.

Oporto, Portugal, March 20.—Five men are dead here today and nine others are seriously wounded, some of them fatally, as the result of a series of bomb explosions last night in Miragala, a suburb. Two arrests have been made.

Several houses were demolished and the police are searching the ruins in expectation of recovering more bodies. Among the dead is a man named Costa, who was the leader of the party organized for the defense of the republic.

Perhaps a young widow might get rid of her weeds by marrying a gardener.

The older a woman grows the fewer adjectives she uses.

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